FORM PTO-1390 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE (REV. 11-2000)	ATTORNEY 'S DOCKET NUMBER					
TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES	R-341894					
DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US)	U.S. APPLICATION NO. (If known, see 37 CFR 1.5					
CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371	09/830902					
INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE	PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED					
PCT/FR00/02433 4 September 2000	3 September 1999					
TITLE OF INVENTION CLONING, EXPRESSION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF THE SPG4 GENE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE MOST COMMON FORM OF AUTOSOMAL DOMINANT SPASTIC PARAPLEGIA						
APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US Jean Weissenbach, Jamile Hazan						
Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information:						
1. This is a FIRST submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.						
2. This is a SECOND or SUBSEQUENT submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.						
3. This is an express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)). The submission must include						
items (5), (6), (9) and (21) indicated below. 4. At the US has been elected by the expiration of 19 months from the priority date (Article 31).						
5. A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2))						
a. is attached hereto (required only if not communicated by the International Bureau).						
b. As been communicated by the International Bureau.						
c. is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US).						
6. An English language translation of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)).						
 a. is attached hereto. b. has been previously submitted under 35 U.S.C. 154(d)(4). 						
7. Amendments to the claims of the International Aplication under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3))						
a. are attached hereto (required only if not communicated by the Internat						
b. have been communicated by the International Bureau.						
c. have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendm	ents has NOT expired.					
d. have not been made and will not be made.						
8. An English language translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(3)).						
9. An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(4)).						
An English lanugage translation of the annexes of the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(5)).						
I to 20 below concern document(s) or information included:						
An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98.						
12. An assignment document for recording, A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included.						
13. 🔀 A FIRST preliminary amendment.						
14. A SECOND or SUBSEQUENT preliminary amendment.						
15. A substitute specification.						
16. A change of power of attorney and/or address letter.	A change of power of attorney and/or address letter.					
17. A computer-readable form of the sequence listing in accordance with PCT Ru	A computer-readable form of the sequence listing in accordance with PCT Rule 13ter.2 and 35 U.S.C. 1.821 - 1.825.					
18. A second copy of the published international application under 35 U.S.C. 154	I(d)(4).					
19. A second copy of the English language translation of the international applica	9. A second copy of the English language translation of the international application under 35 U.S.C. 154(d)(4).					
20. Other items or information:						
See Attachment A.						

U.S. APPLICATION NO. (If know	፟ ጟኺ፝፞፞፞፞፞፞፞፞፞፞፞ኯ፟፟፟፟፟ፘ	TERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. PCT/FR00/02433		ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER R-341894			
	ing fees are submitted:	101/1R00/02-133		CAL	CULATIONS P	TO USE ONLY	
4	FEE (37 CFR 1.492 (a)						
Neither internations	al preliminary examinati arch fee (37 CFR 1.445)	on fee (37 CFR 1.482)	\$1000 00				
International prelim	ninary examination fee (3	37 CFR 1.482) not paid to epared by the EPO or JPO					
International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) not paid to USPTO but international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO							
but all claims did n	ot satisfy provisions of F	37 CFR 1.482) paid to US PCT Article 33(1)-(4)	\$690.00				
and all claims satisf	fied provisions of PCT A	37 CFR 1.482) paid to US	\$100.00				
<u> </u>		BASIC FEE AMOU		\$	860.00		
months from the earl	liest claimed priority dat		20 🔀 30	\$	130.00		
CLAIMS	NUMBER FILED	NUMBER EXTRA	RATE	\$			
Total claims	40 - 20 =	20	x \$18.00	\$	360.00		
Independent claims	28 - 3 = DENT CLAIM(S) (if ap	nliceble)	x \$80.00 + \$270.00	\$ 2,	000.00		
MOLTIFLE DEPEN		OF ABOVE CALCU		 	250.00	ļ	
Applicant claim		e 37 CFR 1.27. The fees		1	350.00]	
are reduced by			+	\$			
		Si	UBTOTAL =	\$ 3	350.00	 	
Processing fee of \$1	30.00 for furnishing the	English translation later t		\s	350100		
months from the ear	liest claimed priority da	te (37 CFR 1.492(f)).		*		1	
TOTAL NATIONAL FEE =					,350.00		
Fee for recording the enclosed assignment (37 CFR 1.21(h)). The assignment must be accompanied by an appropriate cover sheet (37 CFR 3.28, 3.31). \$40.00 per property +							
TOTAL FEES ENCLOSED =				\$ 3	,350.00		
				Amo	ount to be refunded:	\$	
				<u> </u>	charged:	\$	
a. A check in the amount of \$ _3.350.00 to cover the above fees is enclosed. b. Please charge my Deposit Account No in the amount of \$ to cover the above fees. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.							
c. The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. <u>13-2100</u> . A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.							
d. Fees are to be charged to a credit card. WARNING: Information on this form may become public. Credit card information should not be included on this form. Provide credit card information and authorization on PTO-2038.							
NOTE: Where an appropriate time limit under 37 CFR 1.494 or 1.495 has not been met, a petition to revive (37 CFR 1.137 (a) or (b)) must be filed and granted to restore the application to pending status.							
SEND ALL CORRES	PONDENCE TO:		Q	w,	hote	ie;	
Joseph Kr	ieger		SIGNAT	TURE (, ,	U	
	olehmainen, Ra	thburn & Wyss		eph 1	Krieger		
L Company	ers Road, #330	•	NAME				
1	Northbrook, Illinois 60062 25,595 REGISTRATION NUMBER						
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Attachment A

FORM PTO-1390 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COM (REV. 11-2000)	ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER					
TRANSMITTAL LETTER DESIGNATED/ELECT CONCERNING A FILIN	R-341894 U.S. APPLICATION NO. (If known, see 37 ČFR T.5) 09/830902					
INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO.	INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE	PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED				
PCT/FR00/02433	4 September 2000	3 September 1999				
TITLE OF INVENTION CLONING, EXPRESSION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF THE SPG4 GENE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE MOST COMMON FORM OF AUTOSOMAL DOMINANT SPASTIC PARAPLEGIA						
APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US Jean Weissenbach, Jamile Hazan						

Item 20 - Other Items or Information:

- (a) Certificate Of Mailing By Express Mail For National Phase Application Of International Application No. PCT/FR00/02433
- (b) Seven (7) Drawing sheets
- (c) Identification of Inventors
- (d) Application Data Sheet
- (e) Copies of
 - (i) PCT Request (Form PCT/RO/101)
 - (ii) PCT Notification of Receipt of Record Copy (Form PCT/IB/301)
 - (iii) PCT Notification Concerning Submission or Transmittal of Priority Document (Form PCT/IB/304)
 - (iv) PCT Notice Informing Applicant of the Communication of the International Application to the Designated Offices (Form PCT/IB/308)

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING BY EXPRESS MAIL FOR NATIONAL PHASE APPLICATION OF INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. PCT/FR00/02433

"Express Mail" Mailing Label No. EL713287403US.

I hereby certify that the Transmittal Letter to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) Concerning a Filing Under 35 U.S.C. 371 and the documents referred to therein and the fee referred to therein are being deposited with the United States Postal Service "EXPRESS MAIL POST OFFICE TO ADDRESSEE" service under 37 C.F.R. 1.10 on the date indicated below and is addressed to the Commissioner for Patents, Washington, D.C. 20231

Signature

2001

05/02/2001 Date of Deposit Joseph Krieger

Typed/printed name of person signing

JC08 Rec'd PCT/PTO 0 2 MAY 2001 IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Application No.:

U.S. National Serial No.:

Filed:

PCT International Application No.:

PCT/FR00/02433

VERIFICATION OF A TRANSLATION

I, the below named translator, hereby declare that:

My name and post office address are as stated below;

That I am knowledgeable in the French language in which the below identified international application was filed, and that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the English translation of the international application No. PCT/FR00/02433 is a true and complete translation of the above identified international application as filed.

I hereby declare that all the statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the patent application issued thereon.

Date: 20 April 2001

Full name of the translator:

Elaine Patricia PARRISH

For and on behalf of RWS Group plc

Post Office Address:

Europa House, Marsham Way,

Gerrards Cross, Buckinghamshire,

England.

09/830902 3008 Rec'd PCT/PTO 02 MAY 2007 PATENT

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicants: Jean Weissenbach, Jamilé Hazan

Application: CLONING, EXPRESSION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF THE

SPG4 GENE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE MOST COMMON FORM OF

AUTOSOMAL DOMINANT SPASTIC PARAPLEGIA

Serial No.:

Herewith

Art Unit:

Filing Date:

Herewith

Examiner:

Case:

R-341894

PCT Application Information:

PCT Serial No: PCT/FR00/02433

Priority Filing Date: September 3, 1999

PCT Filing Date: September 4, 2000

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING BY EXPRESS MAIL: "Express Mail" Mailing Label No. **EL713287403US** I hereby certify that this paper and/or fee is being deposited with the United States Postal Service "EXPRESS MAIL POST OFFICE TO ADDRESSEE" service under 37 C.F.R. 1.10 on the date indicated below and is addressed to the Commissioner for Patents, Washington, D.C. 20231

05/02/2001

Date of Deposit

__ <u>]</u>

Typed/printed name of person signi

853 Sanders Road, #330 Northbrook, Illinois 60062 May 2, 2001

Box "PCT" Commissioner for Patents Washington, D.C. 20231

FIRST PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Sir:

Prior to the calculation of the application filing fees in connection with the

above-identified application, please amend the above-identified application as follows (a marked up version of the amended claims are on the pages following the remarks):

IN THE SPECIFICATION:

- Page 1, following the title, insert as a centered title --<u>BACKGROUND</u>

 <u>OF THE INVENTION--</u>.
- Page 1, prior to the first full paragraph beginning at line 5 and following the inserted centered title "BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION", insert as a subtitle --1. Field of the Invention--.
- Page 1, prior to the second full paragraph beginning at line 12, insert as a subtitle --2. <u>Background of the Invention</u>--.
- Page 2, prior to the paragraph beginning at line 32, insert as a centered title --<u>SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION</u>--.
- Page 21, line 30, replace paragraph "LEGENDS OF THE FIGURES" with a centered title --<u>BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE</u>

 DRAWINGS--.
- Page 24, prior to line 1, insert as a centered title --<u>DETAILED</u>

 <u>DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS--</u>

Page 43, following the last paragraph, insert:

What is claimed and desired to be secured by Letters Patent of the United States is:--.

IN THE CLAIMS

Rewrite claims 3-5, 8-10, 12-19, 21, 23-26, and 29-36 as follows:

- 3. (amended) Purified or isolated nucleic acid according to claim 1, characterized in that it comprises at least one sequence of at least 15 consecutive nucleotides of the nt 714-809, ends inclusive, fragment of the sequence SEQ ID No. 2, of the sequence complementary thereto or of the sequence of the corresponding RNA thereof.
- 4. (amended) Purified or isolated nucleic acid according to claim 1, characterized in that it comprises a mutation corresponding to a natural polymorphism in humans.
- 5. (amended) Probe or primer, characterized in that it comprises a sequence of a nucleic acid according to claim 1.
- 8. (amended) Method for screening cDNA or genomic DNA libraries, or for cloning isolated genomic or cDNA encoding spastin, characterized in that it uses a nucleic acid sequence according to claim 1.

Attorney Docket: R-341894

- 9. (amended) Method according to claim 8, for identifying the genomic or cDNA sequence of the SPG4 gene of mammals.
- 10. (amended) Method for identifying a mutation carried by the human SPG4 gene, characterized in that it uses a nucleic acid sequence according to claim 1.
- 12. (amended) Method for identifying the nucleic acid sequences which promote and/or regulate the expression of the SPG4 gene, characterized in that it uses a nucleic acid sequence according to claim 1.
- 13. (amended) Nucleic acid identified using a method according to claim 9.
- 14. (amended) Polypeptide encoded by a nucleic acid according to claim 1.
- 15. (amended) Polypeptide according to claim 14, with the exception of the 584 amino acid peptide, the sequence of which is identified in the GenBank databank under the accession number AB029006.
- 16. (amended) Polypeptide according to claim 14, characterized in that it comprises an amino acid sequence chosen from the group comprising:

- 9. (amended) Method according to claim 8, for identifying the genomic or cDNA sequence of the SPG4 gene of mammals.
- 10. (amended) Method for identifying a mutation carried by the human SPG4 gene, characterized in that it uses a nucleic acid sequence according to claim 1.
- 12. (amended) Method for identifying the nucleic acid sequences which promote and/or regulate the expression of the SPG4 gene, characterized in that it uses a nucleic acid sequence according to claim 1.
- 13. (amended) Nucleic acid identified using a method according to claim 9.
- 14. (amended) Polypeptide encoded by a nucleic acid according to claim 1.
- 15. (amended) Polypeptide according to claim 14, with the exception of the 584 amino acid peptide, the sequence of which is identified in the GenBank databank under the accession number AB029006.
- 16. (amended) Polypeptide according to claim 14, characterized in that it comprises an amino acid sequence chosen from the group comprising:

- a) the sequence SEQ ID No. 3, the sequence SEQ ID No. 73, the sequence SEQ ID No. 107 or the sequence of at least 10 consecutive amino acids of one of these sequences; and
- b) the sequences which are homologs or variants of the sequences SEQ ID No. 3, SEQ ID No. 73 or SEQ ID No. 107.
- 17. (amended) Polypeptide according to claim 14, characterized in that it comprises the sequence of at least 8 consecutive amino acids of the sequence of the aa 197-228, ends inclusive, fragment of the sequence SEQ ID No. 3.
- 18. (amended) Polypeptide according to claim 14, characterized in that it comprises an amino acid sequence chosen from the group comprising the sequence SEQ ID No. 3, the sequence SEQ ID No. 73, the sequence SEQ ID No. 107, which sequences carrying at least one of the mutations corresponding to a natural polymorphism in humans, and the sequences of the fragments thereof of at least 10 consecutive amino acids.
- 19. (amended) Cloning and/or expression vector containing a nucleic acid sequence according to claim 1.

- 21. (amended) Host cell transformed with a vector according to claim 19.
- 23. (amended) Mammal, except a human, according to claim 22, comprising a transformed cell, characterized in that the sequence of at least one of the two alleles of the SPG4 gene contains at least one of the mutations corresponding to a natural polymorphism in humans.
- 24. (amended) Use of a nucleic acid sequence according to claim 5, as a probe or primer, for detecting and/or amplifying nucleic acid sequences.
- 25. (amended) Use of a nucleic acid sequence according to claim 1, for screening a genomic or cDNA library.
- 26. (amended) Use of a nucleic acid sequence according to claim 1, for producing a recombinant or synthetic polypeptide.
- 29. (amended) Monoclonal or polyclonal antibodies or their fragments, chimeric antibodies or immunoconjugates, characterized in that they are capable of specifically recognizing a polypeptide according to claim 14.

- 30. (amended) Method for detecting and/or purifying a polypeptide, characterized in that it uses an antibody according to claim 29.
- 31. (amended) Method for genotypic diagnosis of AD-HSP associated with the SPG4 gene, characterized in that a nucleic acid sequence according to claim 1 is used.
- 32. (amended) Method for genotypic diagnosis of AD-HSP associated with the presence of at least one mutation on a sequence of the SPG4 gene, using a biological sample from a patient, characterized in that it includes the following steps:
- a) where appropriate, isolation of the genomic DNA from the biological sample to be analyzed, or production of cDNA from the RNA of the biological sample;
- b) specific amplification of said DNA sequence of the SPG4 gene likely to contain a mutation, using primers according to claim 5;
- c) analysis of the amplification products obtained and comparison of their sequence with the corresponding normal sequence of the SPG4 gene.

- 33. (amended) Method for diagnosing AD-HSP associated with abnormal expression of a polypeptide encoded by the SPG4 gene, characterized in that one or more antibodies according to claim 29 is brought into contact with the biological material to be tested, under conditions which allow the possible formation of specific immunological complexes between said polypeptide and said antibody, and in that the immunological complexes possibly formed are detected and/or quantified.
- 34. (amended) Method for selecting a chemical or biochemical compound which is capable of modulating the expression or the activity of a polypeptide encoded by the 5PG4 gene, characterized in that it comprises bringing a nucleic acid sequence according to claim 1 into contact with a candidate compound, and detecting a modification of the activity of said polypeptide.
- 35. (amended) Use of a nucleic acid sequence according to claim 1, for studying the expression or the activity of the SPG4 gene.
- 36. (amended) Kit for diagnosis, characterized in that it comprises at least a nucleic acid according to claim 5.

Add the following new claims 37-40:

- 37. (new claim) Method for selecting a chemical or biochemical compound which is capable of modulating the expression or the activity of a polypeptide encoded by the 5PG4 gene, characterized in that it comprises bringing a nucleic acid sequence according to claim 14 into contact with a candidate compound, and detecting a modification of the activity of said polypeptide.
- 38. (new claim) Use of a polypeptide according to claim 14 for studying the expression or the activity of the SPG4 gene.
- 39. (new claim) Kit for diagnosis, characterized in that it comprises at least an antibody according to claim 29.
- 40. (new claim) Use of an antibody according to claim 29 for studying the expression or the activity of the SPG4 gene.

IN THE SEQUENCE LISTING

Line <110>, replace "CENTRE NATIONAL DE LA RECHERCHE SCIENTIFIQUE – CNRS" with the following:

-- Weissenbach, Jean Hazan, Jamilé--.

Line <130>, replace "D18374" with --R-341894--.

REMARKS

This Amendment is being presented in connection with the filing of the above-identified application which is a national phase application of the above-identified international (PCT) application. A substitute specification is being submitted concurrently with this Amendment and the above-identified application. This substitute specification is in accordance with the translation of the originally filed international application including the specification and claims; and an Abstract of the Disclosure (added as page 48 based on the abstract that was included in the published International Application (Publication No. WO 01/18198 A1)). In addition, seven (7) drawing sheets are being submitted concurrently with this Amendment and the above-identified application for use in connection with the above-identified application. These sheets are in accordance with the drawings appearing in International Publication No. WO 01/18198 A1.

With respect to the above amendments to the specification, subtitles have been added in order to conform the application to the requirements for applications of the United States Patent and Trademark Office. With respect to the above amendments to the claims, the claims have been amended principally so that each of the claims is dependent on a single claim rather than on multiple claims.

In accordance with 37 C.F.R. §§1.821-1.825, a sequence listing of 98 pages is being currently submitted herewith. This sequence listing is the listing submitted with the above-identified international application, but does incorporate the above amendments to line <110> (where the inventors were substituted for the assignee) and line <130> (where the attorney docket number for the above-identified national phase application was substituted for the attorney docket number of the international application). In further conformity with 37 C.F.R. §1.824, the sequence listing, as amended above, is being provided in computer readable form an a diskette in conformity with 37 C.F.R. §1.824(c)(1).

Respectfully submitted, Mason, Kolehmainen, Rathburn & Wyss (Customer #008668)

Βv

Joseph Krieger (Reg. No. 25,595)

853 Sanders, #330

Northbrook, Illinois 60062 Telephone: 847-509-3720 Facsimile: 847-509-3722

e-mail: j krieger@compuserve.com

Version of Amended Claim with Markings to Show Changes Made

The following is a marked up version of claims showing the amendments made to that claim (the changes are shown by underlining added matter and striking through deleted matter):

IN THE CLAIMS

Rewrite claims 3-5, 8-10, 12-19, 21, 23-26, and 29-36 as follows:

- 3. (amended) Purified or isolated nucleic acid according to claim 1-or 2, characterized in that it comprises at least one sequence of at least 15 consecutive nucleotides of the nt 714-809, ends inclusive, fragment of the sequence SEQ ID No. 2, of the sequence complementary thereto or of the sequence of the corresponding RNA thereof.
- 4. (amended) Purified or isolated nucleic acid according to one of claims 1 to 3claim 1, characterized in that it comprises a mutation corresponding to a natural polymorphism in humans.
- 5. (amended) Probe or primer, characterized in that it comprises a sequence of a nucleic acid according to one of claimsclaim 1-to-4.

- 8. (amended) Method for screening cDNA or genomic DNA libraries, or for cloning isolated genomic or cDNA encoding spastin, characterized in that it uses a nucleic acid sequence according to one of claimsclaim 1 to 7.
- 9. (amended) Method according to claim 8, for identifying the genomic or cDNA sequence of the SPG4 gene of mammals, in particular of mice.
- 10. (amended) Method for identifying a mutation carried by the human SPG4 gene, characterized in that it uses a nucleic acid sequence according to one of elaimsclaim 1-to 7.
- 12. (amended) Method for identifying the nucleic acid sequences which promote and/or regulate the expression of the SPG4 gene, characterized in that it uses a nucleic acid sequence according to one of claimsclaim 1 to 7.
- 13. (amended) Nucleic acid identified using a method according to one of claimsclaim 9 to 12.
- 14. (amended) Polypeptide encoded by a nucleic acid according to one of claimsclaim 1 to 4 and 13.

- 15. (amended) Polypeptide according to claim 14, preferably with the exception of the 584 amino acid peptide, the sequence of which is identified in the GenBank databank under the accession number AB029006.
- 16. (amended) Polypeptide according to claim 14-or 15, characterized in that it comprises an amino acid sequence chosen from the group comprising:
- a) the sequence SEQ ID No. 3, the sequence SEQ ID No. 73, the sequence SEQ ID No. 107 or the sequence of at least 10 consecutive amino acids of one of these sequences; and
- b) the sequences which are homologs or variants of the sequences SEQ ID No. 3, SEQ ID No. 73 or SEQ ID No. 107.
- 17. (amended) Polypeptide according to claim 14 or 15, characterized in that it comprises the sequence of at least 8 consecutive amino acids of the sequence of the aa 197-228, ends inclusive, fragment of the sequence SEQ ID No. 3.
- 18. (amended) Polypeptide according to claim 14-or 15, characterized in that it comprises an amino acid sequence chosen from the group comprising the sequence SEQ ID No. 3, the sequence SEQ ID No. 73, the sequence SEQ ID No. 107, which sequences carrying at least one of the mutations corresponding to a natural

polymorphism in humans, and the sequences of the fragments thereof of at least 10 consecutive amino acids.

- 19. (amended) Cloning and/or expression vector containing a nucleic acid sequence according to one of claimsclaim 1 to 4, and 13.
- 21. (amended) Host cell transformed with a vector according to claim 19 or 20.
- 23. (amended) Mammal, except a human, according to claim 22, comprising a transformed cell, characterized in that the sequence of at least one of the two alleles of the SPG4 gene contains at least one of the mutations corresponding to a natural polymorphism in humans-or-identified using a method according to claim 10 or 11.
- 24. (amended) Use of a nucleic acid sequence according to one of elaimsclaim 5, 6 and 13, as a probe or primer, for detecting and/or amplifying nucleic acid sequences.
- 25. (amended) Use of a nucleic acid sequence according to one of claimsclaim 1 to 7, and 13, for screening a genomic or cDNA library.

- 26. (amended) Use of a nucleic acid sequence according to one of elaimsclaim 1 to 4 and 13, for producing a recombinant or synthetic polypeptide.
- 29. (amended) Mono-Monoclonal or polyclonal antibodies or their fragments, chimeric antibodies or immunoconjugates, characterized in that they are capable of specifically recognizing a polypeptide according to one of claimsclaim 14-to 18, and 28.
- 30. (amended) Method for detecting and/or purifying a polypeptide according to one of claims 14 to 18, and 28, characterized in that it uses an antibody according to claim 29.
- 31. (amended) Method for genotypic diagnosis of AD-HSP associated with the SPG4 gene, characterized in that a nucleic acid sequence according to one of elaimsclaim 1-to 7 and 13 is used.
- 32. (amended) Method for genotypic diagnosis of AD-HSP associated with the presence of at least one mutation on a sequence of the SPG4 gene, using a biological sample from a patient, characterized in that it includes the following steps:
- a) where appropriate, isolation of the genomic DNA from the biological sample to be analyzed, or production of cDNA from the RNA of the

biological sample;

- b) specific amplification of said DNA sequence of the SPG4 gene likely to contain a mutation, using primers according to either of claimsclaim 5 and 6 or a nucleic acid according to claim 13;
- c) analysis of the amplification products obtained and comparison of their sequence with the corresponding normal sequence of the SPG4 gene.
- 33. (amended) Method for diagnosing AD-HSP associated with abnormal expression of a polypeptide encoded by the SPG4 gene, characterized in that one or more antibodies according to claim 29 is (are)-brought into contact with the biological material to be tested, under conditions which allow the possible formation of specific immunological complexes between said polypeptide and said antibody-or antibodies, and in that the immunological complexes possibly formed are detected and/or quantified.
- 34. (amended) Method for selecting a chemical or biochemical compound which is capable of interacting directly or indirectly with a polypeptide according to one of claims 14 to 18, and 28, or with a nucleic acid according to one of claims 1 to 7, and 13, and/or which makes it possible to modulate modulating the

expression or the activity of these a polypeptidespolypeptide encoded by the 5PG4 gene, characterized in that it comprises bringing a nucleic acid sequence according to one of claims 1 to 7, and 13, a polypeptide according to one of claims 14 to 18, and 28, a vector according to either of claims 19 and 20, a cell according to claim 21, a mammal according to either of claims 22 and 23 or an antibody according to claim 29 into contact with a candidate compound, and detecting a modification of the activity of said polypeptide.

- 35. (amended) Use of a nucleic acid sequence according to one of claims 10 to 7, and 13, of a polypeptide according to one of claims 14 to 18, and 28, of a vector according to either of claims 19 and 20, of a cell according to claim 21, of a mammal according to either of claims 22 and 23 or of an antibody according to claim 29, for studying the expression or the activity of the SPG4 gene.
- 36. (amended) Kit or pack for diagnosis, characterized in that it comprises at least one compound chosen from the following group of compounds:

 a) a nucleic acid according to either of claimsclaim 5 and 6;

 and
 b) an antibody according to claim 29.

JC08 Rec'd PCT/PTO 0 2 MAY 2007

ATTORNEY DOCKET: R-341894

Substitute Specification for

CLONING, EXPRESSION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF THE SPG4 GENE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE MOST COMMON FORM OF AUTOSOMAL DOMINANT SPASTIC PARAPLEGIA

Inventors:
Jean Weissenbach, Jamilé Hazan

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING BY EXPRESS MAIL:

"Express Mail" Mailing Label No. EL713287403US.

I hereby certify that this paper and/or fee is being deposited with the United States Postal Service "EXPRESS MAIL POST OFFICE TO ADDRESSEE" service under 37 C.F.R. 1.10 on the date indicated below and is addressed to the Commissioner for Patents, Washington, D.C. 20231

Signa

05/02/2001 Date of Deposit Joseph Krieger

Typed/printed name of person signing

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CLONING, EXPRESSION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF THE SPG4 GENE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE MOST COMMON FORM OF AUTOSOMAL DOMINANT SPASTIC PARAPLEGIA.

The invention relates to the identification and characterization of the SPG4 gene encoding spastin, which is responsible for the most common form of autosomal dominant hereditary spastic paraplegia (HSP), to the cloning and characterization of its cDNA, and also to the corresponding polypeptides. The invention also relates to vectors, to transformed cells and to transgenic animals, and also to diagnostic methods and kits and to methods for selecting a chemical or biochemical compound capable of interacting directly or indirectly with a polypeptide according to the invention.

Hereditary spastic paraplegias (HSPs) are degenerative disorders of the central nervous system, characterized by bilateral and progessive spasticity of the lower limbs. They reveal themselves clinically through difficulties in walking possibly evolving into total paralysis of both legs. The physiopathology of this set of diseases is, to date, relatively undocumented; however, anatomopathological data make it possible to conclude that the attack is limited to the pyramidal tracts responsible for voluntary motricity in the spinal cord (Reid, 1997). Various clinical and genetic forms of HSP exist. The so-called "pure" HSPs, which correspond to isolated spasticity of the lower limbs, are clinically distinguished from the "complex" HSPs, for which the spasticity of the legs is associated with other clinical signs of neurological or non-neurological type (Bruyn et al., 1991). From a genetic point of view, the HSPs can be transmitted according to the autosomal dominant (AD-HSP), autosomal recessive (AR-HSP) or Xlinked (X-HSP) mode. The "pure" form of HSP, which is most commonly transmitted according to the autosomal dominant mode, remains the most frequent (approximately 80% of HSPs) (Reid, 1997). The incidence of HSPs, which remains difficult to estimate because of rare epidemiological studies and the considerable clinical variability, varies from 0.9: 100 000 in Denmark, 3 to 9.6: 100 000 in certain regions of Spain (Polo et al., 1991) or 14: 100 000 in Norway (Skre, 1974) (approximately 3: 100 000 in France).

In addition to this great clinical variability, which is observed not only between various families but also between various affected members of the same family, the HSPs are also characterized by considerable genetic heterogeneity. In the case of AD-HSPs, four loci have been identified, to date, on chromosomes 14 (locus SPG3) (Hazan et al., 1993), 2 (locus SPG4) (Hazan et al., 1994; Hentali et al., 1994), 15

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(locus SPG6) (Fink et al., 1995) and 8 (locus SPG8) (Hedera et al., 1999). The study of a large number of families exhibiting an AD-HSP has shown that the gene carried by chromosome 2 is a main locus of this form of the disease, found in 40 to 50% of the families analyzed (The Hereditary Spastic Paraplegia Working Group, 1996; Durr et al., 1996). An anticipation phenomenon was observed in some locus SPG4-linked HSP families; this phenomenon has, subsequently, been associated with the expansion of a (CAG)n repeat demonstrated in 6 Danish families (Nielsen et al., 1997) using the RED (for Rapid Expansion Detection) technique. It has, however, never been possible to confirm this expansion in any of the families tested by this method or by the systematic search for sequences of (CAG)n type in physical maps composed of YAC (for Yeast Artificial Chromosome) or BAC (for Bacterial Artificial Chromosome) clones (Hazan et al., Genomics, 60 (3), 309-19, 1999).

To date, three genes responsible for two forms of X-HSP and one form of AR-HSP have been identified. Mutations in the gene which encodes a neuron-specific cell adhesion molecule, L1-CAM (for L1 Cell Adhesion Molecule), and which is located at Xq28 (locus SPG1) cause a complex form of HSP (Jouet et al., 1994) in which the spasticity is associated with a mental handicap, whereas mutations in the PLP (for ProteoLipid Protein) gene located at Xq21 (locus SPG2), which encodes a constitutive molecule of the myelin layer, cause pure and complex forms of X-HSP (Saugier-Veber, P. et al., 1994). More recently, mutations in the gene located at 16q24.3 (locus SPG7), which encodes paraplegin, a mitochondrial ATPase of the AAA (for "ATPases Associated with diverse cellular Activities") protein family (Confalonieri et al., 1995), have been associated with complex and pure forms of AR-HSP (Casari et al., 1998).

Thus, there remains, today, a great need to identify and characterize the gene responsible for the most common form of AD-HSP. The identification of this gene should, in particular, allow, besides the possibility of a test for antenatal screening in the families concerned, a better understanding of some of the molecular mechanisms engendering these degenerations specific for nerve bundles of the spinal cord, or even make it possible to provide an elementary response regarding therapeutic treatment for the patients.

This is precisely the subject of the present invention.

After having delimited the localization range between the D2S352 and D2S2347 genetic markers by studying recombination events in locus SPG4-linked HSP families, the inventors have established a contig of BACs covering a physical distance evaluated at approximately 1.5 Mb and have undertaken a positional cloning strategy based on

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sequencing the SPG4 range in order to completely identify all the genes located in the candidate region. The analysis of the sequence of the two BACs, D (b336P14) and G (B763N4), has revealed the presence of a gene which is composed of 17 exons, extending over a distance of approximately 100 kb, and which exhibits homology with the genes encoding proteins of the AAA family. Comparison of the sequence of this gene between the healthy and affected individuals of AD-HSP families has made it possible to demonstrate various mutations in the patients.

A subject of the invention is thus the identification and characterization of the SPG4 (or SPAST) gene encoding a novel nuclear member of the AAA family, responsible for the most common form of AD-HSP.

In a first aspect, a subject of the present invention is a purified or isolated nucleic acid of the SPG4 gene, characterized in that it comprises at least 15 consecutive nucleotides, preferably 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, 75, 100 or 200 consecutive nucleotides, of a sequence chosen from the group comprising:

- the sequence SEQ ID No. 1, which is a genomic sequence of the human SPG4 gene;
- the nucleic acid sequences which are homologs or variants of the nucleic acid of sequence SEQ ID No. 1;
- the sequence which is complementary thereto; and
- the sequence of the corresponding RNA thereof.

The present invention relates, of course, to both the DNA and RNA sequences, and also the sequences which hybridize with them, as well as the corresponding double-stranded DNAs.

The terms "nucleic acid", "nucleic acid sequence" or "sequence of nucleic acid", "polynucleotide", "oligonucleotide", "polynucleotide sequence", and "nucleotide sequence", which will be used equally in the present description, will be intended to refer to both a double-stranded DNA, a single-stranded DNA and products of transcription of said DNAs, and/or an RNA fragment, said isolated natural, or synthetic fragments which may or may not include unnatural nucleotides, referring to a precise series of nucleotides, which may or may not be modified, making it possible to define a fragment or a region of a nucleic acid. The expression "natural isolated, or synthetic DNA and/or RNA fragment, which may or may not include unnatural nucleotides" is intended to mean a precise series of nucleotides, which may or may not be modified, making it possible to define a fragment, a segment or a region of a nucleic acid.

It should be understood that the present invention does not relate to the genomic nucleotide sequences in their natural chromosomal environment, i.e. in the

natural state. It involves sequences which have been isolated and/or purified, i.e. they have been removed directly or indirectly, for example by copying, their environment having been at least partially modified.

The term "homologous nucleic acid sequence" is intended to refer to the sequences which have, with respect to the reference nucleic acid sequence, certain modifications, such as in particular a deletion, a truncation, an extension, a chimeric fusion and/or a mutation, in particular a point mutation, and the nucleic acid sequence of which shows at least 80%, preferably 90% or 95%, identity after alignment, with the reference nucleic acid sequence.

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For the purpose of the present invention, the term "percentage of identity" between two nucleic acid or amino acid sequences is intended to refer to a percentage of nucleotides or of amino acid residues which are identical between the two sequences to be compared, obtained after the best alignment, this percentage being purely statistical and the differences between the two sequences being distributed randomly and throughout their length. Sequence comparisons between two nucleic acid or amino acid sequences are traditionally carried out by comparing these sequences after having optimally aligned them, said comparison being carried out by segment or by "window of comparison" in order to identify and compare local regions of sequence similarity. The optimal alignment of the sequences for comparison can be produced, besides manually, by means of the local homology algorithm of Smith and Waterman (1981) [Ad. App. Math. 2:482], by means of the local homology algorithm of Neddleman and Wunsch (1970) [J. Mol. Biol. 48:443], by means of the similarity search method of Pearson and Lipman (1988) [Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 85:2444], and by means of computer programs using these algorithms (GAP, BESTFIT, FASTA and TFASTA in the Wisconsin Genetics Software Package, Genetics Computer Group, 575 Science Dr., Madison, WI, or with the BLAST N or BLAST P comparison programs).

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The percentage of identity between two nucleic acid or amino acid sequences is determined by comparing these two optimally aligned sequences by window of comparison in which the region of the nucleic acid or amino acid sequence to be compared can comprise additions or deletions with respect to the reference sequence for optimal alignment between these two sequences. The percentage of identity is calculated by determining the number of identical positions for which the nucleotide or the amino acid residue is identical between the two sequences, dividing this number of identical positions by the total number of positions in the window of comparison and

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multiplying the result obtained by 100 so as to obtain the percentage of identity between these two sequences.

For example, the BLAST program "BLAST 2 sequences" (Tatusova et al., "Blast 2 sequences - a new tool for comparing protein and nucleotide sequences", FEMS Microbiol. Lett. 174:247-250), available on the site http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gorf/bl2.html, may be used, the parameters used being those given by default (in particular for the parameters "open gap penalty": 5, and "extension gap penalty": 2; the matrix chosen being, for example, the "BLOSUM 62" matrix proposed by the program), the percentage of identity between the two sequences to be compared being calculated directly by the program.

It preferably involves sequences for which the complementary sequences are capable of hybridizing specifically with one of the sequences of the invention. Preferably, the specific or high stringency hybridization conditions will be such that they ensure at least 80%, preferably 90% or 95%, identity after alignment between one of the two sequences and the sequence which is complementary to the other.

Hybridization under high stringency conditions means that the temperature and ionic strength conditions are chosen such that they allow the hybridization between two complementary DNA fragments to be maintained. By way of illustration, high stringency conditions of the hybridization step for the purposes of defining the polynucleotide fragments described above are advantageously as follows.

The DNA-DNA or DNA-RNA hybridization is carried out in two steps: (1) prehybridization at 42°C for 3 hours in phosphate buffer (20 mM, pH 7.5) containing 5 x SSC (1 x SSC corresponds to a 0.15 M NaCl + 0.015 M sodium citrate solution), 50% of formamide, 7% of sodium dodecyl sulfate (SDS), 10 x Denhardt's, 5% of dextran sulfate and 1% of salmon sperm DNA; (2) actual hybridization for 20 hours at a temperature dependent on the size of the probe (i.e. 42°C for a probe of size > 100 nucleotides), followed by two 20-minute washes at 20°C in 2 x SSC + 2% SDS and one 20-minute wash at 20°C in 0.1 x SSC + 0.1% SDS. The final wash is carried out in 0.1 x SSC + 0.1% SDS for 30 minutes at 60°C for a probe of size > 100 nucleotides. The high stringency hybridization conditions described above for a polynucleotide of defined size will be adjusted by those skilled in the art for oligonucleotides of greater or smaller size, according to the teaching of Sambrook et al., 1989.

The term "nucleic acid sequence which is a variant" or "nucleic acid which is a variant" of a reference nucleic acid sequence will be intended to refer to the set of nucleic acid sequences corresponding to allelic variants, i.e. individual variations of the

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reference nucleic acid sequence. These natural mutated sequences correspond to polymorphisms present in mammals, in particular in human beings, and in particular to polymorphisms which can cause a pathology to occur and/or to develop.

While the sequences according to the invention relate to normal sequences, they also relate to sequences which are mutated insofar as they include at least one point mutation, and preferably at most 10% of mutations, with respect to the normal sequence.

In particular, the variant nucleic acid sequences will comprise any sequence of at least 15 consecutive nucleotides, preferably 20, 25, 30, 50, 100 or 200 consecutive nucleotides, of a polymorphic sequence of the genomic sequence of the human SPG4 gene of sequence SEQ ID No. 1, and the nucleic acid sequence of which has, with respect to the sequence SEQ ID No. 1, at least one mutation corresponding in particular to a truncation, deletion, substitution and/or addition of an amino acid residue. In the present case, the variant nucleic acid sequences having at least one mutation will herein be linked to the pathologies of AD-HSP type linked to SPG4 locus.

Preferably, the present invention relates to the mutated nucleic acid sequences in which the mutations produce a modification of the amino acid sequence of the polypeptide encoded by the normal sequence.

The term "variant nucleic acid sequences" will also be intended to refer to any RNA or cDNA resulting from a mutation of a splice site of the genomic nucleic acid sequence SEQ ID No. 1.

Preferably, the invention relates to a purified or isolated nucleic acid of the SPG4 gene according to the invention, characterized in that it comprises a sequence chosen from the group comprising:

- a) the sequence SEQ ID No. 1, the sequence SEQ ID No. 2, the sequence SEQ ID No. 72, the sequence SEQ ID No. 106 or the sequence of at least 15, preferably 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, 75, 100 or 200, consecutive nucleotides of the sequence SEQ ID No. 1, SEQ ID No. 2, SEQ ID No. 72 or SEQ ID No. 106;
 - b) the nucleic acid sequences which are homologs or variants of the sequences SEQ ID No. 1, SEQ ID No. 2, SEQ ID No. 72 or SEQ ID No. 106; and
 - c) the complementary sequence or the RNA sequence corresponding to the sequences as defined in a) and b),

preferably with the exception of the nucleic acid identified in the GenBank database under the accession number AB029006.

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The nucleic acid the sequence of which is disclosed in the GenBank database under the accession number AB029006 corresponds to the sequence of one of the 100 cDNAs derived from a human brain mRNA library identified by the Kazusa DNA Research Institute in Japan (Kikuno et al., DNA Resarch, 6, 197-205, 1999).

Preferably, the invention relates to a purified or isolated nucleic acid according to the invention, characterized in that it comprises at least one sequence of at least 15 consecutive nucleotides, preferably 20, 25, 30, 50 or 75 consecutive nucleotides, of the nt 714-809, ends inclusive, fragment of the sequence SEQ ID No. 2, of the sequence complementary thereto or of the sequence of the corresponding RNA thereof.

The invention preferably relates to a purified or isolated nucleic acid according to the present invention, characterized in that it comprises a sequence chosen from the following group:

- the sequence SEQ ID No. 1;
- the sequence SEQ ID No. 2, which is the cDNA sequence encoding human spastin;
- the sequences SEQ ID No. 72 and SEQ ID No. 106, the sequence SEQ ID No. 72 representing the sequence of the incomplete cDNA encoding murine spastin represented in Figure 5, "mouse" line, and the SEQ ID No. 106 representing the complete sequence thereof;
- the nucleic acid sequences which are homologs or variants of the sequences SEQ ID
 No. 1, SEQ ID No. 2, SEQ ID No. 72 or SEQ ID No. 106;
- the sequence complementary thereto; and
- the sequence of the corresponding RNA thereof.

Preferably, the invention relates to a purified or isolated nucleic acid according to the invention, characterized in that it comprises at least one mutation which corresponds to a natural polymorphism in humans, in particular the position and nature of which are identified in Table 5.

The primers or probes, characterized in that they comprise a sequence of a nucleic acid according to the invention, also form part of the invention.

The present invention thus relates to the set of primers which can be deduced from the nucleotide sequences of the invention and which may make it possible to demonstrate said nucleotide sequences of the invention, in particular the mutated sequences, using in particular an amplification method such as the PCR method, or a related method.

The present invention also relates to the set of probes which can be deduced from the nucleotide sequences of the invention, in particular from the sequences

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capable of hybridizing with them, and which may make it possible to demonstrate said nucleotide sequences, in particular to distinguish the normal sequences from the mutated sequences.

The present invention relates, in particular, to the probes or primers having sequences chosen from the sequences SEQ ID No. 4 to SEQ ID No. 71.

The invention also relates to the use of a nucleic acid sequence according to the invention as a probe or primer, for detecting, identifying, assaying or amplifying a nucleic acid sequence.

According to the invention, the polynucleotides which can be used as a probe or as a primer in processes for detecting, identifying, assaying or amplifying a nucleic acid sequence will have a minimum size of 15 bases, preferably of 20 bases, or better still of 25 to 30 bases.

The set of probes and primers according to the invention may be labeled directly or indirectly with a radioactive or nonradioactive compound, using methods well known to those skilled in the art, in order to obtain a detectable and/or quantifiable signal.

The nonlabeled polynucleotide sequences according to the invention can be used directly as a probe or primer.

The sequences are generally labeled so as to obtain sequences which can be used for many applications. The labeling of the primers or of the probes according to the invention is carried out with radioactive elements or with nonradioactive molecules.

Among the radioactive isotopes used, mention may be made of ³²P, ³³P, ³⁵S, ³H or ¹²⁵I. The nonradioactive entities are selected from ligands, such as biotin, avidin or streptavidin, dioxygenin, haptens, colorants and luminescent agents, such as radioluminescent, chemiluminescent, bioluminescent, fluorescent or phosphorescent agents.

The polynucleotides according to the invention can thus be used as a primer and/or probe in processes using, in particular, the PCR (polymerase chain reaction) technique (Erlich, 1989; Innis et al., 1990, and Rolfs et al., 1991). This technique requires choosing pairs of oligonucleotide primers framing the fragment which must be amplified. Reference may, for example, be made to the technique described in American patent US No. 4,683,202. The amplified fragments can be identified, for example after agarose or polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis, or after a chromatographic technique such as gel filtration or ion exchange chromatography, and then sequenced. The specificity of amplification can be controlled using, as a primer,

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the nucleotide sequences of polynucleotides of the invention and, as a matrix, plasmids containing these sequences or the derived amplification products. The amplified nucleotide fragments can be used as reagents in hybridization reactions in order to demonstrate the presence, in a biological sample, of a target nucleic acid having a sequence complementary to that of said amplified nucleotide fragments.

The invention is also directed toward the nucleic acids which can be obtained by amplification using primers according to the invention.

Other techniques for amplifying the target nucleic acid can be advantageously employed as an alternative to PCR (PCR-like), using pairs of primers having nucleotide sequences according to the invention. The term "PCR-like" will be intended to refer to all methods using direct or indirect reproductions of nucleic acid sequences, or in which the labeling systems have been amplified. These techniques are, of course, known. In general, they involve amplifying the DNA with a polymerase; when the sample of origin is an RNA, it is advisable to perform reverse transcription beforehand. There are, currently, a great many processes which enable this amplification, such as for example the SDA (Strand Displacement Amplification) technique (Walker et al., 1992), the TAS (Transcription-based Amplification System) technique described by Kwoh et al. in 1989, the 3SR (Self-Sustained Sequence Replication) technique described by Guatelli et al. in 1990, the NASBA (Nucleic Acid Sequence Based Amplification) technique described by Kievitis et al. in 1991, the TMA (Transcription Mediated Amplification) technique, the LCR (Ligase Chain Reaction) technique described by Landegren et al. in 1988 and improved by Barany et al. in 1991, which uses a heat-stable ligase, the RCR (Repair Chain Reaction) technique described by Segev in 1992, the CPR (Cycling Probe Reaction) technique described by Duck et al. in 1990, and the Q-beta-replicase amplification technique described by Miele et al. in 1983 and improved, in particular, by Chu et al. in 1986 and Lizardi et al. in 1988, and then by Burg et al., and also by Stone et al., in 1996.

When the target polynucleotide to be detected is an mRNA, use will advantageously be made, prior to carrying out an amplification reaction using the primers according to the invention or carrying out a detection process using the probes of the invention, of an enzyme of reverse transcriptase type in order to obtain a cDNA from the mRNA contained in the biological sample. The cDNA obtained will then serve as a target for the primers or probes used in the amplification or detection process according to the invention.

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The probe hybridization technique can be carried out in diverse ways (Matthews et al., 1988). The most general method consists in immobilizing the nucleic acid extracted from the cells of various tissues or from cells in culture, on a support (such as nitrocellulose, nylon or polystyrene), and in incubating the immobilized target nucleic acid with the probe, under well defined conditions. After hybridization, the excess probe is eliminated and the hybrid molecules formed are detected using the appropriate method (measurement of the radioactivity, of the fluorescence or of the enzymatic activity linked to the probe).

According to another embodiment of the nucleic acid probes according to the invention, the latter can be used as a capture probe. In this case, a probe, termed "capture probe", is immobilized on a support and is used to capture, by specific hybridization, the target nucleic acid obtained from the biological sample to be tested, and the target nucleic acid is then detected using a second probe, termed "detection probe", labeled with an easily detectable element.

The splice acceptor or donor site sequences according to the present invention identified in Table 3 (sequences SEQ ID No. 74 to SEQ ID No. 105) also form part of the present invention.

In another aspect, the invention comprises a method for screening cDNA or genomic DNA libraries, or for cloning isolated genomic or cDNA encoding spastin, characterized in that it uses a nucleic acid sequence according to the invention.

Among these methods, mention may be made in particular of:

- the screening of cDNA libraries and the cloning of the isolated cDNAs (Sambrook et al., 1989; Suggs et al., 1981; Woo et al., 1979), using the nucleic acid sequences according to the invention;
- 25 the screening of genomic libraries, for example of BACs (Chumakov et al., 1992; Chumakov et al., 1995), and, optionally, a genetic analysis by FISH (Cherif et al., 1990), using sequences according to the invention, enabling the isolation and chromosomal localization, and then the complete sequencing, of the SPG4 gene encoding spastin.

In particular, these methods according to the invention may be used for identifying and thus obtaining the genomic sequence or the cDNA of the SPG4 gene in other mammals, in particular mice.

These screening and/or cloning methods will comprise, in particular, a step of hybridization of a nucleic acid according to the invention with a nucleic acid contained in a genomic or cDNA library.

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The invention also comprises a method for identifying the nucleic acid sequences which promote and/or regulate the expression of the SPG4 gene of sequence SEQ ID No. 1, characterized in that it uses a nucleic acid according to the invention.

The computer tools available to those skilled in the art enable them to easily identify, using the genomic nucleic acid sequences according to the invention, the promoter regulatory boxes required and sufficient for controlling gene expression, in particular the TATA, CCAAT and GC boxes, and also the stimulatory regulatory sequences ("enhancers"), or inhibitory regulatory sequences ("silencers"), which control, in CIS, the expression of the genes according to the invention; among these regulatory sequences, mention should be made of IRE, MRE and CRE.

The invention also relates to the methods for identifying mutations carried by the human SPG4 gene, in particular mutations responsible for autosomal dominant hereditary spastic paraplegia, characterized in that they use a nucleic acid sequence according to the invention.

These methods for identifying these mutations will, in particular, comprise the following steps: (i) isolation of the DNA from the biological sample to be analyzed, or production of a cDNA from the mRNA of the biological sample; (ii) specific amplification of the target DNA likely to have a mutation, using primers according to the invention; (iii) analysis of the amplification products, in particular the size and/or the sequence of the amplification products, with respect to a reference sequence.

The expression "methods for identifying a mutation according to the invention" is also intended to refer to a method which makes it possible to obtain the nucleic acid on which said mutation has been identified.

The promoter and/or regulatory sequences of the SPG4 gene according to the invention having mutations which may modify the expression of the corresponding protein also form part of the invention.

The nucleic acids characterized in that they can be obtained using one of the preceding methods according to the invention, or the nucleic acids capable of hybridizing, under high stringency conditions (homology of at least 80% between one of the two sequences and the sequence complementary to the other), with said nucleic acids, form part of the invention, especially the variant or homologous nucleic acids, in particular the nucleic acid sequences of allelic variants of the SPG4 gene of sequence SEQ ID No. 1 or of its cDNA of sequence SEQ ID No. 2, and also the genomic sequences of the homologous genes of other mammals such as mice.

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In the present description, the term "Spg4" will be intended to refer to the mouse gene homologous to the human SPG4 gene.

The use of a nucleic acid sequence according to the invention as a probe or primer for screening a genomic library or a cDNA of course forms part of the subject of the present invention.

In another aspect, the invention comprises a purified or isolated polypeptide encoded by a nucleic acid according to the invention, preferably with the exception of the 584 amino acid peptide, the sequence of which is identified in the GenBank database under the accession number AB029006.

In the present description, the term "polypeptide" will be used to refer equally to a protein or a peptide.

Preferably, the present invention relates to a polypeptide according to the invention, characterized in that it comprises an amino acid sequence chosen from the following group:

- the sequence SEQ ID No. 3, corresponding to human spastin encoded by the sequence SEQ ID No. 2 of the cDNA of the human SPG4 gene;
 - the sequence SEQ ID No. 73, corresponding to a fragment of murine spastin encoded by the sequence SEQ ID No. 72 of the incomplete cDNA of the mouse Spg4 gene, the sequence SEQ ID No. 73 is represented in Figure 4A, "SPAST MOUSE" line;
- the sequence SEQ ID No. 107, corresponding to murine spastin encoded by the sequence SEQ ID No. 106 of the complete cDNA of the mouse Spg4 gene;
 - the sequences of polypeptides which are homologs and variants of the polypeptide of sequence SEQ ID No. 3, SEQ ID No. 73 or SEQ ID No. 107; and
 - the sequences of the fragments thereof of at least 8, 10, 15, 30 or 50 consecutive amino acids.

Also preferably, a subject of the invention is a polypeptide according to the invention, characterized in that it comprises an amino acid sequence chosen from the group comprising:

- a) the sequence SEQ ID No. 3, the sequence SEQ ID No. 73, the sequence SEQ ID No. 107 or the sequence of at least 10 consecutive amino acids of one of these sequences; and
- b) the sequences which are homologs or variants of the sequences SEQ ID No. 3, SEQ ID No. 73 or SEQ ID No. 107.

Also preferably, a subject of the invention is a polypeptide according to the invention, characterized in that it comprises the sequence of at least 8, preferably of at

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least 10, 15, 20 or 30, consecutive amino acids of the sequence of the aa 197-228, ends inclusive, fragment of the sequence SEQ ID No. 3.

Also preferably, a subject of the invention is a polypeptide according to the invention, characterized in that it comprises an amino acid sequence chosen from the following group:

- the sequence SEQ ID No. 3, the sequence SEQ ID No. 73 and the sequence SEQ ID No. 107, which sequences carrying at least one of the mutations corresponding to a natural polymorphism in humans, in particular those the nature and location of which are identified in Table 5 hereinafter, or those which may be identified using the methods for identifying mutations of the SPG4 gene, according to the present invention; and
- the sequences of the fragments thereof of at least 8, 10, 15, 30 or 50 consecutive amino acids.

It should be understood that the invention does not relate to polypeptides in natural form, i.e. they are not taken in their environment. Specifically, the invention relates to the peptides which are obtained by purification from natural sources, or obtained by genetic recombination or by chemical synthesis, and which can therefore include unnatural amino acids. The production of a recombinant polypeptide, which can be carried out using one of the nucleotide sequences according to the invention, is particularly advantageous since it makes it possible to obtain an increased degree of purity of the desired polypeptide.

The term "homologous polypeptide" will be intended to refer to the polypeptides which have certain modifications with respect to the reference polypeptide, such as in particular one or more deletions or truncations, an extension, a chimeric fusion and/or one or more substitutions, and the amino acid sequence of which shows at least 80%, preferably 90% or 95%, identity after alignment, with the reference amino acid sequence.

The term "variant polypeptide" (or protein variant) will be intended to refer to the set of polypeptides encoded by the variant nucleic acid sequences as defined above.

In particular, the variant polypeptides will comprise any polypeptide which is encoded by the mutated genomic sequence of the SPG4 gene of sequence SEQ ID No. 1, and the amino acid sequence of which has at least one mutation corresponding in particular to a truncation, deletion, substitution and/or addition of amino acid residues with respect to the sequence SEQ ID No. 3. In the present case, the variant

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polypeptides having at least one mutation will be linked to the pathologies of AD-HSP type.

The term "variant polypeptide" will also be intended to refer to any polypeptide resulting from mutation of a splice site in the genomic nucleic acid sequence SEQ ID No. 1.

The invention also comprises the cloning and/or expression vectors containing a nucleic acid sequence according to the invention.

The vectors according to the invention, characterized in that they include the elements which allow the expression and/or the secretion of said sequences in a host cell, or a cellular addressing sequence, also form part of the invention.

The vectors characterized in that they include a promoter and/or regulator sequence according to the invention also form part of the invention.

Said vectors will preferably include a promoter, translation initiation and termination signals, and also suitable regions for regulating the transcription. They should be able to be maintained stably in the cell and can, optionally, have particular signals which specify secretion of the translated protein.

These various control signals are chosen as a function of the host cell used. To this effect, the nucleic acid sequences according to the invention can be inserted into vectors which replicate autonomously in the host chosen, or vectors which integrate in the host chosen.

Among the systems which replicate autonomously, use will preferably be made, as a function of the host cell, of the systems of plasmid or viral type, the viral vectors possibly in particular being adenoviruses (Perricaudet et al., 1992), retroviruses, lentiviruses, poxviruses or herpesviruses (Epstein et al., 1992). Those skilled in the art know the technology which can be used for each of these systems.

When integration of the sequence into the chromosomes of the host cell is desired, use may be made, for example, of the systems of plasmid or viral type; such viruses will, for example, be retroviruses (Temin, 1986), or AAVs (Carter, 1993).

Among the nonviral vectors, preference is given to naked polynucleotides such as naked DNA or naked RNA according to the technique developed by the company VICAL, yeast artificial chromosomes (YAC) for expression in yeast, mouse artificial chromosomes (MAC) for expression in murine cells and, preferably, human artificial chromosomes (HAC) for expression in human cells.

Such vectors will be prepared according to the methods commonly used by those skilled in the art, and the clones resulting therefrom can be introduced into a

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suitable host using standard methods, such as for example lipofection, electroporation or heat shock.

The invention also comprises the host cells, in particular the eukaryotic and prokaryotic cells, transformed with the vectors according to the invention, and also the transgenic animals, except humans, comprising one of said transformed cells according to the invention.

Among the cells which can be used for these purposes, mention may of course be made of bacterial cells (Olins and Lee, 1993), but also yeast cells (Buckholz, 1993), as well as animal cells, in particular cultures of mammalian cells (Edwards and Aruffo, 1993), and especially Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cells, but also insect cells in which it is possible to use processes implementing baculoviruses, for example (Luckow, 1993). A preferred cellular host for expressing the proteins of the invention consists of CHO cells.

Among the mammals according to the invention, preference will be given to animals such as mice, rats or rabbits, expressing a polypeptide according to the invention.

Among the mammals according to the invention, preference will also be given to those comprising a transformed cell characterized in that the sequence of at least one of the two alleles of the SPG4 gene contains at least one of the mutations corresponding to a natural polymorphism in humans, in particular those the nature and location of which are identified in Table 5 hereinafter, or those which may be identified using the methods for identifying a mutation of the SPG4 gene, according to the present invention.

Among the mammals according to the invention, preference will also be given to animals such as mice, rats or rabbits, characterized in that the gene encoding spastin according to the invention is not functional or is knocked out.

Among the animal models more particularly advantageous herein, there are, in particular:

- the transgenic animals having, at least in one of their two allelic sequences of the SPG4 gene, at least one of the mutations the position and nature of which are identified in Table 5 or identified using a method according to the present invention. These transgenic animals are obtained, for example, by homologous recombination on embryonic stem cells, transfer of these stem cells to embryos, selection of the chimeras affected in the reproductive lines, and growth of said chimeras;

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- the transgenic animals (preferably mice) overexpressing the SPG4 gene into which one of said mutations according to the invention may be introduced. The mice are obtained, for example, by transfection of a copy of this gene under the control of a strong promoter which is ubiquitous in nature or selective for a tissue type, or after viral transcription;
- the transgenic animals (preferably mice) made deficient for the SPG4 gene according to the invention by inactivation using the LOXP/CRE recombinase system (Rohlmann et al., 1996) or any other system for inactivating the expression of this gene.

The cells and mammals according to the invention can be used in a method for producing a polypeptide according to the invention, as described below, and can also be used as a model for analysis and for DNA (genomic or cDNA) library screening.

The transformed cells or mammals as described above can thus be used as models in order to study the interactions between the polypeptides according to the invention, and chemical or protein compounds, which are involved directly or indirectly in the activities of the polypeptides according to the invention, this being in order to study the various mechanisms and interactions which come into play.

They can especially be used for selecting products which interact with the polypeptides according to the invention, in particular human spastin of sequence SEQ ID No. 3 or the variants thereof according to the invention, as a cofactor or as an inhibitor, in particular a competitive inhibitor, or which have agonist or antagonist activity for the activity of the polypeptides according to the invention. Preferably, said transformed cells or transgenic animals will be used as a model which, in particular, enables the selection of products which make it possible to combat the pathology linked to the SPG4 gene mentioned above.

The invention also relates to the use of a cell, of a mammal or of a polypeptide according to the invention for screening a chemical or biochemical compound which can interact directly or indirectly with the polypeptides according to the invention, and/or which is capable of modulating the expression or the activity of these polypeptides.

The invention also relates to the use of a nucleic acid sequence according to the invention for synthesizing recombinant polypeptides.

The method for producing a polypeptide of the invention in recombinant form is, itself, included in the present invention, and is characterized in that the transformed cells, in particular the cells or mammals of the present invention, are cultured under conditions which allow the expression of a recombinant polypeptide encoded by a

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nucleic acid sequence according to the invention, and in that said recombinant polypeptide is recovered.

The recombinant polypeptides, characterized in that they can be obtained using said production method, also form part of the invention.

The recombinant polypeptides obtained as indicated above can be in both glycosylated and nonglycosylated form and may or may not have the natural tertiary structure.

These polypeptides can be produced based on the nucleic acid sequences defined above, according to the techniques for producing recombinant polypeptides known to those skilled in the art. In this case, the nucleic acid sequence used is placed under the control of signals which allow its expression in a cellular host.

An effective system for producing a recombinant polypeptide requires a vector and a host cell according to the invention.

These cells can be obtained by introducing into host cells a nucleotide sequences inserted into a vector as defined above, and then culturing said cells under conditions which allow the replication and/or expression of the transfected nucleotide sequence.

The processes for purifying a recombinant polypeptide which are used are known to those skilled in the art. The recombinant polypeptide can be purified from cell lyzates and extracts and/or from the culture medium supernatant, with methods used individually or in combination, such as fractionation, chromotography methods, immunoaffinity techniques using specific monoclonal or polyclonal antibodies, etc.

The polypeptides according to the present invention can be obtained by chemical synthesis, this using one of the many known peptide syntheses, for example the techniques which implement solid phases or techniques which use partial solid phases, by condensation of fragments or by conventional synthesis in solution.

The solid-phase synthesis technique is well known to those skilled in the art. See in particular Stewart et al. (1984) and Bodansky (1984).

The polypeptides which are obtained by chemical synthesis and which can include corresponding unnatural amino acids are also included in the invention.

The mono- or polyclonal antibodies or their fragments, chimeric antibodies or immunoconjugates, characterized in that they are capable of specifically recognizing a polypeptide according to the invention, form part of the invention.

Specific polyclonal antibodies can be obtained from a serum of an animal immunized against the polypeptides according to the invention, in particular produced

by genetic recombination or by peptide synthesis, according to conventional procedures.

The advantage of antibodies which specifically recognize certain polypeptides, variants or immunogenic fragments thereof, according to the invention, will in particular be noted.

The specific monoclonal antibodies can be obtained according to the conventional hybridoma culture method described by Köhler and Milstein, 1975.

The antibodies according to the invention are, for example, chimeric antibodies, humanized antibodies, or Fab or F(ab')₂ fragments. They can also be in the form of labeled antibodies or immunoconjugates in order to obtain a detectable and/or quantifiable signal.

The invention also relates to methods for detecting and/or purifying a polypeptide according to the invention, characterized in that they use an antibody according to the invention.

The invention also comprises purified polypeptides, characterized in that they are obtained using a method according to the invention.

Moreover, besides their use for purifying the polypeptides, the antibodies of the invention, in particular the monoclonal antibodies, can also be used for detecting these polypeptides in a biological sample.

They thus constitute a means of immunocytochemically or immuno-histochemically analyzing the expression of the polypeptides according to the invention, in particular the polypeptide of sequence SEQ ID No. 3 or a variant thereof, on specific tissue sections, for example by immunofluorescence or gold labeling, or with an enzymatic immunoconjugates.

They may make it possible, in particular, to demonstrate abnormal expression of these polypeptides in the biological samples or tissues, which makes them useful for monitoring the progression of the disease and the molecular diagnosis.

More generally, the antibodies of the invention can be advantageously used in any situation in which the expression of a normal or mutated polypeptide according to the invention must be observed.

The methods for determining allelic variability, a mutation, a deletion, a loss of heterozygosity or any genetic abnormality of the SPG4 gene, according to the invention, characterized in that they use a nucleic acid sequence or an antibody according to the invention, also form part of the invention.

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The present invention thus comprises a method for genotypic diagnosis of the pathology associated with the SPG4 gene, characterized in that a nucleic acid sequence according to the invention is used.

Preferably, the invention relates to a method for genotypic diagnosis of the disease associated with the presence of at least one mutation on a sequence of the SPG4 gene, using a biological sample from a patient, characterized in that it includes the following steps:

- a) where appropriate, isolation of the genomic DNA from the biological sample to be analyzed, or production of cDNA from the RNA of the biological sample;
- b) specific amplification of said DNA sequence of the SPG4 gene likely to contain a mutation, using primers according to the invention;
 - c) analysis of the amplification products obtained and comparison of their sequence with the corresponding normal sequence of the SPG4 gene.

The invention also comprises a method for diagnosing the disease associated with abnormal expression of a polypeptide encoded by the SPG4 gene, in particular the polypeptide of sequence SEQ ID No. 3, characterized in that one or more antibodies according to the invention is (are) brought into contact with the biological material to be tested, under conditions which allow the possible formation of specific immunological complexes between said polypeptide and said antibody or antibodies, and in that the immunological complexes possibly formed are detected and/or quantified.

These methods are, for example, directed toward the methods for diagnosis, in particular antenatal diagnosis, of AD-HSP associated with the presence of a mutation in the SPG4 gene, according to the invention, by determining, using a biological sample from the patient, the presence of mutations in at least one of the sequences described above. The nucleic acid sequences analyzed may equally be genomic DNA, cDNA or mRNA.

Nucleic acids or antibodies based on the present invention may also be used to enable positive diagnosis in a patient or presymptomatic diagnosis in an individual at risk, in particular an individual with a family history of the disease.

There are, of course, a great number of methods which make it possible to demonstrate a mutation in a gene with respect to the wild-type gene. They can essentially be divided into two main categories. The first type of method is that in which the presence of a mutation is detected by comparing the mutated sequence with the corresponding wild-type sequence, and the second type is that in which the presence

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of the mutation is detected indirectly, for example through evidence of mismatches due to the presence of the mutation.

These methods can use the probes and primers of the present invention which have been described. They are generally purified nucleic acid hybridization sequences comprising at least 15 nucleotides, preferably 20, 25 or 30 nucleotides, characterized in that they can hybridize specifically with a nucleic acid sequence according to the invention.

Preferably, the specific hybridization conditions are such as those defined above or in the examples. The length of these nucleic acid hybridization sequences can range from 15, 20 or 30 to 200 nucleotides, particularly from 20 to 50 nucleotides.

Among the methods for determining allelic variability, a mutation, a deletion, a loss of heterozygocity or a genetic abnormality, preference is given to the methods comprising at least one so-called PCR (polymerase chain reaction) or PCR-like amplification step for the target sequence according to the invention likely to have an abnormality, using a pair of primers having nucleotide sequences according to the invention. The amplified products may be treated with a suitable restriction enzyme before carrying out the detection and assaying of the product targeted.

The mutations of the SPG4 gene according to the invention may be responsible for various modifications of the translation product thereof, these modifications possibly being used for a diagnostic approach. Specifically, the antigenicity modifications linked to these mutations may allow the development of specific antibodies. The mutated gene product can be distinguished using these methods. All these modifications can be employed in a diagnostic approach, using several well-known methods based on the use of mono- or polyclonal antibodies which recognize the normal polypeptide or mutated variants, such as for example by RIA or by ELISA.

Thus, a subject of the invention is also a kit or pack for diagnosis, in particular for diagnosing AD-HSP associated with the presence of a mutation in the SPG4 gene, according to the invention, characterized in that it comprises at least one compound chosen from the following group of compounds:

- a) a nucleic acid, in particular as a primer or probe, according to the present invention; and
 - b) an antibody according to the invention.

In another aspect, the invention comprises a method for selecting a chemical or biochemical compound capable of preventing and/or treating AD-HSP associated with the SPG4 gene, characterized in that a nucleic acid sequence according to the

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invention, a polypeptide according to the invention, a vector according to the invention, a cell according to the invention, a mammal according to the invention or an antibody according to the invention is used.

The methods for selecting chemical or biochemical compounds capable of interacting directly or indirectly with polypeptides according to the invention or with the nucleic acids according to the invention, and/or making it possible to modulate the expression or the activity of these polypeptides, characterized in that they comprise bringing a polypeptide according to the invention, a transformed cell according to the invention or a mammal according to the invention into contact with a candidate compound, and detecting a modification of the activity of said polypeptide, are also included in the invention.

For example, but without being limited thereto, mention may be made of a method for identifying molecules capable of interacting with a polypeptide according to the invention, using a bacterial or yeast two hybrid system such as the Matchmaker Two Hybrid System 2, according to the instructions of the manual which is supplied with the Matchmaker Two Hybrid System 2 (Catalog No. K1604-1, Clontech).

The nucleic acids encoding proteins which interact with the promoter and/or regulatory sequences of the SPG4 gene, according to the invention, can be screened and/or selected using a one hybrid system such as that described in the manual which is supplied with the Matchmaker One Hybrid System kit from Clontech (Catalog No. K1603-).

In other aspect, the invention comprises the use of a nucleic acid or of a polypeptide according to the invention, of a vector according to the invention, of a cell according to the invention or of a mammal according to the invention, for studying the expression or the activity of the SPG4 gene.

Other characteristics and advantages of the invention appear in the remainder of the description with the examples and figures, the legends of which are given hereinafter.

30 LEGENDS OF THE FIGURES

FIGURES 1A, 1B and 1C: Physical map of the SPG4 range and genomic organization of SPG4.

FIGURE 1A: The 1.5 Mb candidate region is delimited by the D2S352 and D2S2347 genetic markers indicated in bold characters. The position of the polymorphic markers and other STSs is indicated in standard characters, whereas the position of

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the ESTs is indicated in italics. The BAC clones constituting the presequencing map are represented by rectangles, with the name shown above and the precise size of the clone, if it could be determined, shown below. The name of the BACs A, B, C, etc. is followed by brackets containing the name of the clone preceded by a "b" if the clone is derived from the BACs library CITB_978_SKB, or by a "B" if it originates from the library RPCI-11.

FIGURE 1B: Schematic representation of the SPG4 gene which overlaps BACs D (b336P14) and G (B563N4). The exons are shown as black rectangles with their name above.

FIGURE 1C: The five mutations identified in seven SPG4 locus-linked AD-HSP families are positioned in exons 7, 11 and 13 and in the splice acceptor site of intron 15.

FIGURE 2: Nucleic acid and protein sequence of the SPG4 cDNA of spastin.

The 17 vertical bars with a number located below represent the junctions between the various exons. The ATG initiator codon is located at nt position 126-128 and the STOP codon for termination is located at nt position 1974-1976. Five of the mutations identified to date, including the loss of exon 16, are indicated in italics (nt 1210, nt 1468, nt 1520, nt 1620 and for the loss of exon 16: nt 1813-1853). The polyadenylation site is in italics and underlined. The putative nuclear localization signal (NLS), RGKKK, and also the three conserved domains predicted by the analysis in the ProDom database are located at aa positions 7-11 (NLS), 342-409 (domain 92), 411-509 (domain 179) and 512-599 (domain 6226), respectively. The four motifs predicted by the sequence comparison in the Prosite database are: two "leucine zipper" motifs at aa positions 50-78 and 508-529, the ATP binding site (or Walker A motif) at aa positions 382-389 and the "helix-loop-helix" dimerization domain at aa positions 478-486. The Walker A and B motifs, "GPPGNGKT" and "IIFIDE", and also the AAA minimum consensus [lacuna] are underlined.

FIGURES 3A and 3B: Characterization of a splice site mutation in the affected individuals of three SPG4 locus-linked AD-HPS families.

FIGURE 3A: PCR amplification of fragment IV of the SPG4 cDNA using lymphoblast cDNA: well M, size marker VII (Boehringer); well 1, unaffected member of family 2992; well 2, patient of family 2992; well 3, unaffected member of family 5330; well 4, patient of family 5330; well 5, patient of family 5226; well 6, negative control (human genomic DNA).

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FIGURE 3B: Sequence graph for the mutation of the splice acceptor site of intron 15.

Genomic sequence of the control individual above and of a patient of family 2992 below. The asterisk at nt position 1813-4 indicates an A->C polymorphism which affects a nonconserved nucleotide of the splice acceptor site of intron 15 in the patient. FIGURES 4A and 4B: Spastin homologies.

The identical residues are highlighted by shaded areas.

FIGURE 4A: Multiple alignment created by CLUSTAL W of eight proteins derived from various organisms and having strong sequence homology with human spastin and murine spastin (SEQ ID No. 73).

FIGURE 4B: Alignement by CLUSTAL W of the yeast metalloproteases AFG3, RCA1 and YME1, and of human plaraplegin and spastin.

FIGURE 5: Alignment by BLASTN of the nucleic acid sequences of the SPG4 cDNA and of its mouse ortholog Spg4 (SEQ ID No. 72). The polyadenylation site of the murine cDNA is underlined and in italics. The STOP codon is located at nt position 1515-1517 in the murine cDNA and at nt position 1974-1976 in the human cDNA.

FIGURES 6A, 6B and 6C: PCR analysis of the expression of SPG4 and of its murine ortholog Spg4.

FIGURE 6A: Collection of cDNA originating from multiple mouse tissues.

Well M, size marker V (Boehringer); well 1, heart, well 2, brain; well 3, spleen; well 4, lung; well 5, liver; well 6, skeletal muscle; well 7, kidney; well 8, testicle; well 9, E7 7-day embryo; well 10, E11 11-day embryo; well 11, E15 15-day embryo; well 12, E17 17-day embryo; well 13, negative control (mouse genomic DNA).

FIGURE 6B: Collection of cDNA originating from multiple human tissues.

Well M, size marker VII (Boehringer); well 1, brain; well 2, heart; well 3, kidney; well 4, liver; well 5, lung; well 6, pancreas; well 7, placenta; well 8, skeletal muscle, well 9, negative control (human genomic DNA); well 10, negative control (no DNA).

FIGURE 6C: Collection of cDNA originating from multiple human fetal tissues.

Well M, size marker VII (Boehringer); well 1, brain; well 2, heart; well 3, kidney; well 4, liver; well 5, lung; well 6, skeletal muscle; well 7, spleen; well 8, thymus; well 9, negative control (human genomic DNA); well 10, negative control (no DNA).

EXAMPLES

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Example 1: Materials and methods

1) Subcloning and sequencing of the candidate region

Twelve BACs originating from two human genomic libraries, CITB_978_SKB (sold by Research Genetics) and RPCI-11 (Osoegawa et al., 1998), and covering the SPG4 range, were selected to be sequenced (Hazan et al., Genomics, 60 (3), 309-19, 1999). 40 µg of the DNA of each BAC were partially digested with the CviJI restriction enzyme (CHIMERx) and separated by electrophoresis on 0.4% LMP agarose gel (FMC). DNA fractions, the sizes of which vary in the region of 3, 5 and 10 kb, were eluted with β-agarase (Biolabs) and ligated to a plasmid vector pBAM3, which had been digested with Smal and dephosphorylated, beforehand, in a ratio of 1 x insert per 5 × vector. Electrocompetent E. coli DH10B bacteria (GIBCO-BRL) were transformed with the various ligations, by electroporation. Approximately 1 000 to 1 500 subclones per BAC (8 to 10 equivalent genomes), consisting of 20% of clones with inserts at 10 kb, 40% of clones with inserts at 5 kb and 40% of clones with inserts at 3 kb, were isolated. The ends of the inserts of these clones were sequenced on a LICOR 4200 automatic sequencer. For each BAC, the sequences were assembled into a backbone consisting of several contigs, using the Phred and Phrap programs. The holes between each contig were sequenced with labeled dideoxynucleotides on an ABI 377 sequencer (PE-Applied Biosystems). The exons contained in these sequence contigs were predicted with the GRAIL II, GENSCAN, FGENEH and Genie computer programs. The sequences were also compared in the EMBL and GenBank nucleic acid and protein databases, with the BLASTN and BLASTX programs. The determination of the promoter sequences was carried out using the TSSG and TSSW computer programs. The results of all these sequence analyses were visualized using the Genotator sequence annotation program.

2) cDNA cloning

The cDNA of the SPG4 gene was isolated through 5' and 3' RACE-PCR experiments on polyA+ RNAs of fetal brain, adult brain and adult liver, using the Marathon cDNA amplification kit (Clontech) according to the supplier's instructions. A first PCR followed by an internal PCR were carried out with various pairs of primers, the sequences of which are indicated in Table 1 hereinafter:

Table 1
Primers used for the RACE-PCRs and the cDNA amplifications

	Sequence (5'-3')	5' position pair	PCR pro	duct size
SPA_5RACE5	CGGAGCTCCTCTTGGCTGC	CATG (SEQ ID No.4)	nt 4	05
SPA_5RACE6	AGAAGCGCTGGCAGAGCC	ACACGAAG (SEQ ID No.5	5) nt 3	72
SPA_5RACE7	AAGGCGACCAAACGCAGCA	AGCGCGAAG (SEQ ID No	o.6) nt 3	31
SPA_3RACE1	AGGAGCAAGCTGTGGAATG	GTATAAG (SEQ ID No.7)	nt 5	50
SPA_3RACE2	TGGTTATGGCCAAGGACCG	CTTACAAC (SEQ ID No.	3) nt 68	39
SPA_3RACE3	CAAACGGACGTCTATAATG	ACAGTAC (SEQ ID No.9)	nt 74	17
SPA_3RACE4	TTAGGAATGTGGACAGCAA	CCTTGC (SEQ ID No.10)	nt 10	075
SPA_3RACE5	CTTCTCTGAGGCCTGAGTT	GTTCAC (SEQ ID No.11)	nt 12	207
SPA_3RACE6	TGCTAGAATGACTGATGGA	TACTCAGG (SEQ ID No.	l2) nt 1	736
SPA_3RACE7	AGATGCAGCACTGGGTCCT	ATCCG (SEQ ID No.13)	nt 1	787
SPA_3RACE8	ATGAACGTCATCGGCTACA	GAAACAG (SEQ ID No.14	l) nt 2	2037
SPA_Db TAGO	CAGTGGCTGCCGCCGT (SEC	ID No.15) nt	45 b	+m 655 bp
SPA_Dm AAG	CGGTCCTTGGCCATAAC (SE	O ID No 16) nt	700	
		21D140.10) III	700	
SPA_Dc GGC	GGCAGTGAGAGCTGTG (SEC	•		+n 543 bp
	GGCAGTGAGAGCTGTG (SEC	Q ID No.17) nt		+n 543 bp
SPA_Dn CTAC	·	Q ID No.17) nt ID No.18) nt	106 c 649	+n 543 bp +n 746 bp
SPA_Dn CTAC SPA_Ad AACA	SCTCTTTCACACTGTTC (SEQ	Q ID No.17) nt ID No.18) nt ID No.19) nt	106 c 649	·
SPA_Dn CTAC SPA_Ad AACA SPA_Am CTG	GCTCTTTCACACTGTTC (SEQ AGGCCTTCGAGTACATC (SEC	Q ID No.17) nt ID No.18) nt ID No.19) nt Q ID No.20) nt	106 c [.] 649 487 d	·
SPA_Dn CTAC SPA_Ad AACA SPA_Am CTG SPA_Ac ATGA	GCTCTTTCACACTGTTC (SEQ AGGCCTTCGAGTACATC (SEC TGAACAACTCAGGCCTC (SEC	Q ID No.17) nt ID No.18) nt ID No.19) nt Q ID No.20) nt Q ID No.21) nt	106 c 649 487 d 1233	·
SPA_Dn CTAC SPA_Ad AACA SPA_Am CTG SPA_Ac ATGA SPA_An TGCC	SCTCTTTCACACTGTTC (SEQ AGGCCTTCGAGTACATC (SEC TGAACAACTCAGGCCTC (SEC AGAAAGCAGGACAGAAG (SEC	Q ID No.17) nt ID No.18) nt ID No.19) nt Q ID No.20) nt Q ID No.21) nt	106 c ² 649 487 d 1233 532 1175	·
SPA_Dn CTAC SPA_Ad AACA SPA_Am CTG SPA_Ac ATGA SPA_An TGCC SPA_Ba CTAC	GCTCTTTCACACTGTTC (SEQ AGGCCTTCGAGTACATC (SEC TGAACAACTCAGGCCTC (SEC AGAAAGCAGGACAGAAG (SEC CAAGTCTTGACCAGC (SEQ II	Q ID No.17) nt ID No.18) nt ID No.19) nt Q ID No.20) nt Q ID No.21) nt O No.22) nt ID No.23) nt	106 c- 649 487 d 1233 532 1175	+n 746 bp
SPA_Dn CTAC SPA_Ad AACA SPA_Am CTG SPA_Ac ATGA SPA_An TGCC SPA_Ba CTAC SPA_Bm CAG	SCTCTTTCACACTGTTC (SEQ AGGCCTTCGAGTACATC (SEC TGAACAACTCAGGCCTC (SEC AGAAAGCAGGACAGAAG (SEC CAAGTCTTGACCAGC (SEQ IE CAACTGCTACTCGTAAG (SEQ	Q ID No.17) nt ID No.18) nt ID No.19) nt Q ID No.20) nt Q ID No.21) nt O No.22) nt ID No.23) nt	106 c ⁻ 649 487 d 1233 532 1175 1036 a	+n 746 bp
SPA_Dn CTAC SPA_Ad AACA SPA_Am CTG SPA_Ac ATGA SPA_An TGCC SPA_Ba CTAC SPA_Bm CAG SPA_Bb TAGC	ECTCTTTCACACTGTTC (SEQ AGGCCTTCGAGTACATC (SEC TGAACAACTCAGGCCTC (SEC AGAAAGCAGGACAGAAG (SEC CAAGTCTTGACCAGC (SEQ II CAACTGCTACTCGTAAG (SEQ I	Q ID No.17) nt ID No.18) nt ID No.19) nt Q ID No.20) nt Q ID No.21) nt D No.22) nt ID No.23) nt D No.24) nt	106 c ² 649 487 d 1233 532 1175 1036 a 1799	+n 746 bp
SPA_Dn CTAC SPA_Ad AACA SPA_Am CTG SPA_Ac ATGA SPA_An TGCC SPA_Ba CTAC SPA_Bm CAG SPA_Bb TAGC SPA_Bn AAAC	AGGCCTTCACACTGTTC (SEQ AGGCCTTCGAGTACATC (SEC TGAACAACTCAGGCCTC (SEC AGAAAGCAGGACAGAAG (SEC CAAGTCTTGACCAGC (SEQ IE CAACTGCTACTCGTAAG (SEQ TGCTGCATCTTTTGCC (SEQ IE GAATGTGGACAGCAACC (SEC	Q ID No.17) nt ID No.18) nt ID No.19) nt Q ID No.20) nt Q ID No.21) nt D No.22) nt ID No.23) nt D No.24) nt Q ID No.25) nt	106 c 649 487 d 1233 532 1175 1036 a 1799 1076 1780	+n 746 bp
SPA_Dn CTAC SPA_Ad AACA SPA_Am CTG SPA_An TGCC SPA_Ba CTAC SPA_Bm CAG SPA_Bb TAGC SPA_Bn AAAC SPA_Ca TGGA	AGGCCTTCACACTGTTC (SEQ AGGCCTTCGAGTACATC (SEC AGAACAACTCAGGCCTC (SEC AGAAAGCAGGACAGAAG (SEC CAAGTCTTGACCAGC (SEQ IE CAACTGCTACTCGTAAG (SEQ TGCTGCATCTTTTGCC (SEQ IE BAATGTGGACAGCAACC (SEQ	A ID No.17) nt ID No.18) nt ID No.19) nt A ID No.20) nt A ID No.21) nt D No.22) nt ID No.23) nt D No.24) nt A ID No.25) nt ID No.26) nt	106 c: 649 487 d 1233 532 1175 1036 a 1799 1076 1780	+n 746 bp

The RACE-PCR products were cloned with the TA-cloning kit (Invitrogen) and the corresponding clones were sequenced on an ABI 377 (PE-Applied Biosystems). The sequence of the SPG4 transcript was varified by sequencing PCR products amplified from a cDNA population originating from the lymphoblasts of 6 healthy individuals.

3) Detection of mutations

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The total RNAs were extracted from lymphoblast lines of one affected individual per family studied and of 6 control individuals, using the RNA PLUSR kit (bioprobe System). The cDNA synthesis was carried out on 500 ng to 1 µg of RNA, with 100 pmol of random hexameric primers (Pharmacia) and 200 units of Superscript II reverse transcriptase (Gibco BRL), under standard conditions. Four PCR amplifications. generating overlapping fragments which cover all of the SPG4 open reading frame, were carried out on the cDNAs of the patients and controls. Fragment I was amplified with the SPA Db/SPA Dm primers, and then by internal PCR with SPA_Dc/SPA_Dn primers. Fragments II, III, and IV were amplified with the SPA_Ad/SPA_Am, SPA_Ba/SPA_Bm and SPA_Ca/SPA_Cm primers (cf. sequences of these primers in Table 1), respectively. Each amplification was carried out in a total volume of 50 µl containing 4 µl of cDNA (~ 1/7th of the prep.), 20 pmol of each primer, 200 µM of dNTPs, 50 mM of KCl, 10 mM of Tris, pH 9, 1.5 mM MgCl₂, 0.1% of triton X-100, 0.01% of gelatin and 2.5 units of Tag polymerase (Cetus-PE). The PCR reactions were carried out according to the "hot start" process: the Tag polymerase is added at 92°C, after a first denaturation step of 5 min at 94°C. The samples are subsequently subjected to 35 cycles of denaturation (94°C for 40 sec), of hybridization (55°C for 50 sec, with the exception of fragment I: 58°C for 50 sec) and of elongation (72°C for 1 min), followed by a final elongation step (5 min at 72°C). The PCR products are sequenced on an ABI 377 automatic sequencer (PE-Applied Biosystems), with the SPA_Dc/SPA_Dn, SPA_Ac/SPA_An, SPA_Bb/SPA_Bn and SPA_Cb/SPA_Cm primers for fragments I, II, III and IV, respectively.

The mutations were also sought or confirmed by sequencing the 17 predicted exons of the SPG4 gene in the patients and controls. Each exon was amplified with the corresponding "a+m" pair of primers (cf. Table 2 hereinafter), with the exception of exon 1 (gSPAex1c/gSPAex1m), and exons 10, 11 and 12 which were co-amplified with the gSPAex10a/gSPAex12m and gSPAex11a/gSPAex12m pairs of primers.

Table 2 PCR primers for amplifying and sequencing the exons

 2 3 4 3 5 8 	048 bp 624 bp	0	gSPAex1c gSPAex1m	GTGAGCCGAACTGCACATTG CAAAGTCGACAGCTACAGTGC
3 8 4 3 5 8	324 bp		-	CAAAGTCGACAGCTACAGTGC
3 8 4 3 5 8	324 bp			STANTO LOCHOLOGIACAGIAC
3 8 4 3 5 8	624 bp		gSPAex1d	GGAACTGTAGTTGAGTGGGA
3 8 4 3 5 8	324 bp		gSPAex1n	AGATGAGGCTCCGACCTAC
4 3 5 8	•	3	gSPAex2a	AATGCCACACTTGTAATCTC
4 3 5 8			gSPAex2m	TGTGAATATATCATAATTTGGG
4 3 5 8			gSPAex2b	TACAGCAGTTCTCATGATG
5 8	312 bp	1	gSPAex3a	GACCAAATTGGTGCATGCATG
5 8			gSPAex3m	ACATTTCCAATACATCCCAC
	379 bp	3	gSPAex4a	ATTTGTCATTTCACATGCAC
			gSPAex4m	TTAGAATGACTATACCTGAC
			gSPAex4n	TCAGGTTAAGTAAGACTC
6 4	30 bp	4	gSPAex5a	TTCCTATCTACCTAGTGAC
6 4			gSPAex5m	TTTTATAGCAAGTTGCCCTG
6 4			gSPAex5b	CCTATGAAGATCCTGGTAC
	84 bp	3	gSPAex6a	TGTCATGATTCTAACAAGGG
			gSPAex6m	TCTATTTCACTCCTGACATG
7 4	20 bp	2	gSPAex7a	GTCATAGGGCTTAGGCTTC
			gSPAex7m	ATCATACTACCCACTTTTCC
8 6	647 bp	3	gSPAex8a	TGTTTGGGAAGATGCTACTG
			gSPAex8m	CTACTGAAGATAACGTACATG
9 1	268 bp	1	gSPAex9a	CATTGATTGCCATGTATTGG
			gSPAex9m	AGAAGGCCAGAAATACTCAG
			gSPAex9b	GTACTTAAATCGGTAAATATGG
10] 1	061 bp	4	gSPAex10a	CTCAAGTCTTAGGAATGCAG
11			gSPAex10b	GCACTTAACCAGGCTGTATG
12] 5	51 bp	3	gSPAex11a	CTCAGATGACTCACATAGC
			gSPAex12m	CTTTACTAGACTAATTCTCCTG

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13	1361 bp	4	gSPAex13a	CAGATTCAAGAAGACAGATC
			gSPAex13m	GCAATAATTCACCACACTTG
			gSPAex13n	GGTAGTTCTTGTTTCTGCTC
14	985 bp	4	gSPAex14a	CAAGTGTGGTGAATTATTGC
			gSPAex14m	GAGCTGAAAAGTATTCAGC
			gSPAex14n	TGCAAAGGACATAGCCAGTG
15	1076 bp	1	gSPAex15a	AGCCTCTGGAGATAGTATGC
			gSPAex15m	CTAGAACAGGGGTCACAGTC
			gSPAex15n	TTGGACTTCTTAAACTTC
16	1404 bp	4	gSPAex16a	GCAGTATGCAAGAAATTGAAC
			gSPAex16m	GGCCTGTAATTTTCTTCTG
			gSPAex16b	GTACTGAATAGATACATGTAG
17	445 bp	3	gSPAex17a	GTGTAGCAGATCAACATAG
			gSPAex17m	CATCTTCAAGTTTGGTGCAC

Other than for exon 1, which is amplified using the Advantage GC genomic PCR kit (Clontech) according to the supplier's instructions, four slightly different PCR programs (1, 2, 3 and 4) were used to amplify the SPG4 exons (see Table 2). The amplifications were all carried out in a volume of 50 µl containing 100 ng of genomic DNA, 50 pmol of each primer, 250 µM pf dNTPs, 1X Takara buffer and 1 unit of Takara La Taq Taq polymerase (Shuzo Co.). The PCR reactions were carried out according to the "hot start" process: the Taq polymerase is added at 94°C, after a first denaturation step of 5 min at 96°C. The samples are subsequently subjected to 30 cycles of denaturation (94°C for 40 sec), of hybridization (prog. 1: 60°C for 50 sec; prog. 2: 58°C for 50 sec, prog. 3 and 4: 55°C for 50 sec) and of elongation (prog. 1 and 4: 72°C for 1 min, prog. 2 and 3: 72°C for 40 sec), followed by a final elongation step (10 min at 72°C). The sequencing of these PCR products was carried out on an ABI 377 sequencer (PE-Applied Biosystems), using either the PCR primers or the internal primers termed "b" and "n" (see Table 2).

4) Characterization of SPG4

The cDNA clones 977312 (EST AA560327) and 568234 (EST AA107866) derived from the mouse blastocyst and E8 embryo cDNA libraries, which both correspond to the murine ortholog of SPG4, were isolated using the IMAGE consortium

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and sequenced in the laboratory on an ABI 377 sequencer (PE-Applied Biosystems). In order to analyze the expression profile of SPG4 and of its murine ortholog Spg4, the collections of cDNA from various fetal and adult human tissues, and also from mouse tissues (MTC panels, Clontech), were tested by PCR according to the supplier's protocol, with the SPA_Ca/SPA_Cm pair of primers for the human cDNAs and the SPA_Ca/spam (spam: 5'-ACCGAAGTCAAGAGCCTATC-3') pair for the mouse cDNAs. The PCR conditions are those used for amplifying SPG4 from lymphoblast line cDNA (cf. § Detection of mutations), except that these samples were subjected to 32 cycles for the cDNAs derived from adult human tissues and from mouse tissues, and to 28 cycles for the cDNAs derived from fetal tissues. The amplification products migrated by electrophoresis on 2% agarose gels.

5) Histological analysis of a muscle biopsy from a patient

The histological and histo-enzymatic analyses were carried out on a muscle biopsy from a patient derived from an SPG4 locus-linked family according to the standard techniques described in Casari et al., 1998.

6) Accession numbers in the public databases

The SPG4 (or SPAST) cDNA and the deduced protein sequence, GenBank/EMBL AJ246001; the incomplete Spg4 cDNA clone, GenBank/EMBL AJ246002; the SPG4 (or SPAST) gene, GenBank/EMBL AJ246003.

20 Example 2: Analysis of the sequence of the SPG4 range

The analysis of the recombination events made it possible to reduce the SPG4 candidate region to a genetic range of 0 cM between the D2S352 and D2S2347 markers (19, 20). A presequencing map of the SPG4 range composed of 37 BACs was constructed (Hazan et al., in press in Genomics); the candidate region covers a physical distance of approximately of 1.5 Mb. Twelve overlapping BACs, stretching over the SPG4 region, with the exception of a single 4 kb hole between clones A and E, were selected to be sequenced (fig. 1A). Seven of these BACs (A, B, C, D, E, F and G), covering approximately 70% of the region of interest, have already been sequenced. The sequences of these 7 BACs were compared with those of the nucleic acid and protein databases, and analyzed with four exon prediction programs. These preliminary sequence analyses made it possible to reveal 14 potential transcription units, including three corresponding to the genes encoding xanthine dehydrogenase, steroid 5α -reductase 2 and a TGF β -binding protein. Of the 14 genes detected by the sequence analysis, 9 had been previously identified in the EST (for "Expressed Sequence Tag") databases and located in the SPG4 range (Hazan et al., in press in

Genomics); the 5 remaining genes could only be identified by sequencing the candidate region. One of these 5 novel genes showed homology in 3' of its coding region, with the genes encoding the AAA protein family (Confalonieri et al., 1995). More thorough sequence analyses showed that this gene, named SPG4 (or SPAST), was composed of 17 exons and extended over a region of approximately 90 kb, covered by two adjacent BAC clones, D and G (cf. fig. 1B). The first three predicted exons of this gene were identified in BAC D, by two of the four exon prediction programs used, GRAIL II and GENSCAN; they show strong homology with a mouse blastocyst EST, AA560327. The last 14 exons are found in BAC G. The protein sequence deduced from exons 7 to 17 is significantly homologous to a subclass of the AAA family, which includes the Yta6p (Schnall et al., 1994), TBP6 (Schnall et al., 1994) and End 13 yeast proteins, and also the SKD1 mouse protein (Perier et al., 1994).

Of the four exon prediction programs FGENEH appears to be the most reliable and the most powerful, enabling detection of most of the genes of this chromosomal region at 2p21-p22. This observation also applies to the SPG4 gene, for which 15 exons could be demonstrated using this program, while only 4, 9 or 11 exons could be located using the Genie, GRAIL II and GENSCAN programs, respectively. The genomic organization of this gene (fig. 1B) could subsequently be confirmed by determining the sequence of the SPG4 cDNA. The intron/exon junctions are represented on table 3 hereinafter: the exon size ranges from 41 bp (exon 16) to 1.410 kb (exon 17), that of the introns ranging from 140 bp (intron 11) to 23.247 kb (intron 1).

Table 3 Intron/exon organization of the SPG4 gene

				inition/exon organization of the of 94 gene		
540 87 541 autittiatittaaaag/CAGGACAG 84 628 aauttittictticag/GAGACAG 96 712 cttctctgttgcatag/AGAGATG 134 996 ttttgtatcctttaag/AGAAGTGA 72 1224 agtatatatttttag/TGGAACAG 72 1299 cttgtgattttaaag/GCTAAAGC 76 1371 taatgctttgttttag/TGGACAG 92 1447 cttgtatttcctctag/ATGAGTT 80 1539 gattttttgttttag/GTGGAGAG 43 1619 ggatttttttttag/GCGTTTCA 80 1662 ttttaatatttttag/GCGTTTCA 80 1672 ttttaatatttttcag/AAAGATG 71 1742 tccttcccttcctcag/AATGACTG 41 1813 ctttttagaaaatctag/AACTAAAA 1410 1854 ctttttaaaaaatctag/ATGACAAA	Exon/ intron	Exon size (bp)		Splice acceptor site (SEQ ID No. 74 to 89)	Splice donor site (SEQ ID Nos. 90 to 105)	Intron size (bp)
540 87 541 attitutatittaaaag/CAGGACAG 84 628 aattitutctttcag/GTGAACAG 188 808 actitutccttgtcatag/AAGTGGA 134 996 tittgtatcctttaag/GGTACTCC 94 1 130 aggtcttgtttcttag/TGGACAG 72 1 224 agtatatatttttag/TTGTCAC 72 1 299 cttgtgattttaaag/GCTAAAGC 76 1 371 taatgctttgttttag/GTGGAGA 92 1 447 cttgtatttcctctag/ATGAAGTT 80 1 539 gatttttgttttag/GTGACAGTC 43 1 619 ggattttttttttag/GCGTTTCA 80 1 662 ttttaatatttttcag/ACAAGACT 71 1 742 tccttcccttcctcag/AATGACTG 41 1 813 ctttttaaaaaatctag/AACTAAAA 1 410 1 854 ctttttaaaaaatctag/ATGACAAA						
87 541 auttitttattttaaag/CAGGACAG 84 628 aatttttttttttaag/GTGAACAG 96 712 cttctctgttgcatag/AGAAGTG 188 808 actttttcttgtcag/AAGTGGA 134 996 ttttgtatcctttaag/GGTACTCC 94 1 130 aggtcttgtttcttag/TGATCAC 75 1 299 cttgtgatttttaag/GCTAAAGC 76 1 371 taatgctttgtttttag/GTGGAGA 92 1 447 cttgtatttcctctag/ATGAAGTT 80 1 539 gattttttgcttgtag/GTACAGTC 43 1 619 ggatttttttttttag/GCGTTTCA 80 1 662 ttttaatatttttcag/ACAAGACT 71 1 742 tccttcccttcctcag/AATGACTG 41 1 813 ctttttatgttttacag/AATGACTAAAA 1 410 1 854 ctttttatgttttacag/ATGAGAAA	₩-	540	~		TGAGAAAG/gtaactagggggctgg	23 247
84 628 aatttittictticag/GTGAACAG 96 712 cttctctgttgcatg/AGAAGATG 188 808 actttttccttgtcag/AAAGTGGA 134 996 ttttgtatcctttaag/GGTACTCC 94 1 130 aggtcttgtttcttag/TGTACTCC 75 1 224 agtatatatttttag/TGTACAG 72 1 299 cttgtgatttttaag/GCTAAAGC 76 1 371 taatgctttgtttttag/GTGGGAGA 92 1 447 cttgtatttcctctag/ATGAAGTT 80 1 539 gattttttgcttgtag/GTACAGTC 43 1 619 ggatttttttttttgcttgtag/GCGTTTCA 80 1 662 ttttaatatttttcag/ACAAGACT 71 1 742 tccttcccttcctcag/AATGACTG 71 1 742 cttttaatgttttacag/AATGACTG 41 1 813 ctttttaaaaatctag/ATGAGAAA 1 410 1 854 cttttttaaaaatctag/ATGAGAAA	7	87	541	atttttattttaaag/CAGGACAG	AGGACAAG/gtaagattgtatttgt	1 943
96 712 cttctctgttgcatag/AGAGATG 188 808 actttttccttgtcag/AAAGTGGA 134 996 ttttgtatcctttaag/GGTACTCC 94 1 130 aggtcttgtttcttag/TGGAACAG 75 1 224 agtatatatttttag/TGTTCAC 72 1 299 cttgtgatttttaaag/GCTAAAGC 76 1 371 taatgctttgtttttag/GTGGAGA 92 1 447 cttgtatttcctctag/ATGAAGTT 80 1 539 gattttttttttttttag/GCGTTTCA 43 1 619 ggatttttttttttttag/GCGTTTCA 80 1 662 ttttaatatttttcag/ACAAGACT 71 1 742 tccttcccttcctcag/AATGACTG 41 1 813 cttttatgttttacag/AATGACTAAA 1 410 1 854 ctttttaaaaatctag/ATGAGAAA	ო	84	628	aattttttctttcag/GTGAACAG	ACTTCTAG/gtatcaattaatgtat	9 190
188 808 actttttccttgtcag/AAAGTGGA 134 996 ttttgtatcctttaag/GGTACTCC 94 1 130 aggtcttgtttcttag/TGGAACAG 75 1 224 agtatatatttttag/TTGTTCAC 72 1 371 taatgctttgttttag/GTGGGAGA 92 1 447 cttgtatttcctctag/ATGAAGTT 80 1 539 gattttttgcttgtag/GTACAGTC 43 1 619 ggatttttttttttag/GCGTTTCA 80 1 662 ttttaatatttttcag/ACAAGACT 71 1 742 tccttcccttcctcag/AATGACTG 41 1 813 ctttttagttttacag/AATGACAAA 1 410 1 854 ctttttagaaaatctag/ATGAGAA	4	96	712	cttctctgttgcatag/AGAAGATG	CCAGTCAG/gtgggtttaggttaac	15 745
 134 996 ttttgtatcctttaag/GGTACTCC 94 1 130 aggtcttgtttcttag/TGGAACAG 75 1 224 agtatatattttttag/TTGTTCAC 76 1 371 taatgctttgttttag/GTAAAGC 92 1 447 cttgtatttcctctag/ATGAAGTT 80 1 539 gattttttgcttgtag/GTACAGTC 43 1 619 ggatttttttttttag/GCGTTTCA 80 1 662 ttttaatatttttcag/ACAAGACT 71 1 742 tccttcccttcctcag/AATGACTG 41 1 813 cttttatgttttacag/AACTAAAA 1 410 1 854 ctttttaaaaaatctag/ATGAGAA 	Ŋ	188	808	acttttccttgtcag/AAAGTGGA	CTCATAAG/gtattctgggacagta	876
 94 1130 aggtcttgtttcttag/TGGAACAG 75 1224 agtatatatttttag/TTGTTCAC 72 1299 cttgtgattttaaag/GCTAAAGC 76 1371 taatgctttgttttag/GTGGAGA 92 1447 cttgtattcctctag/ATGAAGTT 80 1539 gattttttgcttgtag/GTACAGTC 43 1619 ggatttttttttttag/GCGTTTCA 80 1662 ttttaatatttttcag/ACAAGACT 71 1742 tccttcccttcctcag/AATGACTG 41 1813 ctttttatgttttacag/AACTAAAA 1410 1854 ctttttaaaaatctag/ATGAGAA 	9	134	966	ttttgtatcctttaag/GGTACTCC	GTGGACAA/gtaagttttgccatct	283
75 1 224 agtatatatttttag/TTGTTCAC 72 1 299 cttgtgattttaaag/GCTAAAGC 76 1 371 taatgctttgttttag/GTGGAGA 92 1 447 cttgtattcctctag/ATGAAGTT 80 1 539 gattttttgcttgtag/GTACAGTC 43 1 619 ggattttttttttag/GCGTTTCA 80 1 662 ttttaatatttttcag/ACAAGACT 71 1 742 tccttcccttcctcag/AATGACTG 41 1 813 ctttttatgttttacag/AATGACAA 1 410 1 854 ctttttaaaaatctag/ATGAGAA	7	94	1 130	aggtcttgtttcttag/TGGAACAG	GGCCTGAG/gtaagaactttatatt	10 735
72 1299 cttgtgatttttaaag/GCTAAAGC 76 1371 taatgctttgttttag/GTGGAGA 92 1447 cttgtattcctctag/ATGAAGTT 80 1539 gattttttgcttgtag/GTACAGTC 43 1619 ggatttttttttttgg/GCGTTTCA 80 1662 ttttaatatttttcag/ACAAGACT 71 1742 tccttcccttcctcag/AATGACTG 41 1813 ctttttatgttttacag/AACTAAAA 1410 1854 ctttttaaaaatctag/ATGAGAA	∞	75	1 224	agtatatatttttag/TTGTTCAC	CAATGCTG/gtaagggttctcttca	1 385
76 1 371 taatgctttgttttgttttag/GTGGAGA 92 1 447 cttgtatttcctctag/ATGAAGTT 80 1 539 gattttttgcttgtag/GTACAGTC 43 1 619 ggattttttttttttgcCGTTTCA 80 1 662 ttttaatatttttcag/ACAAGACT 71 1 742 tccttcccttcctcag/AATGACTG 41 1 813 ctttttatgttttacag/AACTAAAA 1 410 1 854 ctttttaaaaaatctag/ATGAGAA	O	72	1 299	cttgtgatttttaaag/GCTAAAGC	CAAAATAC/gtgagtgctctgtttc	8 083
92 1 447 cttgtatttcctctag/ATGAAGTT 80 1 539 gattttttgcttgtag/GTACAGTC 43 1 619 ggattttttttttag/GCGTTTCA 80 1 662 ttttaatatttttcag/ACAAGACT 71 1 742 tccttcccttcctcag/AATGACTG 41 1 813 cttttatgttttacag/AACTAAAA 1 410 1 854 ctttttaaaaaatctag/ATGAGAA	10	92	1 371	taatgctttgttttag/GTGGGAGA	TTTTATAG/gtaagaacatattttc	238
80 1 539 gattttttgcttgtag/GTACAGTC 43 1 619 ggatttttttttttag/GCGTTTCA 80 1 662 ttttaatatttttcag/ACAAGACT 71 1 742 tccttcccttcctcag/AATGACTG 41 1 813 cttttatgttttacag/AACTAAAA 1 410 1 854 ctttttaaaaatctag/ATGAGAA	7	92	1 447	cttgtatttcctctag/ATGAAGTT	TTGATGGT/gtaagtgttgattatg	140
43 1 619 ggatttttttttttg/GCGTTTCA 80 1 662 ttttaatatttttcag/ACAAGACT 71 1 742 tccttcccttcctcag/AATGACTG 41 1 813 cttttatgttttacag/AACTAAAA 1 410 1 854 ctttttaaaaaatctag/ATGAGAAA	12	80	1 539	gattttttgcttgtag/GTACAGTC	GTTCTCAG/gtagggagatttatat	4 715
80 1 662 ttttaatatttttcag/ACAAGACT 71 1 742 tccttcccttcctcag/AATGACTG 41 1 813 cttttatgttttacag/AACTAAAA 1 410 1 854 ctttttaaaaaatctag/ATGAGAAA	13	43	1 619	ggattttttttttg/GCGTTTCA	ATGAGGAG/gtatgtatctgtgttt	1 389
71 1742 tccttcccttcctcag/AATGACTG 41 1813 cttttatgttttacag/AACTAAAA 1410 1854 ctttttaaaaaatctag/ATGAGAAA	4	80	1 662	ttttaatatttttcag/ACAAGACT	CTTGCTAG/gtgagtaatttggatt	1 521
1 813 cttttatgtttacag/AACTAAAA 1 854 ctttttaaaaatctag/ATGAGAAA	15	7.1	1 742	tccttcccttcctcag/AATGACTG	TATCCGAG/gtaggtatacaagagc	2 2 1 0
1 854	16	41	1 813	cttttatgttttacag/AACTAAAA	CCAGTGAG/gtatagtatttacaa	7 115
,	17	1 410	1 854	ctttttaaaaatctag/ATGAGAAA		

The sequences of the exons and introns are indicated in upper case and lower case, respectively.

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Example 3: Identification of the SPG4 cDNA

Several successive amplifications by 5' and 3' RACE-PCR were carried out on collections of adult liver and brain and fetal brain cDNA, in order to characterize the SPG4 transcript. All the 5' RACE-PCRs gave amplification products terminating at nt position 263 of the SPG4 cDNA (fig. 2), which was probably due to the rich GC content of the 5' region of the transcript (90% of GC in the 60 bp preceding nt position 263). Four overlapping PCR products, covering all of the coding region, were amplified from the cDNAs derived from the lymphoblasts of six control individuals, and entirely sequenced with the aim of verifying the sequence of the SPG4 transcript. Aligning the sequences of all the PCR and RACE-PCR products made it possible to reconstitute a 3263 bp sequence comprising a 1848 bp open reading frame preceded by a 125 bp untranslated 5' region (5' UTR for "5' UnTranslated Region") and followed by 1290 bp 3' UTR region including a polyadenylation site between nt positions 3227-3232, ~ 35 bp upstream of the polyA tail (fig. 2). Comparing the sequence of the SPG4 cDNA with the EST databanks made it possible to detect significant homology with 6 human ESTs, including EST N47973 which contains a more extended 3' noncoding region (+ 180 bp) comprising a second polyadenylation site. The translation initiation site was identified by the presence of a Kosak consensus sequence (CTGTGAatgA) defined as a "suitable context" for translation initiation given that a purine is located 3 nt upstream of the initiator ATG, itself preceded by a STOP codon. The 3263 bp cDNA sequence is identical to the transcribed sequence deduced from the 17 exons of the SPG4 gene. The analysis of the sequence of the 5' region using the TSSG and TSSW computer programs suggests the presence of a promoter sequence of the TATA box type located 43 bp upstream of nt position 1 of exon 1.

25 Example 4: Mutations in the SPG4 gene

Heterozygous mutations were sought in the SPG4 cDNA originating from lymphoblasts of 14 patients derived from SPG4 locus-linked families (1 affected individual per family). Four overlapping PCR fragments, I, II, III and IV, covering the open reading frame of the SPG4 cDNA, were amplified and sequenced in the 14 patients, and also in 6 healthy control individuals. The agarose gel electrophoresis of PCR fragment IV showed three bands of equal intensity in 3 patients from families 2992, 5226 and 5330 originating from the same region of Switzerland, which would suggest a microdeletion or a mutation of a splice site; the two additional bands were not present in 2 healthy individuals derived from families 2992 and 5330 (fig. 3A). The genomic sequence of exon 16 revealed a heterozygous A->G mutation of the splice acceptor site (AG) of intron 15 in the affected

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individuals of these three families (fig. 3B); this mutation engenders the loss of exon 16, followed by a reading frame shift in the abnormal transcript. None of the healthy members, including husbands and wives, carry this mutation of the splice site. The identification of the same mutation in all the affected members of these three Swiss families demonstrates the existence of a common ancestor, which had probably been suggested by the study of the haplotypes.

Three point mutations, 1210C->G, 1468G->A and 1620C->T, which introduced amino acid substitutions into the protein sequence (S362C, C448Y and R499C), were respectively revealed by sequencing PCR fragments III and IV in the affected individuals of families 624, 4014 and 618. These three substitutions all involve a cysteine residue, inducing the loss or insertion of a cysteine in the protein sequence. A 1 bp deletion, 1520delT, which creates the appearance of a STOP codon inducing a truncated protein composed of 465 amino acids (aa), was detected in the affected individuals of family A. None of the five mutations summarized in table 4 hereinafter was found in the control individuals tested, whether they belong to the healthy siblings or to the spouses of the seven families analyzed herein. These five mutations significantly affect the protein sequence in a very conserved domain, or AAA cassette (Beyer, 1997), which is composed of several protein motifs presumed to be responsible for the ATPase activity in all the members of the AAA family.

Table 4
Mutations in SPG4 in the patients suffering from AD-HSP

	Location	Mutation	Amino acid change	Consequence
624	exon 7	1 210 C → G	S362C	missense
4 014	exon 11	1 468 G → A	C448Y	missense
∢	exon 11	1 520 delT	466STOPcodon	nonsense
618	exon 13	1 620 C T	R499C	missense
2 992	intron 15	2 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0	∆ aa564 → aa576 (PTC+7 aa)	loss of exon 16 + shift
5 226	intron 15	9 7 2 2 2 3	∆ aa564 → aa576 (PTC+7 aa)	loss of exon 16 + shift
5 330	intron 15	1 813-2a → g	∆ aa564 → aa576 (PTC+7 aa)	loss of exon 16 + shift

^a The nt positions refer to the sequence of the SPG4 cDNA.

^b The aa positions refer to the spastin sequence.

The bases of the exons are indicated in upper case, those of the introns in lower case.

PTC+7 aa = "premature termination codon" at 7 aa downstream of exon 16.

In addition to these five mutations described above, searches for heterozygous mutations, carried out on patients suffering from AD-HSP derived from 36 other families, made it possible to reveal 34 other mutations which modified or were likely to modify the product of expression of the SPG4 gene.

The characteristics of these 34 other mutations are summarized in table 5 hereinafter, into which the first five mutations mentioned above have also been inserted.

Table 5

Mutations in SPG4 in the patients suffering from AD-HSP

Family	Location	Mutation ^a	Amino acid change ^b	Consequence
	_	1210 C →G	S362C	missense
624	exon 7	1233 G →A	G370R	missense
6958	exon 8	1267 T →G	F381C	missense
214	exon 8	1283 T →G	N386K	missense
1002 027	exon 8	1288 A →G	K388R	missense
019	exon 8 exon 10		L426V	missense
4014	exon 10 exon 11	1401 C → G	C448Y	missense
148	exon 11	1468 G →A	R460L	missense
618	exon 13	1504 G →T	R499C	missense
636	exon 15	1620 C →T	D555N	missense
627	exon 15	1788 G →A	A556V	missense
027	exon 13	1792 C →T		
2971	exon 3	702 C →T	Q193STOP	nonsense
3655	exon 5	873 A →T	K229STOP	nonsense
1010	exon 5	907 C →A	S261STOP	nonsense
3938	exon 5	932 C →G	Y269STOP	nonsense
6922	exon 10	1416 C → T	R431STOP	nonsense
616	exon 10	i e	R431STOP	nonsense
605	exon 15	1416 C →T	R562STOP	nonsense
<u> </u>		1809 C →T	PMO : A	1:0
030	exon 2	578-579insA	PTC + 2 aa	shift + nonsense
615	exon 5	852del11	PTC + 18 aa	shift + nonsense
042	exon 5	882-883insA	PTC + 12 aa	shift + nonsense
032 189	exon 5	906delT	PTC + 17 aa	shift + nonsense
3686	exon 9 exon 9	1299delG 1340del5	PTC + 3 aa PTC + 35 aa	shift + nonsense
625	exon 9	1340del5	PTC + 35 aa	shift + nonsense shift + nonsense
A A	exon 11	1540delT	PTC + 7 aa	shift + nonsense
115	exon 12	1574delGG	PTC + 2 aa	shift + nonsense
3266	exon 13	1634del22	PTC + 18 aa	shift + nonsense
149	exon 14	1684-1685insTT	PTC + 9 aa	shift + nonsense
645	exon 14	1685del4	PTC + 7 aa	shift + nonsense
		808-2 a →g	?	
029	intron 4		?	splice site mutation
162	intron 6	1129+2 t →g	?	splice site mutation
125	intron 7	1223+1 g →t	?	splice site mutation
143	intron 8	1299+1 g →a	(PTC + 6 aa)	splice site mutation
1620	intron 11	1538+5 g →a	(FIC+6 aa)	loss of exon 11 + shift
1006	intron 11	1538+3 del4	T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	splice site mutation
1605	intron 13	1661+1 g →t	?	splice site mutation
1003	intron 13	_	?	splice site mutation
1626	intron 15	1662-2 a →t	?	
		1812+1 g →a	Δ aa564 \mapsto aa576 (PTC+7 aa)	splice site mutation
2992	intron 15	1813-2 a →g	Δ aa564 \mapsto aa576 (PTC+7 aa)	loss of exon 16 + shift
5226	intron 15	1813-2 a →g	\triangle aa564 \mapsto aa576 (PTC+7 aa)	loss of exon 16 + shift
5330	intron 15	1813-2 a →g	7	loss of exon 16 + shift
1611	intron 16	_	· ·	splice site mutation
		1853+1 g →a	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

^a The nt positions refer to the sequence of the SPG4 cDNA. ^b The aa positions refer to the spastin sequence. The exon bases are indicated in upper case, those of the introns in lower case. PTC+n aa - "premature termination codon" at n amino acids downstream of the mutation.

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Example 5: Analysis of the protein sequence of spastin

The open reading frame of SPG4 encodes a 616 aa protein which we have named spastin and the molecular weight of which is approximately 67.2 kDaltons (kD). The comparison of this amino acid sequence in the protein databases, using the BLAST programs, made it possible to reveal a region of strong homology with several members of the AAA family, at the C-terminal end of spastin. The "typical" motifs of the AAA family, encompassed in the AAA cassette, are located between aa positions 342 and 599 (see fig. 2) according to the sequence comparisons in the ProDom and Prosite protein domain databases. The three conserved typical domains, including the Walker A and B motifs and also the minimum consensus motif of the AAA proteins are located in the AAA cassette at aa positions 382-389, 437-442 and 480-498, respectively, (fig. 2). The Walker A motif, "GPPGNGKT", also called p-loop, which corresponds to the ATP-binding domain, and the B motif, "IIFIDE", are very conserved among all the members of the AAA family, including spastin.

The comparison of the AAA cassettes present in 150 proteins of this ATPase family, derived from organisms which are very far apart in evolution made it possible to classify this set of proteins into several subgroups, as a function of the number of AAA cassettes identified (1 or 2) and of the sequence homologies between these various cassettes (Beyer, 1997). Among all the proteins of the AAA family, spastin shows stronger homology with a particular subclass of the AAAs, and more specifically with the following proteins, most of which were identified through the complete sequencing of the genome of the organism in question: two proteins of Caenorhabditis elegans, O16299 and Q18128; two subunits of the 26S proteasome of Saccharomyces cerevisiae, Yta6p (Q02845) and TBP6 (P40328) (Schnall et al., 1994); a subunit of the proteasome of Schizosaccharomyces pombe (O43078); the SAP1 (P39955) and END13 (P52917) proteins of S. cerevisiae and the murine SKD1 protein (P46467) (Perier et al., 1994). The multiple alignment of these 8 proteins with spastin is represented in fig. 4A. Of the 257 amino acids encompassing the AAA cassette (aa positions 342-599), spastin shows 52%, 51% and 50% sequence identity with the Yta6p (Q02845) yeast protein, the O16299 nematode protein and the TBP6 (P40328) yeast protein, respectively. Similar results were obtained by analyzing the protein sequence of spastin in the ProDom database, which showed the existence of three domains of homology (named 92, 179 and 6226, and corresponding to aa positions 342-409, 411-509 and 512-599) found in the putative subunits of the 26S proteasome of yeast. In addition, the members of this AAA subgroup most commonly contain motifs of the leucine-zipper type, two of which could be detected

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in the protein sequence of spastin at aa positions 50-78 and 508-529, by analyzing the sequence in the Prosite database (see fig. 2). This analysis was also able to predict the presence of a dimerization motif of the helix-loop-helix type, located between aa positions 478 and 486.

The comparison of the protein sequence of spastin with those of the mitochondrial metalloproteases, such as the AFG3, RCA1 and YME1 yeast proteins, and also paraplegin, which is implicated in a rare form of AR-HSP, shows that the homology between these five members of the AAA family is limited to the 257aa region encompassing the AAA cassette (fig. 4B). In this region, the sequence identity between spastin and paraplegin is only 29%, whereas paraplegin and the AFG3 yeast protein are 57% identical over this same portion of the protein sequence. This sequence comparison suggests that spastin does not belong to the same AAA subgroup as paraplegin and other mitochondrial metalloproteases. In addition, the computer analysis of the spastin sequence using the PSORT II program, which makes it possible to predict the subcellular location of the proteins, appears to indicate that spastin is a nuclear protein. A possible nuclear localization signal (NLS), RGKKK, was revealed between an positions 7 and 11, whereas no signal peptide characteristic of importation into mitochondria could be detected, unlike what had been observed for paraplegin.

Example 6: Expression profiles for SPG4 and for its murine ortholog Spg4

The comparison of the nucleic acid sequence of SPG4 in the EST databanks made it possible to detect several human, murine and rat ESTs showing strong homology with SPG4. The mouse blastocyst and E8 embryo cDNA clones corresponding to two of the murine ESTs, AA560327 and AA107866, were obtained from the IMAGE consortium and entirely sequenced. The assembly of the sequences of these cDNA clones made it possible to reconstitute a 1689 bp consensus sequence including a 1514 bp incomplete open reading frame. The comparison between the human SPG4 cDNA and this mouse cDNA showed that the murine transcript lacks approximately 460 bp at the 5' end, including the translation initiation codon. The mouse open reading frame is followed by a 175 bp 3' noncoding region (3' UTR) containing a polyadenylation site located ~20 bp upstream of the polyA tail (fig. 5). The nucleic acid sequence of SPG4 and the protein sequence of human spastin show 89% (between nt positions 460 and 1982) and 96% (between aa positions 113 and 616) identity, respectively, with the mouse cDNA and deduced protein sequences. This considerable degree of homology makes it possible to affirm that this mouse transcript corresponds to the murine ortholog of SPG4, which was therefore named Spg4.

The hybridization of Northern blots comprising the mRNAs of various human and murine tissues (Clontech) with the SPG4 and Spg4 cDNA clones did not give any convincing results, except a very weak band corresponding to a 2.5 kb transcript in the mouse testicle after exposure for 10 days. Because of the low level of expression of this gene, the expression profiles for SPG4 and Spg4 were determined by PCR experiments on normalized collections of cDNA originating from various adult and fetal tissues (see fig. 6A to 6C). The murine Spg4 gene is expressed ubiquitously in the adult tissues of mice, and also from the E7 stage to the E17 stage of mouse embryos (fig. 6A). Higher expression of Spg4 was detected in the liver, skeletal muscle and testicles, and also at the E15 stage of embryos. The early expression of Spg4 during embryonic development was confirmed by the presence of ESTs originating from blastocyst, E8 embryo and embryonic carcinoma cDNA libraries in the public EST databanks. The human SPG4 gene is, itself, also expressed ubiquitously in adult (fig. 6B) and fetal (fig. 6C) tissues, with perhaps more marked expression in fetal brain.

Example 7: No oxidative phosphorylation impairment in SPG4 locus-linked AD-HSP

In order to determine whether spastin mutations induced an oxidative phosphorylation (OXPHOS) impairment in mitochondria, in the same way as had been observed for paraplegin, a muscle biopsy was performed on a patient from one of the SPG4 locus-linked AD-HSP families. The morphological and histo-enzymatic analyses of this muscle biopsy did not reveal any muscle fibers of the RRF (for "ragged red fiber") type, characteristic of OXPHOS impairments in mitochondria. The fact that all the muscle fibers appear to be normal, and also the prediction of a nuclear localization for spastin, seem to indicate that SPG4 locus-linked AD-HSP is not a mitochondrial disease of the OXPHOS type, unlike SPG7 locus-linked AR-HSP.

Using a positional cloning approach based on sequencing a 1.5 Mb region, we have identified the SPG4 (or SPAST) gene responsible for the most common form of AD-HSP, previously located on chromosomal bands 2p21-p22. Thirty nine mutations which modify or are likely to modify the gene product, named spastin, could be detected in the affected individuals from forty one families with AD-HSP showing a link to the SPG4 locus. Spastin is a novel member of the AAA protein family, which appears to have a nuclear localization and which shows strong homology with the subunits of the 26S proteasome of yeast. Despite great homology restricted to a domain of 230 to 250 aa, termed AAA cassette, the many members of this protein family can participate in very varied cellular mechanisms, such as the transport of proteins in vesicles, cell cycle

regulation, organelle biogenesis, i.e. control of transcription, etc. However, all these cellular mechanisms involve the assembly, the functioning or the degradation of protein complexes, which suggest that the members of the AAA family are so-called "chaperon" proteins.

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CLAIMS

- 1. Purified or isolated nucleic acid of the SPG4 gene, characterized in that it comprises a sequence chosen from the group comprising:
- 5 a) the sequence SEQ ID No. 1, the sequence SEQ ID No. 2, the sequence SEQ ID No. 72, the sequence SEQ ID No. 106 or the sequence of at least 15 consecutive nucleotides of one of these sequences;
 - the nucleic acid sequences which are homologs or variants of the sequences SEQ ID
 No. 1, SEQ ID No. 2, SEQ ID No. 72 or SEQ ID No. 106; and
- 10 c) the complementary sequence or the RNA sequence corresponding to the sequences as defined in a) and b).
 - 2. Purified or isolated nucleic acid according to claim 1, with the exception of the nucleic acid identified in the GenBank databank under the accession number AB029006.
 - 3. Purified or isolated nucleic acid according to claim 1 or 2, characterized in that it comprises at least one sequence of at least 15 consecutive nucleotides of the nt 714-809, ends inclusive, fragment of the sequence SEQ ID No. 2, of the sequence complementary thereto or of the sequence of the corresponding RNA thereof.
 - 4. Purified or isolated nucleic acid according to one of claims 1 to 3, characterized in that it comprises a mutation corresponding to a natural polymorphism in humans.
 - 5. Probe or primer, characterized in that it comprises a sequence of a nucleic acid according to one of claims 1 to 4.
- 6. Probe or primer according to claim 5, characterized in that its sequence is chosen from the sequencs SEQ ID No. 4 to SEQ ID No. 71.
 - 7. Splice acceptor or donor site, characterized in that it comprises a sequence of a nucleic acid according to claim 1 chosen from the sequences SEQ ID No. 74 to SEQ ID No. 105.
- 8. Method for screening cDNA or genomic DNA libraries, or for cloning isolated genomic or cDNA encoding spastin, characterized in that it uses a nucleic acid sequence according to one of claims 1 to 7.
 - 9. Method according to claim 8, for identifying the genomic or cDNA sequence of the SPG4 gene of mammals, in particular of mice.
 - 10. Method for identifying a mutation carried by the human SPG4 gene, characterized in that it uses a nucleic acid sequence according to one of claims 1 to 7.

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- 11. Method according to claim 10, for identifying a mutation responsible for autosomal dominant hereditary spastic paraplegia.
- 12. Method for identifying the nucleic acid sequences which promote and/or regulate the expression of the SPG4 gene, characterized in that it uses a nucleic acid sequence according to one of claims 1 to 7.
 - 13. Nucleic acid identified using a method according to one of claims 9 to 12.
- 14. Polypeptide encoded by a nucleic acid according to one of claims 1 to 4 and 13.
- 15. Polypeptide according to claim 14, preferably with the exception of the 584 amino acid peptide, the sequence of which is identified in the GenBank databank under the accession number AB029006.
- 16. Polypeptide according to claim 14 or 15, characterized in that it comprises an amino acid sequence chosen from the group comprising:
- a) the sequence SEQ ID No. 3, the sequence SEQ ID No. 73, the sequence SEQ ID No. 107 or the sequence of at least 10 consecutive amino acids of one of these sequences; and
- b) the sequences which are homologs or variants of the sequences SEQ ID No. 3, SEQ ID No. 73 or SEQ ID No. 107.
- 17. Polypeptide according to claim 14 or 15, characterized in that it comprises the sequence of at least 8 consecutive amino acids of the sequence of the aa 197-228, ends inclusive, fragment of the sequence SEQ ID No. 3.
- 18. Polypeptide according to claim 14 or 15, characterized in that it comprises an amino acid sequence chosen from the group comprising the sequence SEQ ID No. 3, the sequence SEQ ID No. 73, the sequence SEQ ID No. 107, which sequences carrying at least one of the mutations corresponding to a natural polymorphism in humans, and the sequences of the fragments thereof of at least 10 consecutive amino acids.
- 19. Cloning and/or expression vector containing a nucleic acid sequence according to one of claims 1 to 4, and 13.
- 20. Vector according to claim 19, characterized in that it includes the elements required for its expression in a host cell.
 - 21. Host cell transformed with a vector according to claim 19 or 20.
 - 22. Mammal, except a human, characterized in that it comprises a cell according to claim 21.
- 23. Mammal, except a human, according to claim 22, comprising a transformed cell, characterized in that the sequence of at least one of the two alleles of the SPG4 gene

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contains at least one of the mutations corresponding to a natural polymorphism in humans or identified using a method according to claim 10 or 11.

- 24. Use of a nucleic acid sequence according to one of claims 5, 6 and 13, as a probe or primer, for detecting and/or amplifying nucleic acid sequences.
- 25. Use of a nucleic acid sequence according to one of claims 1 to 7, and 13, for screening a genomic or cDNA library.
- 26. Use of a nucleic acid sequence according to one of claims 1 to 4 and 13, for producing a recombinant or synthetic polypeptide.
- 27. Method for producing a recombinant polypeptide, characterized in that a transformed cell according to claim 21 is cultured under conditions which allow the expression of said recombinant polypeptide, and in that said recombinant polypeptide is recovered.
- 28. Polypeptide, characterized in that it is obtained using a method according to claim 27.
- 29. Mono- or polyclonal antibodies or their fragments, chimeric antibodies or immunoconjugates, characterized in that they are capable of specifically recognizing a polypeptide according to one of claims 14 to 18, and 28.
- 30. Method for detecting and/or purifying a polypeptide according to one of claims 14 to 18, and 28, characterized in that it uses an antibody according to claim 29.
- 31. Method for genotypic diagnosis of AD-HSP associated with the SPG4 gene, characterized in that a nucleic acid sequence according to one of claims 1 to 7 and 13 is used.
- 32. Method for genotypic diagnosis of AD-HSP associated with the presence of at least one mutation on a sequence of the SPG4 gene, using a biological sample from a patient, characterized in that it includes the following steps:
- a) where appropriate, isolation of the genomic DNA from the biological sample to be analyzed, or production of cDNA from the RNA of the biological sample;
- b) specific amplification of said DNA sequence of the SPG4 gene likely to contain a mutation, using primers according to either of claims 5 and 6 or a nucleic acid according to claim 13;
- c) analysis of the amplification products obtained and comparison of their sequence with the corresponding normal sequence of the SPG4 gene.
- 33. Method for diagnosing AD-HSP associated with abnormal expression of a polypeptide encoded by the SPG4 gene, characterized in that one or more antibodies according to claim 29 is (are) brought into contact with the biological material to be tested,

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under conditions which allow the possible formation of specific immunological complexes between said polypeptide and said antibody or antibodies, and in that the immunological complexes possibly formed are detected and/or quantified.

- 34. Method for selecting a chemical or biochemical compound which is capable of interacting directly or indirectly with a polypeptide according to one of claims 14 to 18, and 28, or with a nucleic acid according to one of claims 1 to 7, and 13, and/or which makes it possible to modulate the expression or the activity of these polypeptides, characterized in that it comprises bringing a nucleic acid sequence according to one of claims 1 to 7, and 13, a polypeptide according to one of claims 14 to 18, and 28, a vector according to either of claims 19 and 20, a cell according to claim 21, a mammal according to either of claims 22 and 23 or an antibody according to claim 29 into contact with a candidate compound, and detecting a modification of the activity of said polypeptide.
- 35. Use of a nucleic acid sequence according to one of claims 1 to 7, and 13, of a polypeptide according to one of claims 14 to 18, and 28, of a vector according to either of claims 19 and 20, of a cell according to claim 21, of a mammal according to either of claims 22 and 23 or of an antibody according to claim 29, for studying the expression or the activity of the SPG4 gene.
- 36. Kit or pack for diagnosis, characterized in that it comprises at least one compound chosen from the following group of compounds:
- a) a nucleic acid according to either of claims 5 and 6; and
- b) an antibody according to claim 29.

CLONING, EXPRESSION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF THE SPG4 GENE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE MOST COMMON FORM OF AUTOSOMAL DOMINANT SPASTIC PARAPLEGIA

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

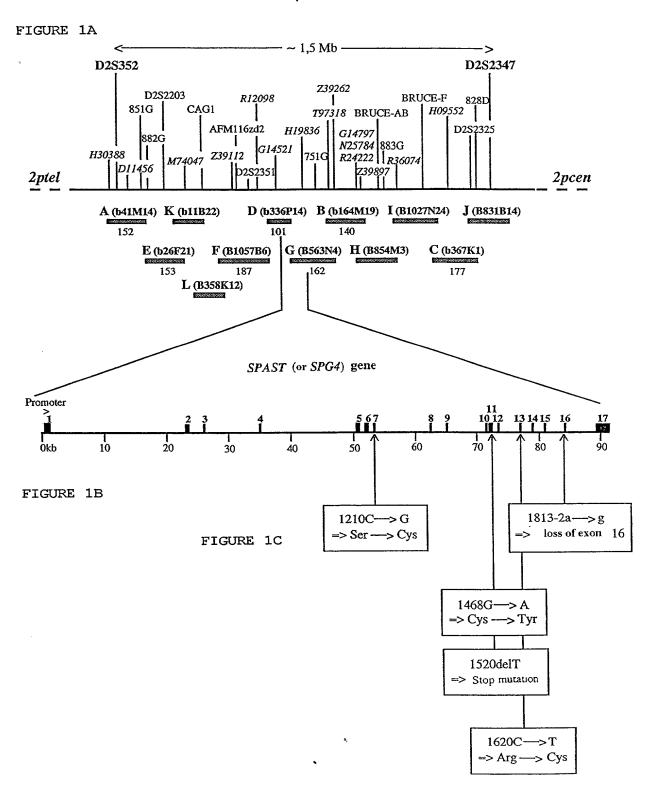
The invention concerns the identification and characterization of the SPG4 gene encoding spastin, and some mutations thereof responsible for the most frequent form of autosomal dominant familial spastic paraplegia, to the cloning and characterization of its cDNA and the corresponding polypeptides. The invention also concerns vectors, transformed cells and transgenic animals as well as diagnostic methods and kits, and methods for selecting a chemical or biological compound capable of directly or indirectly interacting with said polypeptide.

CLONING, EXPRESSION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF THE SPG4 GENE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE MOST COMMON FORM OF AUTOSOMAL DOMINANT SPASTIC PARAPLEGIA

Inventors: Jean Weissenbach, Jamilé Hazan Serial No. Herewith Attorney Docket: R-341894

Sheet 1 of 7

1/7



CLONING, EXPRESSION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF THE SPG4 GENE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE MOST COMMON FORM OF AUTOSOMAL DOMINANT SPASTIC PARAPLEGIA

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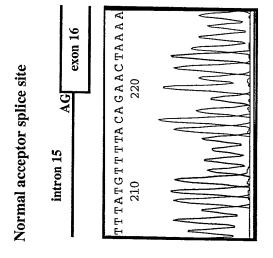
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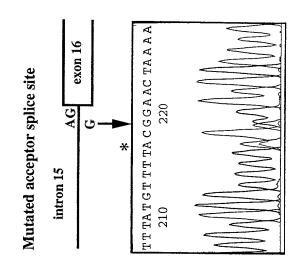
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L	CAGGCCTCCGCCCCTTGCCTGGCCCCGCCCCCCCCCCGCCGC	285
23	R P P P P C L A P A P P A A G P A P P P E S P H K R N L Y Y F S	203
د.	CCTACCCGCTGTTTGTAGGCTTCGCGCTGCTGCTGCTCGCCCTTCCACCTGGGGCTCCTCTTCGTGTGGCCTCTGCCAGCGCTTCTCCCCGCGCC	380
55	Y P L F V G F A L L R L V A F H L G L L F V W L C Q R F S R A	200
,,	CTCATGGCAGCCAAGAGGAGCTCCGGGGCCGCGCGCAGCACCTGCCTCGGCCTCGGCCCCGGCGCGGGGGGGG	475
86	LMAAKRSSGAAPAPASASAPAPVPGGEAERVR	
	AGTCTTCCACAAACAGGCCTTCGAGTACATCTCCATTGCCCTGCGCATCGATGAGGATGAGAAAGCAGGACAGAAGGAGCAAGCTGTGGAATGGT	570
118	V F H K O A F E Y I S I A L R I D E D E K A 2 G Q K E Q A V E W Y	
	ATAAGAAAGGTATTGAAGAACTGGAAAAAGGAATAGCTGTTATAGTTACAGGACAAGGTGAACAGTGTGAAAGAGCTAGACGCCTTCAAGCTAAA	665
150	K K G I E E L E K G I A V I V T G Q G 3 E Q C E R A R R L Q A K	
	ATGATGACTAATTTGGTTATGGCCAAGGACCGCTTACAACTTCTACAGAGAAGATGCAACCAGTTTTGCCATTTTCCAAGTCACAAACGGACGTCTA	760
181	MMTNLVMAKDRLQLLE4KMQPVLPFSKSQTDVY	
	TAATGACAGTACTAACTTGGCATGCCGCAATGGACATCTCCAGTCAGAAAGTGGAGCTGTTCCAAAAAGAAAAGACCCCTTAACACACAC	855
213	N D S T N L A C R N G H L Q S ESS G A V P K R K D P L T H T S N	
	ATTCACTGCCTCGTTCAAAAACAGTTATGAAAACTGGATCTGCAGGCCTTTCAGGCCACCATAGAGCACCTAGTTACAGTGGTTTATCCATGGTT	950
245	S L P R S K T V M K T G S A G L S G H H R A P S Y S G L S M V	
	TCTGGAGTGAAACAGGGATCTGGTCCTGCTCCTACCACTCATAAGGGTACTCCGAAAACAAATAGGACAAATAAACCTTCTACCCCTACAACTGC	1045
276	S G V K Q G S G P A P T T H K G 6 T P K T N R T N K P S T P T T A	
	TACTCGTAAGAAAAAGACTTGAAGAATTTTAGGAATGTGGACAGCAACCTTGCTAACCTTATAATGAATG	1140
308	TRKKKDLKNFRNVDSNLANLIMNEIVDNG7TAV	
	TTAAATTTGATGATATAGCTGGTCAAGACTTGGCAAAACAAGCATTGCAAGAAATTGTTATTCTTCCTTC	1235
340	K F D D I A G Q D L A K Q A L Q E I V I L P S L R P E L8F T G	1220
	CTTAGAGCTCCTGCCAGAGGGCTGTTACTCTTTGGTCCACCTGGGAATGGGAAGACAATGCTGGCTAAAGCAGTAGCTGCAGAATCGAATGCAAC	1330
371	LRAPARGLLLFGPPGNGKTMLA9KAVAAESNAT	1425
	CTTCTTTAATATAAGTGCTGCAAGTTTAACTTCAAAATACTTGGGGAGAAGGAGAAATTGGTGAGGGCTCTTTTTGCTGTGGCTCGAGAACTTC	1423
403	FFNISAASLTSKY V10GEGEKLVRALFAVARELQ	1520
	AACCTTCTATAATTTTTATAGATGAAGTTGATAGCCTTTTGTGTGAAAGAAGAGAGAG	1320
435	PSIIFID11E V DSLLCERREGEHDASRRLKTEF CTAATAGAATTTGATGGTGTACAGTCTGCTGGAGATGACAGAGTACTTGTAATGGGTGCAACTAATAGGCCACAAGAGCTTGATGAGGCTGTTCT	1615
		1013
466	CAGGCGTTTCATCAAACGGGTATATGTGTCTTTACCAAATGAGGAGACAAGACTACTTTTGCTTAAAAAATCTGTTATGTAAACAAGGAAGTCCAT	1710
498	TGACCCAAAAAGAACTAGCACAACTTGCTAGAATGACTGATGGATACTCAGGAAGTGACCTAACAGCTTTGGCAAAAGATGCAGCACTGGGTCCT	1805
530		
231	ATCCGAGAACTAAAACCAGAACAGGTGAAGAATATGTCTGCCAGTGAGATGAGAAAATATTCGATTATCTGACTTCACTGAATCCTTGAAAAAAAA	1900
56:		
50.	AAAACGCAGCGTCAGCCCTCAAACTTTAGAAGCGTACATACGTTGGAACAAGGACTTTGGAGATACCACTGTTTAAGGAAAATACCTTTGTAAAACC	1995
59:	R R S V S P O T L E A Y I R W N K D F G D T T V *	
J J.	TGCAGA AO TTTTACTTAAA AGAGGAAACACAAGATCTTCAATGAACGTCATCGGCTACAGAAACAGCCTAAGTTTACAGGACTTTTTAGAGTCT	2090
	TACATATATTTGTGCACAAAACTTGAAGATGAACCAGAAAACAGACTTAAACAAAATATACAATGCAAATGTAATTTTTTTT	2185
	CTTGATGGTCACAGTTATCCCAATGGACACTAAGTTAGAGCACAACAAAACCTGATTCTGGTCTTCTTTACCAATATAATCATAAATGTAAATAATAA	2280
	A ATTTGTATATTGTGTGTGTGTGTGAAAGTATTTCCAGGAACAGTGAATGGTAGAAGACACAAGAACATTTGTTTTGTTTTGTCTTCTGATGTTTTTTT	2375
	TTA A A A TA GTA A TTTCTCTCTACTTTTCTTCTACTGTTGTCTTAACTACAGGTGATTGGAATGCCAAACACTCTTAAGTTTATTTTCTTTTTTTA	2470
	GTTTTATAAATTCAGTGTGCCAAATGAAACTTTTTTCCTAAGTAACTGTAATAGGAAAAAGTTTATTTTGAGAGTTTCTTCTTCATAAAATCTAC	2565
	CACA THA A ACA A THE	2660
	TATGGTA & & TAGAGA AGGTTTGAGTTTGAGTTACTCTGTCATATAACATGTAGATCAGTCTTCATGTGACCTGCAGTATTTTTTTT	2755
	CTA TTTTTCTCA CA A A TCTCTTCACA CTCTTAACTTCCTCATCATGAATTTATTTTTTCTCCAAGAATTATTCTGATATTTAAGAGAGCCAATTTTT	1 2850
	A CTCCTCTCA & & A TCTTTCC A CTCC & GAGAAGGGAA A TACTAGGAACTAAGACATTTCTAATTTATTGCTTATTACTTTCTTAATTTTACAGGA	2945
	TA A THE TRANSPORT OF A COLOR OF A COLOR OF THE TOTAL A TALATTA THAT THE ATTICATE CAN THE TALAHAA A A COLOR A COLOR OF THE TALAHAA A COLOR OF THE TALAHAAA A COLOR OF THE TALAHAA A COLOR OF THE TALAHAAA A COLOR OF THE TALAHAAAA A COLOR OF THE TALAHAAAA A COLOR OF THE TALAHAAAAAA COLOR OF THE TALAHAAAAAAA COLOR OF THE TALAHAAAAAAAA COLOR OF THE TALAHAAAAAAAAAAA COLOR OF THE TALAHAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA	3040
	A CATTOTO TO THE CENTUCK CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY CONTROL AND A CONTROL AND A CONTROL OF THE CONT	. 3733
	TCCATTTGTTTGTATAAATATGCCTGGATTTTCATTATAAAAATGTCATTGTAGGGAGTAGAGACTCATATCATGGCCTTTTAAATATTGTAAA	. 3230
	AAGGCAAATAGATATTTGCCCTTAGTTTACTGG 3263	

Inventors: Jean Weissenbach, Jamilé Hazan Serial No. Herewith Attorney Docket: R-341894 Sheet 3 of 7

3/7





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FIGURE 3

CLONING, EXPASSION AND CLARACLERIZATION OF THE SPG4 GENE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE MOST COMMON FORM OF AUTOSOMAL DOMINANT SPASTIC PARAPLEGIA

Inventors: Jean Weissenbach, Jamilé Hazan Serial No. Herewith Attorney Docket: R-341894

Sheet 4 of 7

	4/7
SAPI_YEAST SKDI_MOUSE	MAHEKFSIPENFTLAQSLQLLYSVVKNQYKNLADLIINSKGNKDTVTYGKIHKNLDTLLVYVNEGLRKI MDSQKSHHILTRLTKIRRRPQQPLTDFTELYSRIANETIYYLNLEEKKRYKEALQGWKALTTDVLFKQTLJEHNYPNTQSYTKDEVSLQNGIREL
ENL3_YEAST SPAST_BUMAN SPAST_MOUSE	
016299_CAEEL	-MKLYTHFILLVTFAVLASSSTIRDKRQNCKCSPPQSSCSCNSAIQSQTCTCHNTQQST
TBP6_YEAST Q02845_YEAST SAP1_YEAST SKD1_MOUSE	-EKTYTLKKGLGNLVVDHPELRSIIED
EN13_YEAST SPAST_RUMAN SPAST_MOUSE	
016299_CAEEL	MDSDLDRILPIASRA SASNCNCVLKSNSKSVPVTIKVSTKLCAPACQQSCSQQCQDNQTIANNADTNCISQCQAKCQARCGIQNGHGFQQSPATTTDAPIVIRLEITSGS
SAP1_YEAST	LWRMGSKRDRLKBADEKEAKINKQADNIRRARKLEEEKKLGARLQYERDLELQREKLIELKVKEKVEFEVAQKLEEERVKREEE VNFVPSKPLSNNASRQHKNPIEHNDPPLKKETELYSDKYISEPILIDLTNDEDDHDVGILKGHNVFDEEESDGFEFDVSDYYDNFSEVDVEEEEE
SKD1_MOUSE EN13_YEAST SPAST_HUMAN SPAST_MOUSE	-Mispggrckkkgssgrsnpvpprppppclapappaagpapppesphkrnlyyfsyplfvgfallrlvafhlgllfv-wlcorfsralm
043078_SCHPO 016299_CAEEL	LLCEGNRDWAGAYVSYCKVLEEMKKSSAARDRMGLGPLTGAEACSWNGLYDNCLSKASKLRKTILESEMERQNYQLAAKLSKKAPVDLHPLRPVK
TBP6_YEAST Q02845_YEAST SAP1_YEAST SKD1_MOUSE	
EN13_YEAST SPAST_HUMAN SPAST_MOUSE	IALRIDEEEKAGQKEQAVEWYKKGIEELEKG
016299_CAEEL	SQTPAYTPMTTRMMYRQTRGAQSEVNLSTPKQIYSKBSPPSTSTSSIVSSSYGDAPSYLAPSKPNRSPPLKPEDPFASFNSSASAIAAA ALARNGISPYFIGKPRRKIVVETPSDSAQQQFPFKSRSQQKGLDDELDGIIIDEDEDRTVDVSFSQKQDTRKLKSRPFLGEKSSFKLGEI QIVLNSSVLNSGSECEPQCENSCQNQCQAQQQSQQCAQACQTGCVAQFFMFAFSKGPAGSSTYDRVAQKFQDGYEKMRAAIEMDELTKH
TBP6_YEAST Q02845_YEAST SAP1_YEAST SKD1_MOUSE	MAAQLAMSQYQNGAN
EN13_YEAST SPAST_HUMAN	- IAVIVTGGEGQCERARRLQAKMMTNLYMARDRLQLLEKMQPVLPF&KSQTDVYNDSTN-LACRNGH - TAVIVTGGGEGYPRAPRLOAKMMTNLYMARDRLDLLEKLOPVLDFARSOTDVYNESTN-LTCRNGH
016299 CAEEI	SKSAAASASALSSDTGRSATMNSTTFPTAMKSQSTTKFTLENSVSSPSIQVSNNQNANN-STPLSFE PRPKEEKRREEPFTMEGFDFGSDDKVTKLRDKLCDLVDPTMARRTDPNFLRQMEENTLKGLEVASKFHFKKTRA AGSIQEKLRTABLYKBARSLLKEANEFNIMDIPETRRSEIRDKRQNMMKLEKSAQDRLIAICNEVDPNVKQSRSATVGPSR
SAP1_YEAST	IKSPTLNEQNSKSSRNIPTNSKLKASKSNYNKVSRRNEQNLEPS - SPVLVSSAT AVPAESK PMRKSGTPDKESSASSLDGRKE TIKSPTLNRQNSKSSRNIPTNSKLKASKSNYNKVSRRNEQNLEPS - SPVLVSAT AVPAESK PMRKSGTPDKESSASSSLDGRKE LKSKTAKVPNSSSK TSSHPSRPVSNSKYYSMGASQNKKPSKNQTTSMSKTNR-KIPAQKKIGSPKIEDVGTEDATEHATSLNPQREEPPEID
SKD1_MOUSE EN13_YEAST SPAST_HUMAN SPAST_MOUSE	E-EALQLYQHAVQYFLHVVKYEAQGDKAKQSIRAKCTEYLDRAEKLKEYLKKKEKKPQKPVKEAQSGPVDEKGNDSDGEAESDD E-EAYTAYYNGLDYLMLALKYE-KNPKSKDLIRAKFTEYLNRAEQLKKHLEEBEANAAKKSFSAGSG-SNGGNKKISQEEGEDH LQSESGAVPKRKDPLTHTSNSLPRSKTVHKTGSAGLSGHHRAPSYSGLSMVSGVKQGSGPAPTTHKGTPKTNRTNKFSTPTTATRKKKD LQSESGAVPKRKDPLTHASNSLPRSKTVLKSGSAGLSGHHRAPSCSGLSMVSGARFGPGFAATTHKGTFKPNRTNKFSTPTTAVRKKKD
043078_SCHP0 016299_CAEE1 018128_CAEE1) apipplhypayrltsashsssdgksrkhespykrylmssbotlgsstrpssadtagspatsppatadsktivsktisasttqotep L piknraaiqntlgtlypsfttaagodpqnskpqypldrgssgosigslagipparr-apdipkrcsnplirkamgmdtegggkdekmsglr L pasaarytprptratapekknaakakendenkrycsrdrcgahhqpytkksdtyhpeppyqasnkketykkykydkaslphmonpynka
TBP6_YEAST Q02845_YEAS SAP1_YEAST	THINKY, THE THE PROPERTY OF TH
SKD1_MOUSE EN13_YEAST SPAST_HUMAN	T
SPAST_MOUSE 043078_SCHP 016299_CAEE Q18128_CAEE	アー・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・
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043078_SCHP 016299_CAEE Q18128_CAEE	TESN-STE SVEASS LEVILES LURA CYMEKISP I LI
TBP6_YEAST Q02845_YEAS SAP1_YEAST	SSATAQSE DRNNTLDSRVELLE WALDBARE TSRKLYIP SDYETELYHLKRLMAKQ KNSLQDLDYELITEMER FKCS T SSATAQSE DRNNTLDSRVENGE WALDBAREN SRKLYIP MOYETELYHLKRLMAKQ KNSLQDLDYELITEMER FCS SSATAGSE SKSNTSNTNSDTMODEDDTRY WILL ANGE WETE BEAREN VERQYIP GEDOTERVOFKKLLSHQ KHTLTESPFDELVKLES XKGS
SKD1_MOUSE EN13_YEAST SPAST_HUMAN	GUDNDG
SPAST_MOUSE 043078_SCHF 016299_CAEF 018128_CAEF	SSATAQSE - DRINT LDSRVIALCE WALLD AREX SRKLYIP ADVETALIYHLKRLMAKQ - KNSLQDLDYELITEM ESF CS T SSATAQSE - DRINT LDSRVIALCE WALLD AREX SRKLYIP ADVETALIYHLKRLMAKQ - KNSLQDLDYELITEM ESF CS SSAAACSINKSHTNISDTNGDEDDTRVIALA SALVE WALLD AREX SRKLYIP ADVETALIYHLKRLMAKQ - KNSLQDLDYELITEM ESF CS SSAAACSINKSHTNISDTNGDEDDTRVIALA SALVE WARDYIP BEDDT WALLFALL KALLDES FEDELVKI BEDY CS GVDNDC LILG WALLS SALVE ERRIYIP BEARA AAMFRIHLGST - QNSLTEADFQELGRK DY GV GNGSQC VALC SALVE WALLS SALVE ERRIYIP BOLAARTMIFEINVCOT - PCVLTKEDYRTIGAM EN GCS QSAGDD LVE MCA WALLE TALK ILKRYLYS METTALLLKRILCKQ - CSPLTQKELAQLARM DY GS GNAGDD LVE MCA WALLS SALVE TALK ILKRYLYS METTALLLKRILCKQ - CSPLTQKELAQLARM DY GS GNAGDD LVE MCA WALLS GLEEN WALLS YKRYYVS ENETALLLKRILCKQ - CSPLTQKELAQLARM DY GS GNAGDD HSPRV WALL WCIE FAR WKRTYIP BEKTYYKELSHLHHQ - VHCLTEEDLEELVHLHE WGS L NTAPPE LILLG ROGERE AR WKRTYIP BEKTYKELSHLHHQ - VHCLTEEDLEELVHLHE WGS LL NTAPPE LILLG ROGERE AR WGREYIA SPESTOLVONLLVGT - REDITMENLERIREL DY GS LL TSSADD RESIG WAR HELD WYL SPRINKEN BEED KRITKLKKHNMMDGLISSDIRYIASNES FRIN
TBP6_YEAST Q02845_YEAS SAP1_YEAST	BUTSLAKERAMERIEDLGDKLMFADF
SKD1_MOUSE EN13_YEAST SPAST_HUMAN	BISIIVRDBLOGEVERVOSATHERKVEGPSRADPRCIVADLLTPCSFGDFGAIENTWHDVFGDKLLEFVVSMMDNLRSLSSZKFTVNEQDLLKIK SINVVKDBLOGEIEKIGSATHERDVSTEDDETRKLTPCSFGDDGAIEMSWTDIEADELKEPDLIIKDFLKAIKSTRPTVMEDDLLKOG BLTALAKDEALGEIEELKFEGVKNMS
SFAST_MOUSE 043078_SCHI 016299_CAEE Q18128_CAEE	UTSLAKE AMEE I EDLGDKLMFADF
TBP6_YEAST Q02845_YEAS SAP1_YEAST	ET EMSSKPGSNGS KWASQPGSSGS
SKD1_MOUSE EN13_YEAST SPAST_HUMAI SPAST_MOUS!	
043078_SCH	PO EMNKOPCSOR EL AWDKKFGCLPPFSISR EL DFSRFCC

CLONING, EXPRESSION AND CHARACTERIZATION
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COMMON FORM OF AUTOSOMAL DOMINANT
SPASTIC PARAPLEGIA

Inventors: Jean Weissenbach, Jamilé Hazan Serial No. Herewith Attorney Docket: R-341894

Sheet 5 of 7

5/7

AFG3_YEAST	MMMWQRYARGAPRSLTSLSFGKASRISTVKPVLRSRMPVHQRLQTLSGLATRNTIHRS
	HILL ON DELINGATION DEPONDED THE PROPERTY AND ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY OF TH
RCA1_YEAST	-MLLLSWSRIATKVVRRPVRFRSYYGLTHIKSLHTQYRLLNRLQENKSGNKNEDNNEDAKLNKEIPTDEEVEAIRKQVEKYIEQTKNNTIPANWK
PARAPLEGIN	MAVLLLLLRALRRGPGPGPRPLWGPGPAWS-PGFPARPGRGRPYMASRPPGDLAEAGGRALQS
YME1_YEAST	MNVSKILVSPTVTTNVLRIFAPRLPQIGASLLVQKKWALRSKKFYRFYSEKNSGEMPP
SPAST_HUMAN	
ornor_nonn	More donation 1911 All 1911 And 1911 Bold Mandelli Still Mark Bright And Committee Com
	TARREST CONTRACTOR CON
AFG3_YEAST	TQIRSFHISWTRLNENRPNKEGEGKNNGNKDNNSNKEDGKDKRNEFGSLSEYFRSKEFANTMFLTIGFTIIF
RCA1_YEAST	EQKRKIDESIRRLEDAVLKQESNRIQEERKEKEEENGPSKAKSNRTKEQGYFEGNNSRNIPPPPPPPPPPPKPPLNDPSNPVSKNVNLFOIGLTFFL
PARAPLEGIN	LQLRLLTPTFEGINGLLLKQHLVQNPVRLWQLLGGTFYFNTSRLKQKNKEKDKSKGKAPEEDEEERRRERDDOMYRERLRTLLV
YME1_YEAST	KEADSSGKASNKSTISSIDNSQPPPPSNTNDKTKQANVAVSHAMLATREGEANKDLTSPDAQAAFYKLLLQSNY
	ETHOSSEKSSKEST
SPAST_HUMAN	QRFSRALMAAKRSSGAAPAPASASAPAPVP-GGEAERVRVFHKQAFEYISIALRIDEDEKAGQKEQAVEWYKKGIEELEKGIAV
AFG3_YEAST	TLLTPSSNNSGDDSNRVLTFQDFKTKYLEKGLVSKIYVMNKF-LVEAELVNTKOVVSFTIGSVDIFEEOMDOIODLLNI
RCA1 YEAST	LSFLLDLLNSLEEQS-EITWQDFREKLLAKGYVAKLIV NKS-MVKVMLNDNGKNQADNYGRNFYYFTIGSIDSFEHKLQKAQDELDI
PARAPLEGIN	IAVVMSLLNALSTSGGSISWNDFVHEMLAKGEVQRVQV#PESDVVEVYLHPGAVVFGRPRLALMYRMQVANIDKFEEKLRAAEDELNI
YME1_YEAST	PQYVVSRFETPGIASSPECMELYMEALQRIGRESEADAMRQN-LLTASSAGAVNPSLASSSSNQSGYRGNFPSMYSPLYG
SPAST_HUMAN	
011101_101111	
AFG3_YEAST	PPRDRIPIKYIERSSPFTFLFPFLPTIILLGGLYFITRKINSSPPNANGGGGGGLGGMFNVGKSRAKLFNKETDIKISEKNVAECDEE
RCA1_YEAST	DKDFRIPVLYVQEGNWAKAMFQILPTVLMIAGIIWLTRRSAQAAGGSRGGIFGLSRSKAKKFNTETDVKIKMKDVACCDE
PARAPLEGIN	EAKDRIPVSYKRTGFFGNALYSVGMTAVGLAILWYVFRLAGMTGREGGFSAFNQLKMARFTIVDGKMGKGVS#KDVA#MHE
	CAND ATTICHED TO THE TOTAL AND
YME1_YEAST	srkeplhvvvsestftvvsrwvkwllvfgiltysfsegfkyitenttllkssevadksvdvaktnvk@ddvc@cde@
SPAST_HUMAN	GSAGLSGHRRAPSYSGLSMVSGVKQGSGPAPTTHKGTPKTNRTNKPSTPTTATRKKKDLKNFRNVDSNLANLIMNEIVDNGTAVK 🛍 DD LA 🕍 QDL 👸
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AFG3_YEAST	KQEIM F HFLKN- GKYTKLGAKIPR ALISS TELL KIT G ANVP LSVSGSEFVEMFV IV ASRVED TO USMA SAIF TO I KEEIMER SFLKE- SSYEKMGAKIPR ALISS TELL KRIT G BAGVP TYVSGSEFVEMFV V GARVED KTE KAAS HVFLEID KLEVR FEDYLKS- BERFLOLGAKVPK AL L SCOOL KV TAQVP LAMAGP EFVEVIG LEAARVES KE TARA UVY DELI RAELE TEDFIKD- TYYESLGGKIPR VL TEST KE KRIT G BACVP SFMSGSEFDEV VV V BARRI BOW AO NISRA HALI FROGLD KOALOGI TLPSLRHELFTGLRAPA-R LL F SCOOL ME KVV A SNAT FNISAASLTSKYV EECKLV A WAV TELOHSHIF DE VI
	ADDITIONS OF THE STATE OF THE S
RCA1_YEAST	VET THE STATE OF THE PROPERTY
PARAPLEGIN	KTEAKBENDATK2-WEEKLTOTCYKAAKNUN NIN TENAKTIN NIN TENAKTIN NIN TENAKTIN TENAKTIN TENAKTIN TENAKTIN TENAKTIN TEN
YME1_YEAST	RAELENINDFLKD-NTKYESLGGKLPKNVLNTNNNNTNNNNTNNNNTNNNNNNTNNNNNNNNNNNN
SPAST_HUMAN	KOALONTIILPSIRNELFTGIRAPA-RNILLIIFIKKANNIKKMMIKKWVILAISNATIIFNISAASITSKYVNIEKKI,VILAIKAANAVEIRELONSIITEKKAVII
D x 21.0 = _ a 0 11121	
AFG3_YEAST	VICKERGEGOTGCYUDEKEVILUĞI MAMERITIS - DÖA AATYCEN KADA EQUID PAREGERI DERIĞI DENDA ACROSTI DA HEYETATDA PER KATALDA PER
RCAL_YEAST	AIGKA駅QKG-NFSGANDERENTLNQM ENUMENG ETPADHVVVLAG EN NAPDIENNKELLENGEFDRHINIDKELLEGEKAIFAVHLHHLKLAGEIF
PARAPLEGIN	AVGKKESTT-MSGFSNTEEEOTLNOLEVEMBENGTT~-DHVIVLASENRADIENGELMEPGELDRHVFIDLETLOEERREIFEOHLKSLKLTOSST
YME1_YEAST	ATCCKMNPKDOAYAKOTINOI BURILDEESOTSCIITICARNEEPEAKOKALTEPEGEEDKUVNVOI BOVECKADIIKHHMKKITIADNVO
	dry opening property to the property of the pr
SPAST_HUMAN	AIGKE GKGGALGGANDEREATLNOL V MUSTITS - DOVVVLAG SPOV NILMERG FORHIQIDS DVNG QQIYLVHLKRINLDPLLT AIGKARQRG-NESGANDERENTLNOM V MOGTTA- DHVVVLAG SPONT SKELLERG FORHINIDKE LEG KAIFAVHLHHLKLAGEIF AVGKKSTT-MSGFSNTEEEQTLNOL V MI MGTT - DHVIVLAS PRADI SGLMERG HORHVFIDL TLOEREIFEQHLKSLKLIQSST AIGGKNEKDOAYAKOTINOL V LEGFSOT - SGIIIIGA SFERAKKUT KEGGFDKVVNVDL HOVEGADILKHHKKITLADNVD SLLCE REGEHDASRRLKTEFIIF SVQSAGDDRVLVMGAN RPOEFIE VLHGFIKRVYVSLENEETGLLLLKNLLCKQGSPLTQK
AFG3_YEAST	DDMNNLSGKLETINPETTÄDJINNACHEMILIAARIHDPYITIHEFEQÜIERVIAGLEKKTRVÜSKEEKRSVAYHEAGHEVOGWFLKVADPLLKV DLKNRLÄGLÜPETSÄADIANVCNEKALIAARSDEDAVKLNHFEQÜIERVIGGVERKSKLÜSPEEKKVVAYHEAGHEVOGWFLKVADPLLKV FYSQRLÜBELÜPETSÄADIANICNEMILHAAREGHTSVHTLNFEYNVERVLAGTAKKSKIISKEEQKVVAFHESGHELVGWMLEHTEAVMKV
RCA1_YEAST	DIKNRIMALMPKIESKA DIANVONEKALIAARS DEDAVKINH FEOMI ERVIGGVERKSKINS PEEKKVVAYHEAGHAVOGWYLKYADPLIKV
	THE O DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE
PARAPLEGIN	FIGURES BENEFIT SERVICE OF THE TOTAL OF THE SERVICE OF THE SE
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	TIII MINOMETIONIA IN COMMENTAL OF SHOWS THE MINOR THE MI
SPAST HUMAN	
SPAST_HUMAN	
	ELAQLERMEDEYSESDLTALAKDE LGPIRELKPEQVKNMSESEMRNIRLSDFTESEKKIKRSVSPQTLEEYIRWNKDFGDTTV
AFG3_YEAST	ELAQLERMEDEYSESDLTALAKDEN LEFIRELKPEQVKNMSESEMRNIRLSDFTESEKKKIKRSVSPQTLEEYIRWNKDFGDTTV SIIPRGQGALGYAQYLPPDQYLISEEQFRHRMIMALGGRVSEELHFPSVTSGAHDDFKKVTQMANAMVTSLGMSPKIGYLSFDQNDGNFKV
	ELAQLERMEDEYSESDLTALAKDE LGPIRELKPEQVKNMSESEMRNIRLSDFTESEKKIKRSVSPQTLEEYIRWNKDFGDTTV
AFG3_YEAST RCA1_YEAST	ELAQLERMEDEYSESDLTALAKDEN LEFIRELKPEQVKNMSESEMRNIRLSDFTESEKKKIKRSVSPQTLEEYIRWNKDFGDTTV SIIPRGQGALGYAQYLPPDQYLISEEQFRHRMIMALGGRVSEELHFPSVTSGAHDDFKKVTQMANAMVTSLGMSPKIGYLSFDQNDGNFKV
AFG3_YEAST RCA1_YEAST PARAPLEGIN	ELAQLERMEDEYSESDLTALAKDER LEPIRELKPEQVKNMSESEMRNIRLSDFTESEKKKIKRSVSPQTLEEYIRWNKDFGDTTV SIIPRGQGALGYAQYLPPDQYLISEEQFRHRMIMALGGRVSEELHFPSVTSGAHDDFKKVTQMANAMVTSLGMSPKIGYLSFDQNDGNFKV SIIPRGGGALGYAQYLPFDGIFLLTEQQLKDRMTMSLGGRVSEELHFP-SVTSGASDDFKKVTSMATAMVTELGMSDKIGWVNYQKRDDSDL SIIPRTNAALGFAQMLFRDQHLFTKEQLFERMCMALGGRASEALSFNEVTSGASDDDLRKVTRIAYSMVKQFGMAFGIGFISFPEAQEGLMGIG
AFG3_YEAST RCA1_YEAST PARAPLEGIN YME1_YEAST	ELAQLERMEDEYSESDLTALAKDERLEGPIRELKPEQVKNMSESEMRNIRLSDFTESEKKKIKRSVSPQTLEEYIRWNKDFGDTTV SIIPRGQGALGYAQYLPPDQYLISEEQFRHRMIMALGGRVSEELHFPSVTSGAHDDFKKVTQMANAMVTSLGMSPKIGYLSFDQNDGNFKV SIIPRGQGALGYAQYLPEDDIFLLTEQQLKDRMTMSLGGRVSEBLHFPSVTSGASDDFKKVTSMATAMVTELGMSDKIGWVNYQKRDDSDL SITPRTNAALGFAQMLPRDQHLFTKEQLFERMCMALGGRASEALSFNEVTSGASDDFKKVTRIAYSMVXQFGMAPGIGFISFPEAQEGLMGIG TLLPRGRALGITTQLPEMDKVDITKRECQARLDVCMGGKIAEBLIYGKDNTTSGCGSDLQSATGTARAMVTQYGMSDDVGPVNLSENW
AFG3_YEAST RCA1_YEAST PARAPLEGIN	ELAQLERMEDEYSESDLTALAKDERLEGPIRELKPEQVKNMSESEMRNIRLSDFTESEKKKIKRSVSPQTLEEYIRWNKDFGDTTV SIIPRGQGALGYAQYLPPDQYLISEEQFRHRMIMALGGRVSEELHFPSVTSGAHDDFKKVTQMANAMVTSLGMSPKIGYLSFDQNDGNFKV SIIPRGQGALGYAQYLPEDDIFLLTEQQLKDRMTMSLGGRVSEBLHFPSVTSGASDDFKKVTSMATAMVTELGMSDKIGWVNYQKRDDSDL SITPRTNAALGFAQMLPRDQHLFTKEQLFERMCMALGGRASEALSFNEVTSGASDDFKKVTRIAYSMVXQFGMAPGIGFISFPEAQEGLMGIG TLLPRGRALGITTQLPEMDKVDITKRECQARLDVCMGGKIAEBLIYGKDNTTSGCGSDLQSATGTARAMVTQYGMSDDVGPVNLSENW
AFG3_YEAST RCA1_YEAST PARAPLEGIN YME1_YEAST SPAST_HUMAN	ELAQLERMEDEYSESDLTALAKDE LEGFIRELKPEQVKNMSESEMRNIRLSDFTESEKKKIKRSVSPQTLEEYIRWNKDFGDTTV SIIPRGQGALGYAQYLPPDQYLISEEQFRHRMIMALGGRVSEELHFPSVTSGAHDDFKKVTQMANAMVTSLGMSPKIGYLSFDQNDGNFKV SIIPRGQGALGYAQYLPEDDIFLLTEQQLKDRMTMSLGGRVSEELHFPSVTSGASDDFKKVTSMATAMVTELGMSDKIGYNVYQKEDDSDL SIPPRTNAALGFRAQMIPRDQHLFTKEQLFERMCMALGGRASEALSFNEVTSGASDDLRKVTRIAYSMVXQFGMAPGIGFISFPEAQGELMGIG TILPRGRALGITFQLPEMDKVDITKRECQARLDVCMGGKIABELIYGKDNTTSGCGSDLQSATGTARAMVTQYGMSDDVGPVNLSENW
AFG3_YEAST RCA1_YEAST PARAPLEGIN YME1_YEAST	ELAQLERMEDEYSESDLTALAKDERLEGPIRELKPEQVKNMSESEMRNIRLSDFTESEKKKIKRSVSPQTLEEYIRWNKDFGDTTV SIIPRGQGALGYAQYLPPDQYLISEEQFRHRMIMALGGRVSEELHFPSVTSGAHDDFKKVTQMANAMVTSLGMSPKIGYLSFDQNDGNFKV SIIPRGQGALGYAQYLPEDDIFLLTEQQLKDRMTMSLGGRVSEBLHFPSVTSGASDDFKKVTSMATAMVTELGMSDKIGWVNYQKRDDSDL SITPRTNAALGFAQMLPRDQHLFTKEQLFERMCMALGGRASEALSFNEVTSGASDDFKKVTRIAYSMVXQFGMAPGIGFISFPEAQEGLMGIG TLLPRGRALGITTQLPEMDKVDITKRECQARLDVCMGGKIAEBLIYGKDNTTSGCGSDLQSATGTARAMVTQYGMSDDVGPVNLSENW
AFG3_YEAST RCA1_YEAST PARAPLEGIN YME1_YEAST SPAST_HUMAN AFG3_YEAST	ELAQLERMEDEYSESDLTALAKDE LEGFIRELKPEQVKNMSESEMRNIRLSDFTESEKKKIKRSVSPQTLEEYIRWNKDFGDTTV SIIPRGQGALGYAQYLPPDQYLISEEQFRHRMIMALGGRVSEELHFPSVTSGAHDDFKKVTQMANAMVTSLGMSPKIGYLSFDQNDGNFKV SIIPRGQGALGYAQYLPEDDIFLLTEQQLKDRMTMSLGGRVSEELHFPSVTSGASDDFKKVTSMATAMVTELGMSDKIGYNVYQKEDDSDL SIPPRTNAALGFRAQMIPRDQHLFTKEQLFERMCMALGGRASEALSFNEVTSGASDDLRKVTRIAYSMVXQFGMAPGIGFISFPEAQGELMGIG TILPRGRALGITFQLPEMDKVDITKRECQARLDVCMGGKIABELIYGKDNTTSGCGSDLQSATGTARAMVTQYGMSDDVGPVNLSENW
AFG3_YEAST RCAL_YEAST PARAPLEGIN YME1_YEAST SPAST_HUMAN AFG3_YEAST RCA1_YEAST	ELAQLERMEDEYSESDLTALAKDENLGPIRELKPEQVKNMSESEMRNIRLSDFTESEKKKIKRSVSPQTLEEYIRWNKDFGDTTV SIIPRGQGALGYAQYLPPDQYLISEEQFRHRMIMALGGRVSEELHFPSVTSGAHDDFKKVTQMANAMVTSLGMSPKIGYLSFDQNDGNFKV SIIPRTRAALGFRAQWLPRDQHLFTKEQLFERMCMALGGRASSALSFNEVTSGASDDFKKVTSMATAMVTELGMSDKIGWNYQKEDDSDL SITPRTNAALGFRAQWLPRDQHLFTKEQLFERMCMALGGRASSALSFNEVTSGASDDFKKVTSMATAMVTELGMSDKIGGFISFPFBAQGGIMGIG TILPRGRALGITFQLFEMDKVDLTKRECQARLDVCMGGKIABBLIYGKDNTTSGCGSDLQSATGTARAMVTQYGMSDDVGPVNLSENW NKPFSNKTARTIDLEVKSIVDDAHRACTELLTKNLDKVDLVAKELLRKEAITREDMIRLLGPRP-FKERNEAFEKYLD
AFG3_YEAST RCAL_YEAST PARAPLEGIN YMEL_YEAST SPAST_HUMAN AFG3_YEAST RCAL_YEAST PARAPLEGIN	ELAQLERMEDEYSESDLTALAKDE LEGPIRELKPEQVKNMSESEMRNIRLSDFTESEKKIKRSVSPQTLEEYIRWNKDFGDTTV SIIPRGQGALGYAQYLPPDQYLISEEQFRHRMIMALGGRVSEELHFPSVTSGAHDDFKKVTQMANAMVTSLGMSPKIGYLSFDQNDGNFKV SIIPRGQGALGYAQYLPEDDIFLITEQQLKDHMTMSLGGRVSEBLHFPSVTSGASDDFKRVTSMATAMVTELGMSDKIGGNVNYQKEDDSDL SITPRTNAALGFAQMLPRDQHLFTKEQLFERMCMALGGRASFALSFNEVSTSGASDDFKRVTSHATAMVTELGMSDKIGGTSFPFEAQGELMGIG TLLFRGRALGITFQLFEMCKVDITKRECQARLDVCMGGKIABELIYGKDNTTSGCGSDLQSATGTARAMVTQYGMSDDVGPVNLSENW NKPFSNKTARTIDLEVKSIVDDAHRACTELLTKNLDKVDLVAKELLRKEAITREDMIRLLGFRP-FKERNEAFEKYLDPKSNTEP TKFFSDETGDIIDSEVYRIVQECHDRCTKLLKEKAEDVEKIAQVLLKKEVLTREDMIDLLGKRP-FPERNDAFDKYLNDYETEKIRKEEEKNEKE RRFFSQGLQQMMDHEARLLVAKAYRHTEKVLQDNLDKLQALANALLEKEVINYEDIEALIGFPFHGFKKMIAPQRHIDAQR-EKQDLGEETEET
AFG3_YEAST RCA1_YEAST PARAPLEGIN YME1_YEAST SPAST_HUMAN AFG3_YEAST RCA1_YEAST PARAPLEGIN YME1_YEAST	ELAQLERMEDEYSESDLTALAKDENLGPIRELKPEQVKNMSESEMRNIRLSDFTESEKKIKRSVSPQTLEEYIRWNKDFGDTTV SIIPRGQCALGYAQYLPPDQYLISEEQFRHRMIMALGGRVSEELHFPSVTSGAHDDFKKVTOMANAMVTSLGMSPKIGYLSFDQNDGNFKV SIIPRGGCALGYAQYLPGDDIFLLTEQQLKDRMTMSLGGRVSEELHFPSVTSGASDDFKKVTSMATAMVTELGMSDKIGWVNYQKRDDSDL SIIPRTNAALGFRAQMLPRDQHLFTKEQLFERMCMALGGRASEALSFNEVTSGAQDDLRKVTRIAYSMVKQFGMAPGIGFISFPEAQEGLMGIG TILPRGRALGITFQLFEMDKVDITKREQQARLDVCMGGKIABELIYGKDNTTSGCGSDLQSATGTARAMVTQYGMSDDVGFVNLSENW NKPFSNKTARTIDLEVKSIVDDAHRACTELLTKNLDKVDLVAKELLRKEAITREDMIRLLGFRP-FKERNEAFEKYLDPKSNTEP TKPFSDETGDIIDSEVYRIVQECHDRCTKLLKEKAEDVEKIAQVLLKKEVLTREDMIDLLGKRP-FPERNDAFDKYLNDYETEKIRKEEEKNEKR RRFFSQGLQGMMDHEARLLVAKAYRHTEKVLQDNLDKLQALANALLEKEVINYEDIEALIGFFPHGFKKMIAPGRMIDAGR-EKQDLGEEFTEET -ESWNSKIRTDIADNEVIELLKNSEEERARRLUKKNVEGHRACHERKENDLEFFPHGFKKMIAPGRMIDAGR-EKQDLGEEFTEET
AFG3_YEAST RCAL_YEAST PARAPLEGIN YMEL_YEAST SPAST_HUMAN AFG3_YEAST RCAL_YEAST PARAPLEGIN	ELAQLERMEDEYSESDLTALAKDENLGPIRELKPEQVKNMSESEMRNIRLSDFTESEKKIKRSVSPQTLEEYIRWNKDFGDTTV SIIPRGQCALGYAQYLPPDQYLISEEQFRHRMIMALGGRVSEELHFPSVTSGAHDDFKKVTOMANAMVTSLGMSPKIGYLSFDQNDGNFKV SIIPRGGCALGYAQYLPGDDIFLLTEQQLKDRMTMSLGGRVSEELHFPSVTSGASDDFKKVTSMATAMVTELGMSDKIGWVNYQKRDDSDL SIIPRTNAALGFRAQMLPRDQHLFTKEQLFERMCMALGGRASEALSFNEVTSGAQDDLRKVTRIAYSMVKQFGMAPGIGFISFPEAQEGLMGIG TILPRGRALGITFQLFEMDKVDITKREQQARLDVCMGGKIABELIYGKDNTTSGCGSDLQSATGTARAMVTQYGMSDDVGFVNLSENW NKPFSNKTARTIDLEVKSIVDDAHRACTELLTKNLDKVDLVAKELLRKEAITREDMIRLLGFRP-FKERNEAFEKYLDPKSNTEP TKPFSDETGDIIDSEVYRIVQECHDRCTKLLKEKAEDVEKIAQVLLKKEVLTREDMIDLLGKRP-FPERNDAFDKYLNDYETEKIRKEEEKNEKR RRFFSQGLQGMMDHEARLLVAKAYRHTEKVLQDNLDKLQALANALLEKEVINYEDIEALIGFFPHGFKKMIAPGRMIDAGR-EKQDLGEEFTEET -ESWNSKIRTDIADNEVIELLKNSEEERARRLUKKNVEGHRACHERKENDLEFFPHGFKKMIAPGRMIDAGR-EKQDLGEEFTEET
AFG3_YEAST RCA1_YEAST PARAPLEGIN YME1_YEAST SPAST_HUMAN AFG3_YEAST RCA1_YEAST PARAPLEGIN YME1_YEAST	ELAQLERMEDEYSESDLTALAKDENLGPIRELKPEQVKNMSESEMRNIRLSDFTESEKKIKRSVSPQTLEEYIRWNKDFGDTTV SIIPRGQCALGYAQYLPPDQYLISEEQFRHRMIMALGGRVSEELHFPSVTSGAHDDFKKVTOMANAMVTSLGMSPKIGYLSFDQNDGNFKV SIIPRGGCALGYAQYLPGDDIFLLTEQQLKDRMTMSLGGRVSEELHFPSVTSGASDDFKKVTSMATAMVTELGMSDKIGWVNYQKRDDSDL SIIPRTNAALGFRAQMLPRDQHLFTKEQLFERMCMALGGRASEALSFNEVTSGAQDDLRKVTRIAYSMVKQFGMAPGIGFISFPEAQEGLMGIG TILPRGRALGITFQLFEMDKVDITKREQQARLDVCMGGKIABELIYGKDNTTSGCGSDLQSATGTARAMVTQYGMSDDVGFVNLSENW NKPFSNKTARTIDLEVKSIVDDAHRACTELLTKNLDKVDLVAKELLRKEAITREDMIRLLGFRP-FKERNEAFEKYLDPKSNTEP TKPFSDETGDIIDSEVYRIVQECHDRCTKLLKEKAEDVEKIAQVLLKKEVLTREDMIDLLGKRP-FPERNDAFDKYLNDYETEKIRKEEEKNEKR RRFFSQGLQGMMDHEARLLVAKAYRHTEKVLQDNLDKLQALANALLEKEVINYEDIEALIGFFPHGFKKMIAPGRMIDAGR-EKQDLGEEFTEET -ESWNSKIRTDIADNEVIELLKNSEEERARRLUKKNVEGHRACHERKENDLEFFPHGFKKMIAPGRMIDAGR-EKQDLGEEFTEET
AFG3_YEAST RCAL_YEAST PARAPLEGIN YME1_YEAST SPAST_HUMAN AFG3_YEAST RCAL_YEAST PARAPLEGIN YME1_YEAST SPAST_HUMAN	ELAQLERMEDEYSESDLTALAKDENLEGPIRELKPEQVKNMSESEMBNIRLSDFTESEKKIKRSVSPQTLEEYIRWNKDFGDTTV SIIPRGQGALGYAQYLPPDQYIISEEQFRHRHIMALGGRVSEELHFPSVTSGABDDFKKVTOMANAMVTSLIGMSPKIGYLSFDQNDGNFKV SIIPRGQGALGYAQYLPGDIFLLTEQQLKDRMTMSLGGRVSEELHFPSVTSGASDDFKKVTSMATAMVTELGMSDKIGWVNYQKRDDSDL SIPRTNAALGFAQMLPRDQHLFTKEQLFERMCMALGGRASEALSFNEVTSGAQDDLRKVTRIAXSMVKQFGMAFGIGPISFPEAQEGLMGIG TILPRGRALGITFQLPEMDKVDITKRECQARLDVCMGGKIAEELIYGKDNTTSGCGSDLQSATGTARAMVTQYGMSDDVGFVNLSEWW NKPFSNKTARTIDLEVKSIVDDAHRACTELLTKNLDKVDLVAKELLRKEAITREDMIRLLGPRP-FKERNEAFEKYLDPKSNTEP TKPFSDGTGDIIDSEVYRIVQBCHDRCTKLLKEKAEDVEKIAQVLLKKEVLTREDMIDLLGKRP-FPERNDAFDKYLNDYETEKIRKEEEKNEKR RRPFSQGLQQMMDHEARLLVAKAYRHTEKVLQDNIDLKQALANALLEKEVIURDEIREALFPHGFRKWIAPPGRTUAQAG-EKQDLGCEETET -ESWSNKIRDIADNEVIELLKDSEERARRLLTKKNVELHRLAQGLIEYETLDAHEIEQVCKGEK-LDKLKTSTNTVVEGFDS-DERKDIGDDK
AFG3_YEAST RCAL_YEAST PARAPLEGIN YMEL_YEAST SPAST_HUMAN AFG3_YEAST PARAPLEGIN YME1_YEAST PARAPLEGIN YME1_YEAST SPAST_HUMAN AFG3_YEAST	ELAQLERMEDEYSESDLTALAKDENLEGPIRELKPEQVKNMSESEMRNIRLSDFTESEKKIKRSVSPQTLEEYIRWNKDFGDTTV SIIPRGQGALGYAQYLPPDQYLISEEQFRHRMIMALGGRVSEELHFPSVTSGAHDDFKKVTQMANAMVTSLGMSPKIGYLSFDQNDGNFKV SIIPRTRAALGFRAQMLPRDQHLFTKEQLFERMCMALGGRASEALSFNEVTSGASDDFKKVTSMATAMVTELGMSDKIGWNYQKEDDSDL SIPPRTRAALGFRAQMLPRDQHLFTKEQLFERMCMALGGRASEALSFNEVTSGASDDFKKVTSMATAMVTELGMSDKIGWNYQKEDDSDL TILPRGRALGITFQLFEMDKVDITKRECQARLDVCMGGKIAEBLIYGKDNTTSGCGSDLQSATGTARAMVTQYGMSDDVGPVNLSENW NKPFSNKTARTIDLEVKSIVDDAHRACTELLTKNLDKVDLVAKELLRKEAITREDMIRLLGPRP-FKERNEAFEKYLDPKSNTEP TRPFSDETGDIIDSEVYRIVQECHDRCTKLLKEKAEDVEKIAQVLLKKEVLTREDMIDLLGRRP-FFERNDAFDKYLNDYETEKIRKEEEKMEKR RRPFSQGLQQMMDHEARLIVAKAYRHTEKVLQDNLDKLQALANALLEKEVINYEDIEALIGFPPHGFKKMIAPQRHIDAQR-EKQDLGEETEET -ESWSNKIRDIADNEVIELLKDSEERARRLLTKKNVELHRLAQGLIEYETLDAHEIEQVCKGEK-LDKLKKTSTNTVVEGPDS-DERKDIGDDK
AFG3_YEAST RCAL_YEAST PARAPLEGIN YME1_YEAST SPAST_HUMAN AFG3_YEAST PARAPLEGIN YME1_YEAST SPAST_HUMAN AFG3_YEAST AFG3_YEAST AFG3_YEAST RCAL_YEAST	ELAQLERMEDEYSESDLTALARDENLEFIRELKPEQVKNMSESEMBNIRLSDFTESEKKIKRSVSPQTLEEYIRWNKDFGDTTV SIIPRGQGALGYAQYLPPDQYILSEEQFRHRMIMALGGRVSEELHFPSVTSGAHDDFKKVTQMANAMVTSLIGMSPKIGYLSFDQNDGNFKV SIIPRGQGALGYAQYLPGDIFLLTEQQLKDRMTMSLGGRVSEELHFPSVTSGAGDDFKKVTSMATAMVTELGMSPKIGYLSFDQNDGNFKV SIIPRTNAALGFAQMLPRDQHLFTKEQLFERMCMALGGRASEALSFNEVTSGAQDDLRKVTRIAYSMVKQFGMAFGIGPISFPEAQEGLMGIG TILBERGRALGITFQLPEMDKVDITKREQQARLDVCMGGKIAEELIYGKDNTTSGCGSDLQSATGTARAMVTQYGMSDDVGFVNLSEWW NKPFSNKTARTIDLEVKSIVDDAHRACTELLTKNLDKVDLVAKELLRKEAITREDMIRLLGPRP-FKERNEAFEKYLDPKSNTEP TKPFSDETGDIIDSEVYRIVQBCHDRCTKLLKEKAEDVEKIAQVLLKKEVLTREDMIDLLGKRP-FPERNDAFDKYLNDYETEKIRKEEEKNEKR RRPFSOGLQQMMHDHEARLLVAKAYRHTEKVLQDNLDKLQALANALLEKEVINDEIEALIGPPPHGFKKMIAPQRWIDAQR-EKQDLGGETEET -ESWSNKIRDIADNEVIELLKDSEERARRLLTKKNVELHRLAQGLIEYETLDAHEIEQVCKGEK-LDKLKTSTNTVVEGFDS-DERKDIGDDK
AFG3_YEAST RCAL_YEAST PARAPLEGIN YMEL_YEAST SPAST_HUMAN AFG3_YEAST PARAPLEGIN YME1_YEAST SPAST_HUMAN AFG3_YEAST RCAL_YEAST RCAL_YEAST RCAL_YEAST	ELAQLERMEDEYSESDLTALAKDENLEGPIRELKPEQVKNMSESEMRNIRLSDFTESEKKIKRSVSPQTLEEYIRWNKDFGDTTV SIIPRGGGALGYAQYLPPDQYLISEEGFRHRMIMALGGRVSEELHFPSVTSGAHDDFKKVTQMANAMVTSLGMSPKIGYLSFDQNDGNFKV SIIPRGGGALGYAQYLPEDDIFLITEQQLKDRNTMSLGGRVSEELHFPSVTSGAHDDFKKVTSMATAMVTELGMSDKIGWVNYQKEDDSDL SIPRTNAALGFAQMLFRDQHLFTKEQLFERMCMALGGRASEALSFNEVTSGAYDDLFKVTSHAYSMVKQFGMAPGIGFISFPEAQGELMGIG TILPRGRALGITFQLFEMDKVDITKRECQARLDVCMGGKIAEBLIYGKDNTTSGCGSDLQSATGTARAMVTQYGMSDDVGFVNLSENW NKPFSNKTARTIDLEVKSIVDDAHRACTELLTKNLDKVDLVAKELLRKEAITREDMIRLLGPRP-FKERNEAFEKYLD
AFG3_YEAST RCAL_YEAST PARAPLEGIN YME1_YEAST SPAST_HUMAN AFG3_YEAST PARAPLEGIN YME1_YEAST SPAST_HUMAN AFG3_YEAST AFG3_YEAST AFG3_YEAST RCAL_YEAST	ELAQLERMEDEYSESDLTALARDENLEFIRELKPEQVKNMSESEMBNIRLSDFTESEKKIKRSVSPQTLEEYIRWNKDFGDTTV SIIPRGQGALGYAQYLPPDQYLISEEQFRHRMIMALGGRVSEELHFPSVTSGAHDDFKKVTQMANAMVTSLIGMSPKIGYLSFDQNDGNFKV SIIPRGQGALGYAQYLPGDIFLLTEQQLKDRMTMSLGGRVSEELHFPSVTSGAQDDFKKVTSMATAMVTSLIGMSPKIGVUNYQKRDDSDL SITPRTNAALGFAQMLPRDQHLFTKEQLFERMCMALGGRASEALSFNEVTSGAQDDLRKVTRIAYSMVKQFGMAPGIGPISFPEAQEGLMGIG TLIPRGRALGITFOLPEMDKVDITKREQARLDVCMGGKIAEELIYGKDNTTSGCGSDLQSATGTARAMVTQYGMSDDVGFVNLSEWW NKPFSNKTARTIDLEVKSIVDDAHRACTELLTKNLDKVDLVAKELLRKEAITREDMIRLLGFRP-FKERNEAFEKYLD

FIGURE 4B

CLONING, EXPRESSION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF THE SPG4 GENE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE MOST COMMON FORM OF AUTOSOMAL DOMINANT SPASTIC PARAPLEGIA

Inventors: Jean Weissenbach, Jamilé Hazan Serial No. Herewith Attorney Docket: R-341894

6/7

Sheet 6 of 7

1 [...] 459 Ruman: 1. AGGCCGAGAGCGTCCGCGTCTTCCACAAGCAGGCCTTCGAGTACATCTCCATTGCCCTGC 60 Mouse: 460 AGGCCGAGCGCTCCGAGTCTTCCACAAACAGGCCTTCGAGTACATCTCCATTGCCCTGC 519 Ruman: 61 GCATCGACGAGGAAGAGAAGCAGGACAGAAGGAACAAGCTGTGGAATGGTATAAGAAG 120 Mouse: Human: 520 GCATCGATGAGGATGAGAAGCAGGACGAGGAGCAGCTGTGGAATGGTATAAGAAAG 579 121 GTATCGAAGAACTGGAAAAAGGAATCGCTGTTATAGTTACGGGCCAAGGTGAACAGTATG 180 Mouse: 580 GTATTGAAGAACTGGAAAAAGGAATAGCTGTTATAGTTACAGGACAAGGTGAACAGTGTG 639 Human: 181 AAAGAGCTAGACGTCTTCAAGCCAAAATGATGACTAATTTAGTTATGGCCAAGGACCGTT 240 Mouse: £{{{\}}}{{{}}{{{}}}{{{}}}{{{}}}{{{}}}{{{}}}{{{}}}{{{}}}{{{}}}{{{}}}{{{}}}{{{}}{{{}}}{{{}}}{{{}}}{{{}}}{{{}}}{{{}}}{{{}}}{{{}}}{{{}}}{{{}}}{{{}}}{{{}}}{{{}}}{{{}}{{{}}}{{{}}}{{{}}}{{{}}}{{{}}{{{}}}{{{}}}{{{}}{{{}}}{{{}}}{{{}}}{{{}}{{{}}}{{{}}}{{{}}}{{{}}{{{}}}{{{}}}{{{}}{{{}}}{{{}}}{{{}}}{{{}}{{{}}}{{{}}{{}}{{{}}}{{{}}}{{{}}}{{{}}{{{}}}{{{}}}{{{}}{{{}}}{{{}}}{{{}}{{{}}}{{{}}{{{}}}{{{}}{{}}{{{}}}{{{}}{{{}}}{{{}}}{{{}}{{{}}}{{{}}{{}}{{{}}}{{{}}{{{}}}{{{}}{{{}}}{{{}}{{{}}}{{{}}{{{}}}{{{}}{{}}{{{}}}{{{}}{{{}}}{{{}}{{{}}}{{{}}{{{}}}{{{}}{{{}}}{{{}}{{}}{{{}}}{{{}}}{{{}}{{{}}}{{{}}{{}}{{{}}{{}}{{{}}}{{{}}{{{}}}{{{}}{{}}{{{}}}{{{}}{{{}}}{{{}}{{{}}}{{{}}{{ 640 AAAGAGCTAGACGCCTTCAAGCTAAAATGATGACTAATTTGGTTATGGCCAAGGACCGCT 699 Human: Mouse: 700 TACAACTTCTAGAGAAGATGCAACCAGTTTTGCCATTTTCCAAGTCACAAACGGACGTCT Buman: 301 ATAACGAGAGTACTAACCTGACATGCCGCAATGGACATCTCCAGTCAGAAAGTGGAGCAG 360 Mouse: Human: 760 ATAATGACAGTACTAACTTGGCATGCCGCAATGGACATCTCCAGTCAGAAAGTGGAGCTG 819 TTCCGAAGAGGAAAGACCCCTTAACACATGCTAGTAATTCATTGCCTCGATCAAAAACTG 420 Mouse: 820 TTCCAAAAAGAAAAGACCCCTTAACACACACTAGTAATTCACTGCCTCGTTCAAAAACAG 879 Buman: 421 TCCTGAAAAGTGGCTCCGCAGGGCTCTCCGGTCACCACAGGGCGCCTAGTTGCAGTGGTT 480 Mouse: Human: Mouse: 481 TGTCCATGGTTTCTGGAGCAGGCCGGGACCTGGTCCTGCAGCTACCACACATAAGGGTA 540 940 TATCCATGGTTTCTGGAGTGAAACAGGGATCTGGTCCTGCTCCTACCACTCATAAGGGTA 999 Buman: 541 CTCCAAAACCAAATAGAACCAACAAACCTTCTACTCCCACAACTGCAGTTCGGAAAAAGA 600 Mouse: 1000 CTCCGAAAACAAATAGGACAAATAAACCTTCTACCCCTACAACTGCTACTCGTAAGAAAA 1059 Human: Mouse: Human: TTGTTGACAATGGGACAGCTGTTAAGTTTGATGACATAGCCGGGCAGGAGCTGGCAAAGC 720 Mouse: 1120 TTGTGGACAATGGAACAGCTGTTAAATTTGATGATATAGCTGGTCAAGACTTGGCAAAAC 1179 **Buman**: Mouse: 721 AAGCGCTGCAGGAGATTGTCATCCTTCCTTCTCTGCGGCCTGAGTTGTTCACAGGGCTCA 780 1180 AAGCATTGCAAGAAATTGTTATTCTTCTTCTGAGGCCTGAGTTGTTCACAGGGCTTA 1239 Human: GAGCTCCTGCTAGAGGCTTGTTACTCTTCGGTCCGCCAGGAAACGGAAAACAATGCTGG 840 Mouse: GAGCTCCTGCCAGAGGGCTGTTACTCTTTGGTCCACCTGGGAATGGGAAGACAATGCTGG 1299 Human: 841 CTAAAGCAGTAGCTGCAGAGTCTAATGCGACCTTTTTCAACATAAGTGCTGCCAGTTTAA 900 Mouse: Human: 1300 CTAAAGCAGTAGCTGCAGAATCGAATGCAACCTTCTTTAATATAAGTGCTGCAAGTTTAA 1359 901 CTTCAAAATATGTGGGAGAAGGAGAAATTGGTGAGAGCTCTCTTTGCTGTGGCTCGAG 960 Mouse: Human: 961 AACTTCAACCATCTATAATTTTTATAGATGAAGTTGACAGTCTTTTGTGTGAGAGACGGG 1020 Mouse: AACTTCAACCTTCTATAATTTTTATAGATGAAGTTGATAGCCTTTTGTGTGAAAGAAGAG 1479 Human: 1021 AAGGGGACCACGACGCTAGACGCTAAAGACGGAATTTTAATAGAATTTGACGGGG 1080 Mouse: 1480 AAGGGGAGCACGATGCTAGTAGACGCCTAAAAACTGAATTTCTAATAGAATTTGATGGTG 1539 1081 TGCAATCTGCTGGAGATGACAGAGTACTTGTAATGGGTGCAACTAACAGGCCCCCAAGAGC 1140 1540 TACAGTCTGCTGGAGATGACAGAGTACTTGTAATGGGTGCAACTAATAGGCCACAAGAGC 1599 Ruman * 1141 TTGATGAAGCTGTTCTCAGGCGTTTCATTAAACGGGTATATGTGTCCTTACCAAATGAGG 1200 Mouse: Human: 1600 TTGATGAGGCTGTTCTCAGGCGTTTCATCAAACGGGTATATGTGTCTTTACCAAATGAGG 1659 1201 AGACAAGACTCCTTCTGCTTAAAAACCTGTTGTGTAAACAAGGAAGTCCACTGACCCAAA 1260 Mouse: Human: AAGAACTCGCACAGCTTGCTAGAATGACCGATGGATACTCTGGAAGTGATCTGACCGCTT 1320 Mouse: 1720 AAGAACTAGCACAACTTGCTAGAATGACTGATGGATACTCAGGAAGTGACCTAACAGCTT 1779 Human: TGGCCAAGGATGCAGCCCTGGGTCCTATCCGAGAACTGAAGCCAGAGCAGGTGAAGAATA 1380 Buman: 1780 TGGCAAAAGATGCAGCACTGGGTCCTATCCGAGAACTAAAACCAGAACAGGTGAAGAATA 1839 1381 TGTCTGCCAGTGAGATGAGAAATATTCGATTATCTGACTTCACAGAATCCTTAAAAAAGA 1440 Mouse: 1840 TGTCTGCCAGTGAGATGAGAAATATTCGATTATCTGACTTCACTGAATCCTTGAAAAAAA 1899 Human: Mouse: 1900 TAAAACGCAGCGTCAGCCCTCAAACTTTAGAAGCGTACATACGTTGGAACAAGGACTTTG 1959 :asmuH 1501 GAGACACCACTGTTTAAAGGAAT 1523 Mouse: 1960 GAGATACCACTGTTTAAGGAAAT 1982 Human: Human: 1983 [...] 3263 1524 GGATGCCTCTGTGAGCCCATAGAACATCGCACTTCACAGGAAACAAGAGCTTTGGCTACA 1583 Mouse: 1584 GGAACCCAGACTTCGTTTACAGGACGTTTTAGAGTTTTCATTTTTGTGCACCAAACTTGA 1643 1644 AGAGGAACAAGAAGACAGACCTAAATAAAATATGCAATATGAATGG 1689

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Serial No. Herewith Attorney Docket: R-341894

Sheet 7 of 7

7/7

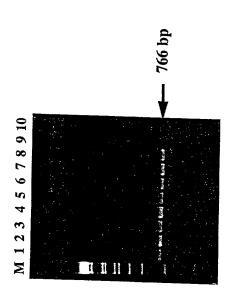


FIGURE 6A

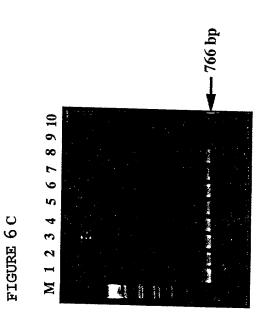
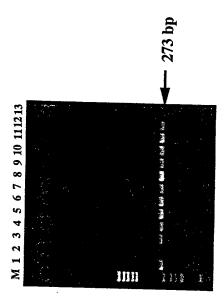


FIGURE 6B



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CLONING, EXPRESSION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF THE SPG4 GENE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE MOST COMMON FORM OF AUTOSOMAL DOMINANT SPASTIC PARAPLEGIA.

The invention relates to the identification and characterization of the SPG4 gene encoding spastin, which is responsible for the most common form of autosomal dominant hereditary spastic paraplegia (HSP), to the cloning and characterization of its cDNA, and also to the corresponding polypeptides. The invention also relates to vectors, to transformed cells and to transgenic animals, and also to diagnostic methods and kits and to methods for selecting a chemical or biochemical compound capable of interacting directly or indirectly with a polypeptide according to the invention.

Hereditary spastic paraplegias (HSPs) are degenerative disorders of the central nervous system, characterized by bilateral and progessive spasticity of the lower limbs. They reveal themselves clinically through difficulties in walking possibly evolving into total paralysis of both legs. The physiopathology of this set of diseases is, to date, relatively undocumented; however, anatomopathological data make it possible to conclude that the attack is limited to the pyramidal tracts responsible for voluntary motricity in the spinal cord (Reid, 1997). Various clinical and genetic forms of HSP exist. The so-called "pure" HSPs, which correspond to isolated spasticity of the lower limbs, are clinically distinguished from the "complex" HSPs, for which the spasticity of the legs is associated with other clinical signs of neurological or non-neurological type (Bruyn et al., 1991). From a genetic point of view, the HSPs can be transmitted according to the autosomal dominant (AD-HSP), autosomal recessive (AR-HSP) or Xlinked (X-HSP) mode. The "pure" form of HSP, which is most commonly transmitted according to the autosomal dominant mode, remains the most frequent (approximately 80% of HSPs) (Reid, 1997). The incidence of HSPs, which remains difficult to estimate because of rare epidemiological studies and the considerable clinical variability, varies from 0.9: 100 000 in Denmark, 3 to 9.6: 100 000 in certain regions of Spain (Polo et al., 1991) or 14: 100 000 in Norway (Skre, 1974) (approximately 3: 100 000 in France).

In addition to this great clinical variability, which is observed not only between various families but also between various affected members of the same family, the HSPs are also characterized by considerable genetic heterogeneity. In the case of AD-HSPs, four loci have been identified, to date, on chromosomes 14 (locus SPG3) (Hazan et al., 1993), 2 (locus SPG4) (Hazan et al., 1994; Hentali et al., 1994), 15

(locus SPG6) (Fink et al., 1995) and 8 (locus SPG8) (Hedera et al., 1999). The study of a large number of families exhibiting an AD-HSP has shown that the gene carried by chromosome 2 is a main locus of this form of the disease, found in 40 to 50% of the families analyzed (The Hereditary Spastic Paraplegia Working Group, 1996; Durr et al., 1996). An anticipation phenomenon was observed in some locus SPG4-linked HSP families; this phenomenon has, subsequently, been associated with the expansion of a (CAG)n repeat demonstrated in 6 Danish families (Nielsen et al., 1997) using the RED (for Rapid Expansion Detection) technique. It has, however, never been possible to confirm this expansion in any of the families tested by this method or by the systematic search for sequences of (CAG)n type in physical maps composed of YAC (for Yeast Artificial Chromosome) or BAC (for Bacterial Artificial Chromosome) clones (Hazan et al., Genomics, 60 (3), 309-19, 1999).

To date, three genes responsible for two forms of X-HSP and one form of AR-HSP have been identified. Mutations in the gene which encodes a neuron-specific cell adhesion molecule, L1-CAM (for L1 Cell Adhesion Molecule), and which is located at Xq28 (locus SPG1) cause a complex form of HSP (Jouet et al., 1994) in which the spasticity is associated with a mental handicap, whereas mutations in the PLP (for ProteoLipid Protein) gene located at Xq21 (locus SPG2), which encodes a constitutive molecule of the myelin layer, cause pure and complex forms of X-HSP (Saugier-Veber, P. et al., 1994). More recently, mutations in the gene located at 16q24.3 (locus SPG7), which encodes paraplegin, a mitochondrial ATPase of the AAA (for "ATPases Associated with diverse cellular Activities") protein family (Confalonieri et al., 1995), have been associated with complex and pure forms of AR-HSP (Casari et al., 1998).

Thus, there remains, today, a great need to identify and characterize the gene responsible for the most common form of AD-HSP. The identification of this gene should, in particular, allow, besides the possibility of a test for antenatal screening in the families concerned, a better understanding of some of the molecular mechanisms engendering these degenerations specific for nerve bundles of the spinal cord, or even make it possible to provide an elementary response regarding therapeutic treatment for the patients.

This is precisely the subject of the present invention.

After having delimited the localization range between the D2S352 and D2S2347 genetic markers by studying recombination events in locus SPG4-linked HSP families, the inventors have established a contig of BACs covering a physical distance evaluated at approximately 1.5 Mb and have undertaken a positional cloning strategy based on

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sequencing the SPG4 range in order to completely identify all the genes located in the candidate region. The analysis of the sequence of the two BACs, D (b336P14) and G (B763N4), has revealed the presence of a gene which is composed of 17 exons, extending over a distance of approximately 100 kb, and which exhibits homology with the genes encoding proteins of the AAA family. Comparison of the sequence of this gene between the healthy and affected individuals of AD-HSP families has made it possible to demonstrate various mutations in the patients.

A subject of the invention is thus the identification and characterization of the SPG4 (or SPAST) gene encoding a novel nuclear member of the AAA family, responsible for the most common form of AD-HSP.

In a first aspect, a subject of the present invention is a purified or isolated nucleic acid of the SPG4 gene, characterized in that it comprises at least 15 consecutive nucleotides, preferably 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, 75, 100 or 200 consecutive nucleotides, of a sequence chosen from the group comprising:

- the sequence SEQ ID No. 1, which is a genomic sequence of the human SPG4 gene;
- the nucleic acid sequences which are homologs or variants of the nucleic acid of sequence SEQ ID No. 1;
- the sequence which is complementary thereto; and
- the sequence of the corresponding RNA thereof.

The present invention relates, of course, to both the DNA and RNA sequences, and also the sequences which hybridize with them, as well as the corresponding double-stranded DNAs.

The terms "nucleic acid", "nucleic acid sequence" or "sequence of nucleic acid", "polynucleotide", "oligonucleotide", "polynucleotide sequence", and "nucleotide sequence", which will be used equally in the present description, will be intended to refer to both a double-stranded DNA, a single-stranded DNA and products of transcription of said DNAs, and/or an RNA fragment, said isolated natural, or synthetic fragments which may or may not include unnatural nucleotides, referring to a precise series of nucleotides, which may or may not be modified, making it possible to define a fragment or a region of a nucleic acid. The expression "natural isolated, or synthetic DNA and/or RNA fragment, which may or may not include unnatural nucleotides" is intended to mean a precise series of nucleotides, which may or may not be modified, making it possible to define a fragment, a segment or a region of a nucleic acid.

It should be understood that the present invention does not relate to the genomic nucleotide sequences in their natural chromosomal environment, i.e. in the

natural state. It involves sequences which have been isolated and/or purified, i.e. they have been removed directly or indirectly, for example by copying, their environment having been at least partially modified.

The term "homologous nucleic acid sequence" is intended to refer to the sequences which have, with respect to the reference nucleic acid sequence, certain modifications, such as in particular a deletion, a truncation, an extension, a chimeric fusion and/or a mutation, in particular a point mutation, and the nucleic acid sequence of which shows at least 80%, preferably 90% or 95%, identity after alignment, with the reference nucleic acid sequence.

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For the purpose of the present invention, the term "percentage of identity" between two nucleic acid or amino acid sequences is intended to refer to a percentage of nucleotides or of amino acid residues which are identical between the two sequences to be compared, obtained after the best alignment, this percentage being purely statistical and the differences between the two sequences being distributed randomly and throughout their length. Sequence comparisons between two nucleic acid or amino acid sequences are traditionally carried out by comparing these sequences after having optimally aligned them, said comparison being carried out by segment or by "window of comparison" in order to identify and compare local regions of sequence similarity. The optimal alignment of the sequences for comparison can be produced, besides manually, by means of the local homology algorithm of Smith and Waterman (1981) [Ad. App. Math. 2:482], by means of the local homology algorithm of Neddleman and Wunsch (1970) [J. Mol. Biol. 48:443], by means of the similarity search method of Pearson and Lipman (1988) [Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 85:2444], and by means of computer programs using these algorithms (GAP, BESTFIT, FASTA and TFASTA in the Wisconsin Genetics Software Package, Genetics Computer Group, 575 Science Dr., Madison, WI, or with the BLAST N or BLAST P comparison programs).

The percentage of identity between two nucleic acid or amino acid sequences is determined by comparing these two optimally aligned sequences by window of comparison in which the region of the nucleic acid or amino acid sequence to be compared can comprise additions or deletions with respect to the reference sequence for optimal alignment between these two sequences. The percentage of identity is calculated by determining the number of identical positions for which the nucleotide or the amino acid residue is identical between the two sequences, dividing this number of identical positions by the total number of positions in the window of comparison and

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multiplying the result obtained by 100 so as to obtain the percentage of identity between these two sequences.

For example, the BLAST program "BLAST 2 sequences" (Tatusova et al., "Blast 2 sequences - a new tool for comparing protein and nucleotide sequences", FEMS Microbiol. Lett. 174:247-250), available on the site http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gorf/bl2.html, may be used, the parameters used being those given by default (in particular for the parameters "open gap penalty": 5, and "extension gap penalty": 2; the matrix chosen being, for example, the "BLOSUM 62" matrix proposed by the program), the percentage of identity between the two sequences to be compared being calculated directly by the program.

It preferably involves sequences for which the complementary sequences are capable of hybridizing specifically with one of the sequences of the invention. Preferably, the specific or high stringency hybridization conditions will be such that they ensure at least 80%, preferably 90% or 95%, identity after alignment between one of the two sequences and the sequence which is complementary to the other.

Hybridization under high stringency conditions means that the temperature and ionic strength conditions are chosen such that they allow the hybridization between two complementary DNA fragments to be maintained. By way of illustration, high stringency conditions of the hybridization step for the purposes of defining the polynucleotide fragments described above are advantageously as follows.

The DNA-DNA or DNA-RNA hybridization is carried out in two steps: (1) prehybridization at 42°C for 3 hours in phosphate buffer (20 mM, pH 7.5) containing 5 x SSC (1 x SSC corresponds to a 0.15 M NaCl + 0.015 M sodium citrate solution), 50% of formamide, 7% of sodium dodecyl sulfate (SDS), 10 x Denhardt's, 5% of dextran sulfate and 1% of salmon sperm DNA; (2) actual hybridization for 20 hours at a temperature dependent on the size of the probe (i.e. 42°C for a probe of size > 100 nucleotides), followed by two 20-minute washes at 20°C in 2 x SSC + 2% SDS and one 20-minute wash at 20°C in 0.1 x SSC + 0.1% SDS. The final wash is carried out in 0.1 x SSC + 0.1% SDS for 30 minutes at 60°C for a probe of size > 100 nucleotides. The high stringency hybridization conditions described above for a polynucleotide of defined size will be adjusted by those skilled in the art for oligonucleotides of greater or smaller size, according to the teaching of Sambrook et al., 1989.

The term "nucleic acid sequence which is a variant" or "nucleic acid which is a variant" of a reference nucleic acid sequence will be intended to refer to the set of nucleic acid sequences corresponding to allelic variants, i.e. individual variations of the

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reference nucleic acid sequence. These natural mutated sequences correspond to polymorphisms present in mammals, in particular in human beings, and in particular to polymorphisms which can cause a pathology to occur and/or to develop.

While the sequences according to the invention relate to normal sequences, they also relate to sequences which are mutated insofar as they include at least one point mutation, and preferably at most 10% of mutations, with respect to the normal sequence.

In particular, the variant nucleic acid sequences will comprise any sequence of at least 15 consecutive nucleotides, preferably 20, 25, 30, 50, 100 or 200 consecutive nucleotides, of a polymorphic sequence of the genomic sequence of the human SPG4 gene of sequence SEQ ID No. 1, and the nucleic acid sequence of which has, with respect to the sequence SEQ ID No. 1, at least one mutation corresponding in particular to a truncation, deletion, substitution and/or addition of an amino acid residue. In the present case, the variant nucleic acid sequences having at least one mutation will herein be linked to the pathologies of AD-HSP type linked to SPG4 locus.

Preferably, the present invention relates to the mutated nucleic acid sequences in which the mutations produce a modification of the amino acid sequence of the polypeptide encoded by the normal sequence.

The term "variant nucleic acid sequences" will also be intended to refer to any RNA or cDNA resulting from a mutation of a splice site of the genomic nucleic acid sequence SEQ ID No. 1.

Preferably, the invention relates to a purified or isolated nucleic acid of the SPG4 gene according to the invention, characterized in that it comprises a sequence chosen from the group comprising:

- a) the sequence SEQ ID No. 1, the sequence SEQ ID No. 2, the sequence SEQ ID No. 72, the sequence SEQ ID No. 106 or the sequence of at least 15, preferably 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, 75, 100 or 200, consecutive nucleotides of the sequence SEQ ID No. 1, SEQ ID No. 2, SEQ ID No. 72 or SEQ ID No. 106;
 - b) the nucleic acid sequences which are homologs or variants of the sequences SEQ ID No. 1, SEQ ID No. 2, SEQ ID No. 72 or SEQ ID No. 106; and
 - c) the complementary sequence or the RNA sequence corresponding to the sequences as defined in a) and b),

preferably with the exception of the nucleic acid identified in the GenBank database under the accession number AB029006.

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The nucleic acid the sequence of which is disclosed in the GenBank database under the accession number AB029006 corresponds to the sequence of one of the 100 cDNAs derived from a human brain mRNA library identified by the Kazusa DNA Research Institute in Japan (Kikuno et al., DNA Resarch, 6, 197-205, 1999).

Preferably, the invention relates to a purified or isolated nucleic acid according to the invention, characterized in that it comprises at least one sequence of at least 15 consecutive nucleotides, preferably 20, 25, 30, 50 or 75 consecutive nucleotides, of the nt 714-809, ends inclusive, fragment of the sequence SEQ ID No. 2, of the sequence complementary thereto or of the sequence of the corresponding RNA thereof.

The invention preferably relates to a purified or isolated nucleic acid according to the present invention, characterized in that it comprises a sequence chosen from the following group:

- the sequence SEQ ID No. 1;
- the sequence SEQ ID No. 2, which is the cDNA sequence encoding human spastin;
- the sequences SEQ ID No. 72 and SEQ ID No. 106, the sequence SEQ ID No. 72 representing the sequence of the incomplete cDNA encoding murine spastin represented in Figure 5, "mouse" line, and the SEQ ID No. 106 representing the complete sequence thereof;
 - the nucleic acid sequences which are homologs or variants of the sequences SEQ ID No. 1, SEQ ID No. 2, SEQ ID No. 72 or SEQ ID No. 106;
 - the sequence complementary thereto; and
 - the sequence of the corresponding RNA thereof.

Preferably, the invention relates to a purified or isolated nucleic acid according to the invention, characterized in that it comprises at least one mutation which corresponds to a natural polymorphism in humans, in particular the position and nature of which are identified in Table 5.

The primers or probes, characterized in that they comprise a sequence of a nucleic acid according to the invention, also form part of the invention.

The present invention thus relates to the set of primers which can be deduced from the nucleotide sequences of the invention and which may make it possible to demonstrate said nucleotide sequences of the invention, in particular the mutated sequences, using in particular an amplification method such as the PCR method, or a related method.

The present invention also relates to the set of probes which can be deduced from the nucleotide sequences of the invention, in particular from the sequences

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capable of hybridizing with them, and which may make it possible to demonstrate said nucleotide sequences, in particular to distinguish the normal sequences from the mutated sequences.

The present invention relates, in particular, to the probes or primers having sequences chosen from the sequences SEQ ID No. 4 to SEQ ID No. 71.

The invention also relates to the use of a nucleic acid sequence according to the invention as a probe or primer, for detecting, identifying, assaying or amplifying a nucleic acid sequence.

According to the invention, the polynucleotides which can be used as a probe or as a primer in processes for detecting, identifying, assaying or amplifying a nucleic acid sequence will have a minimum size of 15 bases, preferably of 20 bases, or better still of 25 to 30 bases.

The set of probes and primers according to the invention may be labeled directly or indirectly with a radioactive or nonradioactive compound, using methods well known to those skilled in the art, in order to obtain a detectable and/or quantifiable signal.

The nonlabeled polynucleotide sequences according to the invention can be used directly as a probe or primer.

The sequences are generally labeled so as to obtain sequences which can be used for many applications. The labeling of the primers or of the probes according to the invention is carried out with radioactive elements or with nonradioactive molecules.

Among the radioactive isotopes used, mention may be made of ³²P, ³³P, ³⁵S, ³H or ¹²⁵I. The nonradioactive entities are selected from ligands, such as biotin, avidin or streptavidin, dioxygenin, haptens, colorants and luminescent agents, such as radioluminescent, chemiluminescent, bioluminescent, fluorescent or phosphorescent agents.

The polynucleotides according to the invention can thus be used as a primer and/or probe in processes using, in particular, the PCR (polymerase chain reaction) technique (Erlich, 1989; Innis et al., 1990, and Rolfs et al., 1991). This technique requires choosing pairs of oligonucleotide primers framing the fragment which must be amplified. Reference may, for example, be made to the technique described in American patent US No. 4,683,202. The amplified fragments can be identified, for example after agarose or polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis, or after a chromatographic technique such as gel filtration or ion exchange chromatography, and then sequenced. The specificity of amplification can be controlled using, as a primer,

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the nucleotide sequences of polynucleotides of the invention and, as a matrix, plasmids containing these sequences or the derived amplification products. The amplified nucleotide fragments can be used as reagents in hybridization reactions in order to demonstrate the presence, in a biological sample, of a target nucleic acid having a sequence complementary to that of said amplified nucleotide fragments.

The invention is also directed toward the nucleic acids which can be obtained by amplification using primers according to the invention.

Other techniques for amplifying the target nucleic acid can be advantageously employed as an alternative to PCR (PCR-like), using pairs of primers having nucleotide sequences according to the invention. The term "PCR-like" will be intended to refer to all methods using direct or indirect reproductions of nucleic acid sequences, or in which the labeling systems have been amplified. These techniques are, of course, known. In general, they involve amplifying the DNA with a polymerase; when the sample of origin is an RNA, it is advisable to perform reverse transcription beforehand. There are, currently, a great many processes which enable this amplification, such as for example the SDA (Strand Displacement Amplification) technique (Walker et al., 1992), the TAS (Transcription-based Amplification System) technique described by Kwoh et al. in 1989, the 3SR (Self-Sustained Sequence Replication) technique described by Guatelli et al. in 1990, the NASBA (Nucleic Acid Sequence Based Amplification) technique described by Kievitis et al. in 1991, the TMA (Transcription Mediated Amplification) technique, the LCR (Ligase Chain Reaction) technique described by Landegren et al. in 1988 and improved by Barany et al. in 1991, which uses a heat-stable ligase, the RCR (Repair Chain Reaction) technique described by Segev in 1992, the CPR (Cycling Probe Reaction) technique described by Duck et al. in 1990, and the Q-beta-replicase amplification technique described by Miele et al. in 1983 and improved, in particular, by Chu et al. in 1986 and Lizardi et al. in 1988, and then by Burg et al., and also by Stone et al., in 1996.

When the target polynucleotide to be detected is an mRNA, use will advantageously be made, prior to carrying out an amplification reaction using the primers according to the invention or carrying out a detection process using the probes of the invention, of an enzyme of reverse transcriptase type in order to obtain a cDNA from the mRNA contained in the biological sample. The cDNA obtained will then serve as a target for the primers or probes used in the amplification or detection process according to the invention.

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The probe hybridization technique can be carried out in diverse ways (Matthews et al., 1988). The most general method consists in immobilizing the nucleic acid extracted from the cells of various tissues or from cells in culture, on a support (such as nitrocellulose, nylon or polystyrene), and in incubating the immobilized target nucleic acid with the probe, under well defined conditions. After hybridization, the excess probe is eliminated and the hybrid molecules formed are detected using the appropriate method (measurement of the radioactivity, of the fluorescence or of the enzymatic activity linked to the probe).

According to another embodiment of the nucleic acid probes according to the invention, the latter can be used as a capture probe. In this case, a probe, termed "capture probe", is immobilized on a support and is used to capture, by specific hybridization, the target nucleic acid obtained from the biological sample to be tested, and the target nucleic acid is then detected using a second probe, termed "detection probe", labeled with an easily detectable element.

The splice acceptor or donor site sequences according to the present invention identified in Table 3 (sequences SEQ ID No. 74 to SEQ ID No. 105) also form part of the present invention.

In another aspect, the invention comprises a method for screening cDNA or genomic DNA libraries, or for cloning isolated genomic or cDNA encoding spastin, characterized in that it uses a nucleic acid sequence according to the invention.

Among these methods, mention may be made in particular of:

- the screening of cDNA libraries and the cloning of the isolated cDNAs (Sambrook et al., 1989; Suggs et al., 1981; Woo et al., 1979), using the nucleic acid sequences according to the invention;
- 25 the screening of genomic libraries, for example of BACs (Chumakov et al., 1992; Chumakov et al., 1995), and, optionally, a genetic analysis by FISH (Cherif et al., 1990), using sequences according to the invention, enabling the isolation and chromosomal localization, and then the complete sequencing, of the SPG4 gene encoding spastin.

In particular, these methods according to the invention may be used for identifying and thus obtaining the genomic sequence or the cDNA of the SPG4 gene in other mammals, in particular mice.

These screening and/or cloning methods will comprise, in particular, a step of hybridization of a nucleic acid according to the invention with a nucleic acid contained in a genomic or cDNA library.

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The invention also comprises a method for identifying the nucleic acid sequences which promote and/or regulate the expression of the SPG4 gene of sequence SEQ ID No. 1, characterized in that it uses a nucleic acid according to the invention.

The computer tools available to those skilled in the art enable them to easily identify, using the genomic nucleic acid sequences according to the invention, the promoter regulatory boxes required and sufficient for controlling gene expression, in particular the TATA, CCAAT and GC boxes, and also the stimulatory regulatory sequences ("enhancers"), or inhibitory regulatory sequences ("silencers"), which control, in CIS, the expression of the genes according to the invention; among these regulatory sequences, mention should be made of IRE, MRE and CRE.

The invention also relates to the methods for identifying mutations carried by the human SPG4 gene, in particular mutations responsible for autosomal dominant hereditary spastic paraplegia, characterized in that they use a nucleic acid sequence according to the invention.

These methods for identifying these mutations will, in particular, comprise the following steps: (i) isolation of the DNA from the biological sample to be analyzed, or production of a cDNA from the mRNA of the biological sample; (ii) specific amplification of the target DNA likely to have a mutation, using primers according to the invention; (iii) analysis of the amplification products, in particular the size and/or the sequence of the amplification products, with respect to a reference sequence.

The expression "methods for identifying a mutation according to the invention" is also intended to refer to a method which makes it possible to obtain the nucleic acid on which said mutation has been identified.

The promoter and/or regulatory sequences of the SPG4 gene according to the invention having mutations which may modify the expression of the corresponding protein also form part of the invention.

The nucleic acids characterized in that they can be obtained using one of the preceding methods according to the invention, or the nucleic acids capable of hybridizing, under high stringency conditions (homology of at least 80% between one of the two sequences and the sequence complementary to the other), with said nucleic acids, form part of the invention, especially the variant or homologous nucleic acids, in particular the nucleic acid sequences of allelic variants of the SPG4 gene of sequence SEQ ID No. 1 or of its cDNA of sequence SEQ ID No. 2, and also the genomic sequences of the homologous genes of other mammals such as mice.

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In the present description, the term "Spg4" will be intended to refer to the mouse gene homologous to the human SPG4 gene.

The use of a nucleic acid sequence according to the invention as a probe or primer for screening a genomic library or a cDNA of course forms part of the subject of the present invention.

In another aspect, the invention comprises a purified or isolated polypeptide encoded by a nucleic acid according to the invention, preferably with the exception of the 584 amino acid peptide, the sequence of which is identified in the GenBank database under the accession number AB029006.

In the present description, the term "polypeptide" will be used to refer equally to a protein or a peptide.

Preferably, the present invention relates to a polypeptide according to the invention, characterized in that it comprises an amino acid sequence chosen from the following group:

- the sequence SEQ ID No. 3, corresponding to human spastin encoded by the sequence SEQ ID No. 2 of the cDNA of the human SPG4 gene;
 - the sequence SEQ ID No. 73, corresponding to a fragment of murine spastin encoded by the sequence SEQ ID No. 72 of the incomplete cDNA of the mouse Spg4 gene, the sequence SEQ ID No. 73 is represented in Figure 4A, "SPAST_MOUSE" line;
- the sequence SEQ ID No. 107, corresponding to murine spastin encoded by the sequence SEQ ID No. 106 of the complete cDNA of the mouse Spg4 gene;
 - the sequences of polypeptides which are homologs and variants of the polypeptide of sequence SEQ ID No. 3, SEQ ID No. 73 or SEQ ID No. 107; and
 - the sequences of the fragments thereof of at least 8, 10, 15, 30 or 50 consecutive amino acids.

Also preferably, a subject of the invention is a polypeptide according to the invention, characterized in that it comprises an amino acid sequence chosen from the group comprising:

- a) the sequence SEQ ID No. 3, the sequence SEQ ID No. 73, the sequence SEQ ID No. 107 or the sequence of at least 10 consecutive amino acids of one of these sequences; and
- b) the sequences which are homologs or variants of the sequences SEQ ID No. 3, SEQ ID No. 73 or SEQ ID No. 107.

Also preferably, a subject of the invention is a polypeptide according to the invention, characterized in that it comprises the sequence of at least 8, preferably of at

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least 10, 15, 20 or 30, consecutive amino acids of the sequence of the aa 197-228, ends inclusive, fragment of the sequence SEQ ID No. 3.

Also preferably, a subject of the invention is a polypeptide according to the invention, characterized in that it comprises an amino acid sequence chosen from the following group:

- the sequence SEQ ID No. 3, the sequence SEQ ID No. 73 and the sequence SEQ ID No. 107, which sequences carrying at least one of the mutations corresponding to a natural polymorphism in humans, in particular those the nature and location of which are identified in Table 5 hereinafter, or those which may be identified using the methods for identifying mutations of the SPG4 gene, according to the present invention; and
- the sequences of the fragments thereof of at least 8, 10, 15, 30 or 50 consecutive amino acids.

It should be understood that the invention does not relate to polypeptides in natural form, i.e. they are not taken in their environment. Specifically, the invention relates to the peptides which are obtained by purification from natural sources, or obtained by genetic recombination or by chemical synthesis, and which can therefore include unnatural amino acids. The production of a recombinant polypeptide, which can be carried out using one of the nucleotide sequences according to the invention, is particularly advantageous since it makes it possible to obtain an increased degree of purity of the desired polypeptide.

The term "homologous polypeptide" will be intended to refer to the polypeptides which have certain modifications with respect to the reference polypeptide, such as in particular one or more deletions or truncations, an extension, a chimeric fusion and/or one or more substitutions, and the amino acid sequence of which shows at least 80%, preferably 90% or 95%, identity after alignment, with the reference amino acid sequence.

The term "variant polypeptide" (or protein variant) will be intended to refer to the set of polypeptides encoded by the variant nucleic acid sequences as defined above.

In particular, the variant polypeptides will comprise any polypeptide which is encoded by the mutated genomic sequence of the SPG4 gene of sequence SEQ ID No. 1, and the amino acid sequence of which has at least one mutation corresponding in particular to a truncation, deletion, substitution and/or addition of amino acid residues with respect to the sequence SEQ ID No. 3. In the present case, the variant

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polypeptides having at least one mutation will be linked to the pathologies of AD-HSP type.

The term "variant polypeptide" will also be intended to refer to any polypeptide resulting from mutation of a splice site in the genomic nucleic acid sequence SEQ ID No. 1.

The invention also comprises the cloning and/or expression vectors containing a nucleic acid sequence according to the invention.

The vectors according to the invention, characterized in that they include the elements which allow the expression and/or the secretion of said sequences in a host cell, or a cellular addressing sequence, also form part of the invention.

The vectors characterized in that they include a promoter and/or regulator sequence according to the invention also form part of the invention.

Said vectors will preferably include a promoter, translation initiation and termination signals, and also suitable regions for regulating the transcription. They should be able to be maintained stably in the cell and can, optionally, have particular signals which specify secretion of the translated protein.

These various control signals are chosen as a function of the host cell used. To this effect, the nucleic acid sequences according to the invention can be inserted into vectors which replicate autonomously in the host chosen, or vectors which integrate in the host chosen.

Among the systems which replicate autonomously, use will preferably be made, as a function of the host cell, of the systems of plasmid or viral type, the viral vectors possibly in particular being adenoviruses (Perricaudet et al., 1992), retroviruses, lentiviruses, poxviruses or herpesviruses (Epstein et al., 1992). Those skilled in the art know the technology which can be used for each of these systems.

When integration of the sequence into the chromosomes of the host cell is desired, use may be made, for example, of the systems of plasmid or viral type; such viruses will, for example, be retroviruses (Temin, 1986), or AAVs (Carter, 1993).

Among the nonviral vectors, preference is given to naked polynucleotides such as naked DNA or naked RNA according to the technique developed by the company VICAL, yeast artificial chromosomes (YAC) for expression in yeast, mouse artificial chromosomes (MAC) for expression in murine cells and, preferably, human artificial chromosomes (HAC) for expression in human cells.

Such vectors will be prepared according to the methods commonly used by those skilled in the art, and the clones resulting therefrom can be introduced into a

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suitable host using standard methods, such as for example lipofection, electroporation or heat shock.

The invention also comprises the host cells, in particular the eukaryotic and prokaryotic cells, transformed with the vectors according to the invention, and also the transgenic animals, except humans, comprising one of said transformed cells according to the invention.

Among the cells which can be used for these purposes, mention may of course be made of bacterial cells (Olins and Lee, 1993), but also yeast cells (Buckholz, 1993), as well as animal cells, in particular cultures of mammalian cells (Edwards and Aruffo, 1993), and especially Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cells, but also insect cells in which it is possible to use processes implementing baculoviruses, for example (Luckow, 1993). A preferred cellular host for expressing the proteins of the invention consists of CHO cells.

Among the mammals according to the invention, preference will be given to animals such as mice, rats or rabbits, expressing a polypeptide according to the invention.

Among the mammals according to the invention, preference will also be given to those comprising a transformed cell characterized in that the sequence of at least one of the two alleles of the SPG4 gene contains at least one of the mutations corresponding to a natural polymorphism in humans, in particular those the nature and location of which are identified in Table 5 hereinafter, or those which may be identified using the methods for identifying a mutation of the SPG4 gene, according to the present invention.

Among the mammals according to the invention, preference will also be given to animals such as mice, rats or rabbits, characterized in that the gene encoding spastin according to the invention is not functional or is knocked out.

Among the animal models more particularly advantageous herein, there are, in particular:

- the transgenic animals having, at least in one of their two allelic sequences of the SPG4 gene, at least one of the mutations the position and nature of which are identified in Table 5 or identified using a method according to the present invention. These transgenic animals are obtained, for example, by homologous recombination on embryonic stem cells, transfer of these stem cells to embryos, selection of the chimeras affected in the reproductive lines, and growth of said chimeras;

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- the transgenic animals (preferably mice) overexpressing the SPG4 gene into which one of said mutations according to the invention may be introduced. The mice are obtained, for example, by transfection of a copy of this gene under the control of a strong promoter which is ubiquitous in nature or selective for a tissue type, or after viral transcription;
- the transgenic animals (preferably mice) made deficient for the SPG4 gene according to the invention by inactivation using the LOXP/CRE recombinase system (Rohlmann et al., 1996) or any other system for inactivating the expression of this gene.

The cells and mammals according to the invention can be used in a method for producing a polypeptide according to the invention, as described below, and can also be used as a model for analysis and for DNA (genomic or cDNA) library screening.

The transformed cells or mammals as described above can thus be used as models in order to study the interactions between the polypeptides according to the invention, and chemical or protein compounds, which are involved directly or indirectly in the activities of the polypeptides according to the invention, this being in order to study the various mechanisms and interactions which come into play.

They can especially be used for selecting products which interact with the polypeptides according to the invention, in particular human spastin of sequence SEQ ID No. 3 or the variants thereof according to the invention, as a cofactor or as an inhibitor, in particular a competitive inhibitor, or which have agonist or antagonist activity for the activity of the polypeptides according to the invention. Preferably, said transformed cells or transgenic animals will be used as a model which, in particular, enables the selection of products which make it possible to combat the pathology linked to the SPG4 gene mentioned above.

The invention also relates to the use of a cell, of a mammal or of a polypeptide according to the invention for screening a chemical or biochemical compound which can interact directly or indirectly with the polypeptides according to the invention, and/or which is capable of modulating the expression or the activity of these polypeptides.

The invention also relates to the use of a nucleic acid sequence according to the invention for synthesizing recombinant polypeptides.

The method for producing a polypeptide of the invention in recombinant form is, itself, included in the present invention, and is characterized in that the transformed cells, in particular the cells or mammals of the present invention, are cultured under conditions which allow the expression of a recombinant polypeptide encoded by a

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nucleic acid sequence according to the invention, and in that said recombinant polypeptide is recovered.

The recombinant polypeptides, characterized in that they can be obtained using said production method, also form part of the invention.

The recombinant polypeptides obtained as indicated above can be in both glycosylated and nonglycosylated form and may or may not have the natural tertiary structure.

These polypeptides can be produced based on the nucleic acid sequences defined above, according to the techniques for producing recombinant polypeptides known to those skilled in the art. In this case, the nucleic acid sequence used is placed under the control of signals which allow its expression in a cellular host.

An effective system for producing a recombinant polypeptide requires a vector and a host cell according to the invention.

These cells can be obtained by introducing into host cells a nucleotide sequences inserted into a vector as defined above, and then culturing said cells under conditions which allow the replication and/or expression of the transfected nucleotide sequence.

The processes for purifying a recombinant polypeptide which are used are known to those skilled in the art. The recombinant polypeptide can be purified from cell lyzates and extracts and/or from the culture medium supernatant, with methods used individually or in combination, such as fractionation, chromotography methods, immunoaffinity techniques using specific monoclonal or polyclonal antibodies, etc.

The polypeptides according to the present invention can be obtained by chemical synthesis, this using one of the many known peptide syntheses, for example the techniques which implement solid phases or techniques which use partial solid phases, by condensation of fragments or by conventional synthesis in solution.

The solid-phase synthesis technique is well known to those skilled in the art. See in particular Stewart et al. (1984) and Bodansky (1984).

The polypeptides which are obtained by chemical synthesis and which can include corresponding unnatural amino acids are also included in the invention.

The mono- or polyclonal antibodies or their fragments, chimeric antibodies or immunoconjugates, characterized in that they are capable of specifically recognizing a polypeptide according to the invention, form part of the invention.

Specific polyclonal antibodies can be obtained from a serum of an animal immunized against the polypeptides according to the invention, in particular produced

by genetic recombination or by peptide synthesis, according to conventional procedures.

The advantage of antibodies which specifically recognize certain polypeptides, variants or immunogenic fragments thereof, according to the invention, will in particular be noted.

The specific monoclonal antibodies can be obtained according to the conventional hybridoma culture method described by Köhler and Milstein, 1975.

The antibodies according to the invention are, for example, chimeric antibodies, humanized antibodies, or Fab or F(ab')₂ fragments. They can also be in the form of labeled antibodies or immunoconjugates in order to obtain a detectable and/or quantifiable signal.

The invention also relates to methods for detecting and/or purifying a polypeptide according to the invention, characterized in that they use an antibody according to the invention.

The invention also comprises purified polypeptides, characterized in that they are obtained using a method according to the invention.

Moreover, besides their use for purifying the polypeptides, the antibodies of the invention, in particular the monoclonal antibodies, can also be used for detecting these polypeptides in a biological sample.

They thus constitute a means of immunocytochemically or immunohistochemically analyzing the expression of the polypeptides according to the invention, in particular the polypeptide of sequence SEQ ID No. 3 or a variant thereof, on specific tissue sections, for example by immunofluorescence or gold labeling, or with an enzymatic immunoconjugates.

They may make it possible, in particular, to demonstrate abnormal expression of these polypeptides in the biological samples or tissues, which makes them useful for monitoring the progression of the disease and the molecular diagnosis.

More generally, the antibodies of the invention can be advantageously used in any situation in which the expression of a normal or mutated polypeptide according to the invention must be observed.

The methods for determining allelic variability, a mutation, a deletion, a loss of heterozygosity or any genetic abnormality of the SPG4 gene, according to the invention, characterized in that they use a nucleic acid sequence or an antibody according to the invention, also form part of the invention.

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The present invention thus comprises a method for genotypic diagnosis of the pathology associated with the SPG4 gene, characterized in that a nucleic acid sequence according to the invention is used.

Preferably, the invention relates to a method for genotypic diagnosis of the disease associated with the presence of at least one mutation on a sequence of the SPG4 gene, using a biological sample from a patient, characterized in that it includes the following steps:

- a) where appropriate, isolation of the genomic DNA from the biological sample to be analyzed, or production of cDNA from the RNA of the biological sample;
- b) specific amplification of said DNA sequence of the SPG4 gene likely to contain a mutation, using primers according to the invention;
 - c) analysis of the amplification products obtained and comparison of their sequence with the corresponding normal sequence of the SPG4 gene.

The invention also comprises a method for diagnosing the disease associated with abnormal expression of a polypeptide encoded by the SPG4 gene, in particular the polypeptide of sequence SEQ ID No. 3, characterized in that one or more antibodies according to the invention is (are) brought into contact with the biological material to be tested, under conditions which allow the possible formation of specific immunological complexes between said polypeptide and said antibody or antibodies, and in that the immunological complexes possibly formed are detected and/or quantified.

These methods are, for example, directed toward the methods for diagnosis, in particular antenatal diagnosis, of AD-HSP associated with the presence of a mutation in the SPG4 gene, according to the invention, by determining, using a biological sample from the patient, the presence of mutations in at least one of the sequences described above. The nucleic acid sequences analyzed may equally be genomic DNA, cDNA or mRNA.

Nucleic acids or antibodies based on the present invention may also be used to enable positive diagnosis in a patient or presymptomatic diagnosis in an individual at risk, in particular an individual with a family history of the disease.

There are, of course, a great number of methods which make it possible to demonstrate a mutation in a gene with respect to the wild-type gene. They can essentially be divided into two main categories. The first type of method is that in which the presence of a mutation is detected by comparing the mutated sequence with the corresponding wild-type sequence, and the second type is that in which the presence

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of the mutation is detected indirectly, for example through evidence of mismatches due to the presence of the mutation.

These methods can use the probes and primers of the present invention which have been described. They are generally purified nucleic acid hybridization sequences comprising at least 15 nucleotides, preferably 20, 25 or 30 nucleotides, characterized in that they can hybridize specifically with a nucleic acid sequence according to the invention.

Preferably, the specific hybridization conditions are such as those defined above or in the examples. The length of these nucleic acid hybridization sequences can range from 15, 20 or 30 to 200 nucleotides, particularly from 20 to 50 nucleotides.

Among the methods for determining allelic variability, a mutation, a deletion, a loss of heterozygocity or a genetic abnormality, preference is given to the methods comprising at least one so-called PCR (polymerase chain reaction) or PCR-like amplification step for the target sequence according to the invention likely to have an abnormality, using a pair of primers having nucleotide sequences according to the invention. The amplified products may be treated with a suitable restriction enzyme before carrying out the detection and assaying of the product targeted.

The mutations of the SPG4 gene according to the invention may be responsible for various modifications of the translation product thereof, these modifications possibly being used for a diagnostic approach. Specifically, the antigenicity modifications linked to these mutations may allow the development of specific antibodies. The mutated gene product can be distinguished using these methods. All these modifications can be employed in a diagnostic approach, using several well-known methods based on the use of mono- or polyclonal antibodies which recognize the normal polypeptide or mutated variants, such as for example by RIA or by ELISA.

Thus, a subject of the invention is also a kit or pack for diagnosis, in particular for diagnosing AD-HSP associated with the presence of a mutation in the SPG4 gene, according to the invention, characterized in that it comprises at least one compound chosen from the following group of compounds:

- a) a nucleic acid, in particular as a primer or probe, according to the present invention;
 and
 - b) an antibody according to the invention.

In another aspect, the invention comprises a method for selecting a chemical or biochemical compound capable of preventing and/or treating AD-HSP associated with the SPG4 gene, characterized in that a nucleic acid sequence according to the

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invention, a polypeptide according to the invention, a vector according to the invention, a cell according to the invention, a mammal according to the invention or an antibody according to the invention is used.

The methods for selecting chemical or biochemical compounds capable of interacting directly or indirectly with polypeptides according to the invention or with the nucleic acids according to the invention, and/or making it possible to modulate the expression or the activity of these polypeptides, characterized in that they comprise bringing a polypeptide according to the invention, a transformed cell according to the invention or a mammal according to the invention into contact with a candidate compound, and detecting a modification of the activity of said polypeptide, are also included in the invention.

For example, but without being limited thereto, mention may be made of a method for identifying molecules capable of interacting with a polypeptide according to the invention, using a bacterial or yeast two hybrid system such as the Matchmaker Two Hybrid System 2, according to the instructions of the manual which is supplied with the Matchmaker Two Hybrid System 2 (Catalog No. K1604-1, Clontech).

The nucleic acids encoding proteins which interact with the promoter and/or regulatory sequences of the SPG4 gene, according to the invention, can be screened and/or selected using a one hybrid system such as that described in the manual which is supplied with the Matchmaker One Hybrid System kit from Clontech (Catalog No. K1603-).

In other aspect, the invention comprises the use of a nucleic acid or of a polypeptide according to the invention, of a vector according to the invention, of a cell according to the invention or of a mammal according to the invention, for studying the expression or the activity of the SPG4 gene.

Other characteristics and advantages of the invention appear in the remainder of the description with the examples and figures, the legends of which are given hereinafter.

30 LEGENDS OF THE FIGURES

FIGURES 1A, 1B and 1C: Physical map of the SPG4 range and genomic organization of SPG4.

FIGURE 1A: The 1.5 Mb candidate region is delimited by the D2S352 and D2S2347 genetic markers indicated in bold characters. The position of the polymorphic markers and other STSs is indicated in standard characters, whereas the position of

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the ESTs is indicated in italics. The BAC clones constituting the presequencing map are represented by rectangles, with the name shown above and the precise size of the clone, if it could be determined, shown below. The name of the BACs A, B, C, etc. is followed by brackets containing the name of the clone preceded by a "b" if the clone is derived from the BACs library CITB_978_SKB, or by a "B" if it originates from the library RPCI-11.

FIGURE 1B: Schematic representation of the SPG4 gene which overlaps BACs D (b336P14) and G (B563N4). The exons are shown as black rectangles with their name above.

FIGURE 1C: The five mutations identified in seven SPG4 locus-linked AD-HSP families are positioned in exons 7, 11 and 13 and in the splice acceptor site of intron 15.

FIGURE 2: Nucleic acid and protein sequence of the SPG4 cDNA of spastin.

The 17 vertical bars with a number located below represent the junctions between the various exons. The ATG initiator codon is located at nt position 126-128 and the STOP codon for termination is located at nt position 1974-1976. Five of the mutations identified to date, including the loss of exon 16, are indicated in italics (nt 1210, nt 1468, nt 1520, nt 1620 and for the loss of exon 16: nt 1813-1853). The polyadenylation site is in italics and underlined. The putative nuclear localization signal (NLS), RGKKK, and also the three conserved domains predicted by the analysis in the ProDom database are located at aa positions 7-11 (NLS), 342-409 (domain 92), 411-509 (domain 179) and 512-599 (domain 6226), respectively. The four motifs predicted by the sequence comparison in the Prosite database are: two "leucine zipper" motifs at aa positions 50-78 and 508-529, the ATP binding site (or Walker A motif) at aa positions 382-389 and the "helix-loop-helix" dimerization domain at aa positions 478-486. The Walker A and B motifs, "GPPGNGKT" and "IIFIDE", and also the AAA minimum consensus [lacuna] are underlined.

FIGURES 3A and 3B: Characterization of a splice site mutation in the affected individuals of three SPG4 locus-linked AD-HPS families.

FIGURE 3A: PCR amplification of fragment IV of the SPG4 cDNA using lymphoblast cDNA: well M, size marker VII (Boehringer); well 1, unaffected member of family 2992; well 2, patient of family 2992; well 3, unaffected member of family 5330; well 4, patient of family 5330; well 5, patient of family 5226; well 6, negative control (human genomic DNA).

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FIGURE 3B: Sequence graph for the mutation of the splice acceptor site of intron 15.

Genomic sequence of the control individual above and of a patient of family 2992 below. The asterisk at nt position 1813-4 indicates an A->C polymorphism which affects a nonconserved nucleotide of the splice acceptor site of intron 15 in the patient. FIGURES 4A and 4B: Spastin homologies.

The identical residues are highlighted by shaded areas.

FIGURE 4A: Multiple alignment created by CLUSTAL W of eight proteins derived from various organisms and having strong sequence homology with human spastin and murine spastin (SEQ ID No. 73).

FIGURE 4B: Alignement by CLUSTAL W of the yeast metalloproteases AFG3, RCA1 and YME1, and of human plaraplegin and spastin.

FIGURE 5: Alignment by BLASTN of the nucleic acid sequences of the SPG4 cDNA and of its mouse ortholog Spg4 (SEQ ID No. 72). The polyadenylation site of the murine cDNA is underlined and in italics. The STOP codon is located at nt position 1515-1517 in the murine cDNA and at nt position 1974-1976 in the human cDNA.

FIGURES 6A, 6B and 6C: PCR analysis of the expression of SPG4 and of its murine ortholog Spg4.

FIGURE 6A: Collection of cDNA originating from multiple mouse tissues.

Well M, size marker V (Boehringer); well 1, heart, well 2, brain; well 3, spleen; well 4, lung; well 5, liver; well 6, skeletal muscle; well 7, kidney; well 8, testicle; well 9, E7 7-day embryo; well 10, E11 11-day embryo; well 11, E15 15-day embryo; well 12, E17 17-day embryo; well 13, negative control (mouse genomic DNA).

FIGURE 6B: Collection of cDNA originating from multiple human tissues.

Well M, size marker VII (Boehringer); well 1, brain; well 2, heart; well 3, kidney; well 4, liver; well 5, lung; well 6, pancreas; well 7, placenta; well 8, skeletal muscle, well 9, negative control (human genomic DNA); well 10, negative control (no DNA).

FIGURE 6C: Collection of cDNA originating from multiple human fetal tissues.

Well M, size marker VII (Boehringer); well 1, brain; well 2, heart; well 3, kidney; well 4, liver; well 5, lung; well 6, skeletal muscle; well 7, spleen; well 8, thymus; well 9, negative control (human genomic DNA); well 10, negative control (no DNA).

EXAMPLES

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Example 1: Materials and methods

1) Subcloning and sequencing of the candidate region

Twelve BACs originating from two human genomic libraries, CITB 978_SKB (sold by Research Genetics) and RPCI-11 (Osoegawa et al., 1998), and covering the SPG4 range, were selected to be sequenced (Hazan et al., Genomics, 60 (3), 309-19, 1999), 40 µg of the DNA of each BAC were partially digested with the CviJI restriction enzyme (CHIMERx) and separated by electrophoresis on 0.4% LMP agarose gel (FMC). DNA fractions, the sizes of which vary in the region of 3, 5 and 10 kb, were eluted with β-agarase (Biolabs) and ligated to a plasmid vector pBAM3, which had been digested with Smal and dephosphorylated, beforehand, in a ratio of 1 x insert per 5 × vector. Electrocompetent E. coli DH10B bacteria (GIBCO-BRL) were transformed with the various ligations, by electroporation. Approximately 1 000 to 1 500 subclones per BAC (8 to 10 equivalent genomes), consisting of 20% of clones with inserts at 10 kb, 40% of clones with inserts at 5 kb and 40% of clones with inserts at 3 kb, were isolated. The ends of the inserts of these clones were sequenced on a LICOR 4200 automatic sequencer. For each BAC, the sequences were assembled into a backbone consisting of several contigs, using the Phred and Phrap programs. The holes between each contig were sequenced with labeled dideoxynucleotides on an ABI 377 sequencer (PE-Applied Biosystems). The exons contained in these sequence contigs were predicted with the GRAIL II, GENSCAN, FGENEH and Genie computer programs. The sequences were also compared in the EMBL and GenBank nucleic acid and protein databases, with the BLASTN and BLASTX programs. The determination of the promoter sequences was carried out using the TSSG and TSSW computer programs. The results of all these sequence analyses were visualized using the Genotator sequence annotation program.

2) cDNA cloning

The cDNA of the SPG4 gene was isolated through 5' and 3' RACE-PCR experiments on polyA+ RNAs of fetal brain, adult brain and adult liver, using the Marathon cDNA amplification kit (Clontech) according to the supplier's instructions. A first PCR followed by an internal PCR were carried out with various pairs of primers, the sequences of which are indicated in Table 1 hereinafter:

Table 1
Primers used for the RACE-PCRs and the cDNA amplifications

Primer	Sequence (5'-3')	5' position pair/PC	R product size	
SPA_5RACE5	CGGAGCTCCTCTTGGCTGCCATC	G (SEQ ID No.4)	nt 405	
SPA_5RACE6	AGAAGCGCTGGCAGAGCCACAC	GAAG (SEQ ID No.5)	nt 372	
SPA_5RACE7	AAGGCGACCAAACGCAGCAGCG	CGAAG (SEQ ID No.6)	nt 331	
SPA_3RACE1	AGGAGCAAGCTGTGGAATGGTAT	ΓAAG (SEQ ID No.7)	nt 550	
SPA_3RACE2	TGGTTATGGCCAAGGACCGCTTA	CAAC (SEQ ID No.8)	nt 689	
SPA_3RACE3	CAAACGGACGTCTATAATGACAG	TAC (SEQ ID No.9)	nt 747	
SPA_3RACE4	TTAGGAATGTGGACAGCAACCTT	GC (SEQ ID No.10)	nt 1075	
SPA_3RACE5	CTTCTCTGAGGCCTGAGTTGTTC	AC (SEQ ID No.11)	nt 1207	
SPA_3RACE6	TGCTAGAATGACTGATGGATACT	CAGG (SEQ ID No.12)	nt 1736	
SPA_3RACE7	AGATGCAGCACTGGGTCCTATCC	CG (SEQ ID No.13)	nt 1787	
SPA_3RACE8	ATGAACGTCATCGGCTACAGAAA	CAG (SEQ ID No.14)	nt 2037	
[AGTGGCTGCCGCCGT (SEQ ID No	•	b+m	655 bp
_	CGGTCCTTGGCCATAAC (SEQ ID N	•		
_	GGCAGTGAGAGCTGTG (SEQ ID N	ř	c+n	543 bp
_	CTCTTTCACACTGTTC (SEQ ID No	·	i	
_	GGCCTTCGAGTACATC (SEQ ID N	•		746 bp
SPA_Am CTG1	GAACAACTCAGGCCTC (SEQ ID N	lo.20) nt 123	33	
SPA_Ac ATGA	GAAAGCAGGACAGAAG (SEQ ID N	lo.21) nt 532		
SPA_An TGCC	AAGTCTTGACCAGC (SEQ ID No.2	22) nt 117	7 5	
SPA_Ba CTAC	AACTGCTACTCGTAAG (SEQ ID No	o.23) nt 103	86 a+m	763 bp
SPA_Bm CAG1	GCTGCATCTTTTGCC (SEQ ID No.	24) nt 179	99	
SPA_Bb TAGG	AATGTGGACAGCAACC (SEQ ID N	o.25) nt 107	76	
SPA_Bn AAAG	CTGTTAGGTCACTTCC (SEQ ID No	o.26) nt 178	30	
SPA_Ca TGGA	GATGACAGAGTACTTG (SEQ ID N	o.27) nt 155	50 a+m	766 bp
SPA_Cm CTG0	SAATACTTTCATCTGC (SEQ ID No.	28) nt 231	16	
SPA_Cb ATGA	GGCTGTTCTCAGGCG (SEQ ID No	.29) nt 160)3	

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The RACE-PCR products were cloned with the TA-cloning kit (Invitrogen) and the corresponding clones were sequenced on an ABI 377 (PE-Applied Biosystems). The sequence of the SPG4 transcript was varified by sequencing PCR products amplified from a cDNA population originating from the lymphoblasts of 6 healthy individuals.

3) Detection of mutations

The total RNAs were extracted from lymphoblast lines of one affected individual per family studied and of 6 control individuals, using the RNA PLUSR kit (bioprobe System). The cDNA synthesis was carried out on 500 ng to 1 µg of RNA, with 100 pmol of random hexameric primers (Pharmacia) and 200 units of Superscript II reverse transcriptase (Gibco BRL), under standard conditions. Four PCR amplifications, generating overlapping fragments which cover all of the SPG4 open reading frame, were carried out on the cDNAs of the patients and controls. Fragment I was amplified with the SPA Db/SPA Dm primers, and then by internal PCR with SPA_Dc/SPA_Dn primers. Fragments II, III, and IV were amplified with the SPA_Ad/SPA_Am, SPA_Ba/SPA_Bm and SPA_Ca/SPA_Cm primers (cf. the sequences of these primers in Table 1), respectively. Each amplification was carried out in a total volume of 50 µl containing 4 µl of cDNA (~ 1/7th of the prep.), 20 pmol of each primer, 200 µM of dNTPs, 50 mM of KCl, 10 mM of Tris, pH 9, 1.5 mM MgCl₂, 0.1% of triton X-100, 0.01% of gelatin and 2.5 units of Taq polymerase (Cetus-PE). The PCR reactions were carried out according to the "hot start" process: the Tag polymerase is added at 92°C, after a first denaturation step of 5 min at 94°C. The samples are subsequently subjected to 35 cycles of denaturation (94°C for 40 sec), of hybridization (55°C for 50 sec, with the exception of fragment I: 58°C for 50 sec) and of elongation (72°C for 1 min), followed by a final elongation step (5 min at 72°C). The PCR products are sequenced on an ABI 377 automatic sequencer (PE-Applied Biosystems), with the SPA Dc/SPA Dn, SPA Ac/SPA An, SPA Bb/SPA Bn and SPA Cb/SPA Cm primers for fragments I, II, III and IV, respectively.

The mutations were also sought or confirmed by sequencing the 17 predicted exons of the SPG4 gene in the patients and controls. Each exon was amplified with the corresponding "a+m" pair of primers (cf. Table 2 hereinafter), with the exception of exon 1 (gSPAex1c/gSPAex1m), and exons 10, 11 and 12 which were co-amplified with the gSPAex10a/gSPAex12m and gSPAex11a/gSPAex12m pairs of primers.

Table 2
PCR primers for amplifying and sequencing the exons

Exon	Product size	PCR program	Primer	Sequence (5'-3') (SEQ ID Nos.; 30 to 71)
1	1048 bp	0	gSPAex1c	GTGAGCCGAACTGCACATTG
			gSPAex1m	CAAAGTCGACAGCTACAGTGC
			gSPAex1d	GGAACTGTAGTTGAGTGGGA
			gSPAex1n	AGATGAGGCTCCGACCTAC
2	624 bp	3	gSPAex2a	AATGCCACACTTGTAATCTC
			gSPAex2m	TGTGAATATATCATAATTTGGG
			gSPAex2b	TACAGCAGTTCTCATGATG
3	812 bp	1	gSPAex3a	GACCAAATTGGTGCATGCATG
			gSPAex3m	ACATTTCCAATACATCCCAC
4	379 bp	3	gSPAex4a	ATTTGTCATTTCACATGCAC
			gSPAex4m	TTAGAATGACTATACCTGAC
			gSPAex4n	TCAGGTTAAGTAAGACTC
5	830 bp	4	gSPAex5a	TTCCTATCTACCTAGTGAC
			gSPAex5m	TTTTATAGCAAGTTGCCCTG
			gSPAex5b	CCTATGAAGATCCTGGTAC
6	484 bp	3	gSPAex6a	TGTCATGATTCTAACAAGGG
			gSPAex6m	TCTATTTCACTCCTGACATG
7	420 bp	2	gSPAex7a	GTCATAGGGCTTAGGCTTC
			gSPAex7m	ATCATACTACCCACTTTTCC
8	647 bp	3	gSPAex8a	TGTTTGGGAAGATGCTACTG
			gSPAex8m	CTACTGAAGATAACGTACATG
9	1268 bp	1	gSPAex9a	CATTGATTGCCATGTATTGG
			gSPAex9m	AGAAGGCCAGAAATACTCAG
			gSPAex9b	GTACTTAAATCGGTAAATATGG
10]	1061 bp	4	gSPAex10a	CTCAAGTCTTAGGAATGCAG
11			gSPAex10b	GCACTTAACCAGGCTGTATG
12]	551 bp	3	gSPAex11a	CTCAGATGACTCACATAGC
	·		gSPAex12m	

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13	3 1361 bp	4	gSPAex13a	CAGATTCAAGAAGACAGATC
			gSPAex13m	GCAATAATTCACCACACTTG
			gSPAex13n	GGTAGTTCTTGTTTCTGCTC
14	4 985 bp	4	gSPAex14a	CAAGTGTGGTGAATTATTGC
			gSPAex14m	GAGCTGAAAAGTATTCAGC
			gSPAex14n	TGCAAAGGACATAGCCAGTG
1	5 1076 bp	1	gSPAex15a	AGCCTCTGGAGATAGTATGC
			gSPAex15m	CTAGAACAGGGGTCACAGTC
			gSPAex15n	TTGGACTTCTTAAACTTC
10	6 1404 bp	4	gSPAex16a	GCAGTATGCAAGAAATTGAAC
			gSPAex16m	GGCCTGTAATTTTCTTCTG
			gSPAex16b	GTACTGAATAGATACATGTAG
1	7 445 bp	3	gSPAex17a	GTGTAGCAGATCAACATAG
			gSPAex17m	CATCTTCAAGTTTGGTGCAC

Other than for exon 1, which is amplified using the Advantage GC genomic PCR kit (Clontech) according to the supplier's instructions, four slightly different PCR programs (1, 2, 3 and 4) were used to amplify the SPG4 exons (see Table 2). The amplifications were all carried out in a volume of 50 µl containing 100 ng of genomic DNA, 50 pmol of each primer, 250 µM pf dNTPs, 1X Takara buffer and 1 unit of Takara La Taq Taq polymerase (Shuzo Co.). The PCR reactions were carried out according to the "hot start" process: the Taq polymerase is added at 94°C, after a first denaturation step of 5 min at 96°C. The samples are subsequently subjected to 30 cycles of denaturation (94°C for 40 sec), of hybridization (prog. 1: 60°C for 50 sec; prog. 2: 58°C for 50 sec, prog. 3 and 4: 55°C for 50 sec) and of elongation (prog. 1 and 4: 72°C for 1 min, prog. 2 and 3: 72°C for 40 sec), followed by a final elongation step (10 min at 72°C). The sequencing of these PCR products was carried out on an ABI 377 sequencer (PE-Applied Biosystems), using either the PCR primers or the internal primers termed "b" and "n" (see Table 2).

4) Characterization of SPG4

The cDNA clones 977312 (EST AA560327) and 568234 (EST AA107866) derived from the mouse blastocyst and E8 embryo cDNA libraries, which both correspond to the murine ortholog of SPG4, were isolated using the IMAGE consortium

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and sequenced in the laboratory on an ABI 377 sequencer (PE-Applied Biosystems). In order to analyze the expression profile of SPG4 and of its murine ortholog Spg4, the collections of cDNA from various fetal and adult human tissues, and also from mouse tissues (MTC panels, Clontech), were tested by PCR according to the supplier's protocol, with the SPA_Ca/SPA_Cm pair of primers for the human cDNAs and the SPA_Ca/spam (spam: 5'-ACCGAAGTCAAGAGCCTATC-3') pair for the mouse cDNAs. The PCR conditions are those used for amplifying SPG4 from lymphoblast line cDNA (cf. § Detection of mutations), except that these samples were subjected to 32 cycles for the cDNAs derived from adult human tissues and from mouse tissues, and to 28 cycles for the cDNAs derived from fetal tissues. The amplification products migrated by electrophoresis on 2% agarose gels.

5) Histological analysis of a muscle biopsy from a patient

The histological and histo-enzymatic analyses were carried out on a muscle biopsy from a patient derived from an SPG4 locus-linked family according to the standard techniques described in Casari et al., 1998.

6) Accession numbers in the public databases

The SPG4 (or SPAST) cDNA and the deduced protein sequence, GenBank/EMBL AJ246001; the incomplete Spg4 cDNA clone, GenBank/EMBL AJ246002; the SPG4 (or SPAST) gene, GenBank/EMBL AJ246003.

20 Example 2: Analysis of the sequence of the SPG4 range

The analysis of the recombination events made it possible to reduce the SPG4 candidate region to a genetic range of 0 cM between the D2S352 and D2S2347 markers (19, 20). A presequencing map of the SPG4 range composed of 37 BACs was constructed (Hazan et al., in press in Genomics); the candidate region covers a physical distance of approximately of 1.5 Mb. Twelve overlapping BACs, stretching over the SPG4 region, with the exception of a single 4 kb hole between clones A and E, were selected to be sequenced (fig. 1A). Seven of these BACs (A, B, C, D, E, F and G), covering approximately 70% of the region of interest, have already been sequenced. The sequences of these 7 BACs were compared with those of the nucleic acid and protein databases, and analyzed with four exon prediction programs. These preliminary sequence analyses made it possible to reveal 14 potential transcription units, including three corresponding to the genes encoding xanthine dehydrogenase, steroid 5α -reductase 2 and a TGF β -binding protein. Of the 14 genes detected by the sequence analysis, 9 had been previously identified in the EST (for "Expressed Sequence Tag") databases and located in the SPG4 range (Hazan et al., in press in

Genomics); the 5 remaining genes could only be identified by sequencing the candidate region. One of these 5 novel genes showed homology in 3' of its coding region, with the genes encoding the AAA protein family (Confalonieri et al., 1995). More thorough sequence analyses showed that this gene, named SPG4 (or SPAST), was composed of 17 exons and extended over a region of approximately 90 kb, covered by two adjacent BAC clones, D and G (cf. fig. 1B). The first three predicted exons of this gene were identified in BAC D, by two of the four exon prediction programs used, GRAIL II and GENSCAN; they show strong homology with a mouse blastocyst EST, AA560327. The last 14 exons are found in BAC G. The protein sequence deduced from exons 7 to 17 is significantly homologous to a subclass of the AAA family, which includes the Yta6p (Schnall et al., 1994), TBP6 (Schnall et al., 1994) and End 13 yeast proteins, and also the SKD1 mouse protein (Perier et al., 1994).

Of the four exon prediction programs FGENEH appears to be the most reliable and the most powerful, enabling detection of most of the genes of this chromosomal region at 2p21-p22. This observation also applies to the SPG4 gene, for which 15 exons could be demonstrated using this program, while only 4, 9 or 11 exons could be located using the Genie, GRAIL II and GENSCAN programs, respectively. The genomic organization of this gene (fig. 1B) could subsequently be confirmed by determining the sequence of the SPG4 cDNA. The intron/exon junctions are represented on table 3 hereinafter: the exon size ranges from 41 bp (exon 16) to 1.410 kb (exon 17), that of the introns ranging from 140 bp (intron 11) to 23.247 kb (intron 1).

Table 3 Intron/exon organization of the SPG4 gene

			minorite of gaintanon of the of of general		
Exon/ intron	Exon size (bp)	Position on the cDNA	Splice acceptor site (SEQ ID No. 74 to 89)	Splice donor site (SEQ ID Nos. 90 to 105)	Intron size (bp)
۲	540	~		TGAGAAAG/gtaactaggggggctgg	23 247
2	87	541	attttttattttaaag/CAGGACAG	AGGACAAG/gtaagattgtatttgt	1 943
က	84	628	aattttttctttcag/GTGAACAG	ACTTCTAG/gtatcaattaatgtat	9 190
4	96	712	cttctctgttgcatag/AGAAGATG	CCAGTCAG/gtgggtttaggttaac	15 745
Ŋ	188	808	actttttccttgtcag/AAAGTGGA	CTCATAAG/gtattctgggacagta	876
9	134	966	ttttgtatcctttaag/GGTACTCC	GTGGACAA/gtaagttttgccatct	283
7	94	1 130	aggtcttgtttcttag/TGGAACAG	GGCCTGAG/gtaagaactttatatt	10 735
8	75	1 224	agtatatatttttag/TTGTTCAC	CAATGCTG/gtaagggttctcttca	1 385
6	72	1 299	cttgtgatttttaaag/GCTAAAGC	CAAAATAC/gtgagtgctctgtttc	8 083
10	92	1371	taatgctttgttttag/GTGGGAGA	TTTTATAG/gtaagaacatattttc	238
-	92	1 447	cttgtatttcctctag/ATGAAGTT	TTGATGGT/gtaagtgttgattatg	140
7	80	1 539	gatttttgcttgtag/GTACAGTC	GTTCTCAG/gtagggagatttatat	4 715
13	43	1 619	ggattttttttttag/GCGTTTCA	ATGAGGAG/gtatgtatctgtgttt	1 389
4	80	1 662	ttttaatattttcag/ACAAGACT	CTTGCTAG/gtgagtaatttggatt	1 521
15	7.1	1 742	tccttccctcag/AATGACTG	TATCCGAG/gtaggtatacaagagc	2 2 1 0
16	41	1 813	cttttatgttttacag/AACTAAAA	CCAGTGAG/gtatagtattttacaa	7 115
17	1 410	1 854	ctttttaaaaatctag/ATGAGAAA		
		AND THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY			

The sequences of the exons and introns are indicated in upper case and lower case, respectively.

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Example 3: Identification of the SPG4 cDNA

Several successive amplifications by 5' and 3' RACE-PCR were carried out on collections of adult liver and brain and fetal brain cDNA, in order to characterize the SPG4 transcript. All the 5' RACE-PCRs gave amplification products terminating at nt position 263 of the SPG4 cDNA (fig. 2), which was probably due to the rich GC content of the 5' region of the transcript (90% of GC in the 60 bp preceding nt position 263). Four overlapping PCR products, covering all of the coding region, were amplified from the cDNAs derived from the lymphoblasts of six control individuals, and entirely sequenced with the aim of verifying the sequence of the SPG4 transcript. Aligning the sequences of all the PCR and RACE-PCR products made it possible to reconstitute a 3263 bp sequence comprising a 1848 bp open reading frame preceded by a 125 bp untranslated 5' region (5' UTR for "5' UnTranslated Region") and followed by 1290 bp 3' UTR region including a polyadenylation site between nt positions 3227-3232, ~ 35 bp upstream of the polyA tail (fig. 2). Comparing the sequence of the SPG4 cDNA with the EST databanks made it possible to detect significant homology with 6 human ESTs, including EST N47973 which contains a more extended 3' noncoding region (+ 180 bp) comprising a second polyadenylation site. The translation initiation site was identified by the presence of a Kosak consensus sequence (CTGTGAatgA) defined as a "suitable context" for translation initiation given that a purine is located 3 nt upstream of the initiator ATG, itself preceded by a STOP codon. The 3263 bp cDNA sequence is identical to the transcribed sequence deduced from the 17 exons of the SPG4 gene. The analysis of the sequence of the 5' region using the TSSG and TSSW computer programs suggests the presence of a promoter sequence of the TATA box type located 43 bp upstream of nt position 1 of exon 1.

25 Example 4: Mutations in the SPG4 gene

Heterozygous mutations were sought in the SPG4 cDNA originating from lymphoblasts of 14 patients derived from SPG4 locus-linked families (1 affected individual per family). Four overlapping PCR fragments, I, II, III and IV, covering the open reading frame of the SPG4 cDNA, were amplified and sequenced in the 14 patients, and also in 6 healthy control individuals. The agarose gel electrophoresis of PCR fragment IV showed three bands of equal intensity in 3 patients from families 2992, 5226 and 5330 originating from the same region of Switzerland, which would suggest a microdeletion or a mutation of a splice site; the two additional bands were not present in 2 healthy individuals derived from families 2992 and 5330 (fig. 3A). The genomic sequence of exon 16 revealed a heterozygous A->G mutation of the splice acceptor site (AG) of intron 15 in the affected

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individuals of these three families (fig. 3B); this mutation engenders the loss of exon 16, followed by a reading frame shift in the abnormal transcript. None of the healthy members, including husbands and wives, carry this mutation of the splice site. The identification of the same mutation in all the affected members of these three Swiss families demonstrates the existence of a common ancestor, which had probably been suggested by the study of the haplotypes.

Three point mutations, 1210C->G, 1468G->A and 1620C->T, which introduced amino acid substitutions into the protein sequence (S362C, C448Y and R499C), were respectively revealed by sequencing PCR fragments III and IV in the affected individuals of families 624, 4014 and 618. These three substitutions all involve a cysteine residue, inducing the loss or insertion of a cysteine in the protein sequence. A 1 bp deletion, 1520delT, which creates the appearance of a STOP codon inducing a truncated protein composed of 465 amino acids (aa), was detected in the affected individuals of family A. None of the five mutations summarized in table 4 hereinafter was found in the control individuals tested, whether they belong to the healthy siblings or to the spouses of the seven families analyzed herein. These five mutations significantly affect the protein sequence in a very conserved domain, or AAA cassette (Beyer, 1997), which is composed of several protein motifs presumed to be responsible for the ATPase activity in all the members of the AAA family.

Table 4
Mutations in SPG4 in the patients suffering from AD-HSP

Family	Location	Mutation ^a	Amino acid change ^b	Consequence
624	exon 7	1 210 C → G	S362C	missense
4 014	exon 11	1 468 G → A	C448Y	missense
∢	exon 11	1 520 deIT	466STOPcodon	nonsense
618	exon 13	1620CT	R499C	missense
2 992	intron 15	1 813 25	∆ aa564	loss of exon 16 + shift
5 226	intron 15	010-Za 7 g	∆ aa564 → aa576 (PTC+7 aa)	loss of exon 16 + shift
5 330	intron 15	1 813-Za → g	∆ aa564 → aa576 (PTC+7 aa)	loss of exon 16 + shift

^a The nt positions refer to the sequence of the SPG4 cDNA.

^b The aa positions refer to the spastin sequence.

The bases of the exons are indicated in upper case, those of the introns in lower case.

PTC+7 aa = "premature termination codon" at 7 aa downstream of exon 16.

In addition to these five mutations described above, searches for heterozygous mutations, carried out on patients suffering from AD-HSP derived from 36 other families, made it possible to reveal 34 other mutations which modified or were likely to modify the product of expression of the SPG4 gene.

The characteristics of these 34 other mutations are summarized in table 5 hereinafter, into which the first five mutations mentioned above have also been inserted.

Table 5

Mutations in SPG4 in the patients suffering from AD-HSP

Family	Location	Mutation ^a	Amino acid change ^b	Consequence
	_	1210 C →G	S362C	missense
624	exon 7	1233 G →A	G370R	missense
6958	exon 8	1267 T →G	F381C	missense
214	exon 8	1283 T →G	N386K	missense
1002	exon 8	1288 A →G	K388R	missense
027	exon 8		L426V	missense
019	exon 10	1401 C →G	C448Y	missense
4014	exon 11	1468 G →A	R460L	missense
148 618	exon 11 exon 13	1504 G →T	R499C	missense
636	exon 15	1620 C →T	D555N	missense
627	exon 15	1788 G	A556V	missense
027	exon 13	1792 C →T		
2971	exon 3	702 C →T	Q193STOP	nonsense
3655	exon 5	873 A →T	K229STOP	nonsense
1010	exon 5	907 C →A	S261STOP	nonsense
3938	exon 5	932 C →G	Y269STOP	nonsense
6922	exon 10	1	R431STOP	nonsense
616	exon 10	1416 C →T	R431STOP	nonsense
605	exon 15	1416 C →T	R562STOP	nonsense
		1809 C →T		110
030	exon 2	578-579insA	PTC + 2 aa	shift + nonsense
615	exon 5	852del11	PTC + 18 aa	shift + nonsense
042	exon 5	882-883insA	PTC + 12 aa	shift + nonsense
032	exon 5	906delT	PTC + 17 aa	shift + nonsense
189	exon 9	1299delG	PTC + 3 aa	shift + nonsense
3686	exon 9	1340del5	PTC + 35 aa	shift + nonsense
625	exon 9 exon 11	1340del5 1520delT	PTC + 35 aa PTC + 7 aa	shift + nonsense shift + nonsense
A 115	exon 12	1574delGG	PTC + 2 aa	shift + nonsense
3266	exon 13	1634del22	PTC + 18 aa	shift + nonsense
149	exon 14	1684-1685insTT	PTC + 9 aa	shift + nonsense
645	exon 14	1685del4	PTC + 7 aa	shift + nonsense
0.3	CACH II	808-2 a →g	?	James Actionals
029	intron 4	-	?	splice site mutation
162	intron 6	1129+2 t →g	?	splice site mutation
125	intron 7	1223+1 g →t	?	splice site mutation
143	intron 8	1299+1 g →a	(PTC + 6 aa)	splice site mutation
1620	intron 11	1538+5 g →a	(FIC + 6 da)	loss of exon 11 + shift
1006	intron 11	1538+3 del4	?	splice site mutation
1605	intron 13	1661+1 g →t	?	splice site mutation
1012	intron 13	1662-2 a →t	i	splice site mutation
1626	intron 15	1	?	splice site mutation
	Į.	1812+1 g →a	Δ aa564 \mapsto aa576 (PTC+7 aa)	loss of exon 16 + shift
2992	intron 15	1813-2 a →g	Δ aa564 \mapsto aa576 (PTC+7 aa)	•
5226	intron 15	1813-2 a → g	Δ aa564 \mapsto aa576 (PTC+7 aa)	loss of exon 16 + shift
5330	intron 15	1813-2 a →g	7	loss of exon 16 + shift
1611	intron 16	1	•	splice site mutation
L		1853+1 g →a	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

^a The nt positions refer to the sequence of the SPG4 cDNA. ^b The aa positions refer to the spastin sequence. The exon bases are indicated in upper case, those of the introns in lower case. PTC+n aa - "premature termination codon" at n amino acids downstream of the mutation.

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Example 5: Analysis of the protein sequence of spastin

The open reading frame of SPG4 encodes a 616 aa protein which we have named spastin and the molecular weight of which is approximately 67.2 kDaltons (kD). The comparison of this amino acid sequence in the protein databases, using the BLAST programs, made it possible to reveal a region of strong homology with several members of the AAA family, at the C-terminal end of spastin. The "typical" motifs of the AAA family, encompassed in the AAA cassette, are located between aa positions 342 and 599 (see fig. 2) according to the sequence comparisons in the ProDom and Prosite protein domain databases. The three conserved typical domains, including the Walker A and B motifs and also the minimum consensus motif of the AAA proteins are located in the AAA cassette at aa positions 382-389, 437-442 and 480-498, respectively, (fig. 2). The Walker A motif, "GPPGNGKT", also called p-loop, which corresponds to the ATP-binding domain, and the B motif, "IIFIDE", are very conserved among all the members of the AAA family, including spastin.

The comparison of the AAA cassettes present in 150 proteins of this ATPase family, derived from organisms which are very far apart in evolution made it possible to classify this set of proteins into several subgroups, as a function of the number of AAA cassettes identified (1 or 2) and of the sequence homologies between these various cassettes (Beyer, 1997). Among all the proteins of the AAA family, spastin shows stronger homology with a particular subclass of the AAAs, and more specifically with the following proteins, most of which were identified through the complete sequencing of the genome of the organism in question: two proteins of Caenorhabditis elegans, O16299 and Q18128; two subunits of the 26S proteasome of Saccharomyces cerevisiae, Yta6p (Q02845) and TBP6 (P40328) (Schnall et al., 1994); a subunit of the proteasome of Schizosaccharomyces pombe (O43078); the SAP1 (P39955) and END13 (P52917) proteins of S. cerevisiae and the murine SKD1 protein (P46467) (Perier et al., 1994). The multiple alignment of these 8 proteins with spastin is represented in fig. 4A. Of the 257 amino acids encompassing the AAA cassette (aa positions 342-599), spastin shows 52%, 51% and 50% sequence identity with the Yta6p (Q02845) yeast protein, the O16299 nematode protein and the TBP6 (P40328) yeast protein, respectively. Similar results were obtained by analyzing the protein sequence of spastin in the ProDom database, which showed the existence of three domains of homology (named 92, 179 and 6226, and corresponding to aa positions 342-409, 411-509 and 512-599) found in the putative subunits of the 26S proteasome of yeast. In addition, the members of this AAA subgroup most commonly contain motifs of the leucine-zipper type, two of which could be detected

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in the protein sequence of spastin at aa positions 50-78 and 508-529, by analyzing the sequence in the Prosite database (see fig. 2). This analysis was also able to predict the presence of a dimerization motif of the helix-loop-helix type, located between aa positions 478 and 486.

The comparison of the protein sequence of spastin with those of the mitochondrial metalloproteases, such as the AFG3, RCA1 and YME1 yeast proteins, and also paraplegin, which is implicated in a rare form of AR-HSP, shows that the homology between these five members of the AAA family is limited to the 257aa region encompassing the AAA cassette (fig. 4B). In this region, the sequence identity between spastin and paraplegin is only 29%, whereas paraplegin and the AFG3 yeast protein are 57% identical over this same portion of the protein sequence. This sequence comparison suggests that spastin does not belong to the same AAA subgroup as paraplegin and other mitochondrial metalloproteases. In addition, the computer analysis of the spastin sequence using the PSORT II program, which makes it possible to predict the subcellular location of the proteins, appears to indicate that spastin is a nuclear protein. A possible nuclear localization signal (NLS), RGKKK, was revealed between an positions 7 and 11, whereas no signal peptide characteristic of importation into mitochondria could be detected, unlike what had been observed for paraplegin.

Example 6: Expression profiles for SPG4 and for its murine ortholog Spg4

The comparison of the nucleic acid sequence of SPG4 in the EST databanks made it possible to detect several human, murine and rat ESTs showing strong homology with SPG4. The mouse blastocyst and E8 embryo cDNA clones corresponding to two of the murine ESTs, AA560327 and AA107866, were obtained from the IMAGE consortium and entirely sequenced. The assembly of the sequences of these cDNA clones made it possible to reconstitute a 1689 bp consensus sequence including a 1514 bp incomplete open reading frame. The comparison between the human SPG4 cDNA and this mouse cDNA showed that the murine transcript lacks approximately 460 bp at the 5' end, including the translation initiation codon. The mouse open reading frame is followed by a 175 bp 3' noncoding region (3' UTR) containing a polyadenylation site located ~20 bp upstream of the polyA tail (fig. 5). The nucleic acid sequence of SPG4 and the protein sequence of human spastin show 89% (between nt positions 460 and 1982) and 96% (between aa positions 113 and 616) identity, respectively, with the mouse cDNA and deduced protein sequences. This considerable degree of homology makes it possible to affirm that this mouse transcript corresponds to the murine ortholog of SPG4, which was therefore named Spg4.

The hybridization of Northern blots comprising the mRNAs of various human and murine tissues (Clontech) with the SPG4 and Spg4 cDNA clones did not give any convincing results, except a very weak band corresponding to a 2.5 kb transcript in the mouse testicle after exposure for 10 days. Because of the low level of expression of this gene, the expression profiles for SPG4 and Spg4 were determined by PCR experiments on normalized collections of cDNA originating from various adult and fetal tissues (see fig. 6A to 6C). The murine Spg4 gene is expressed ubiquitously in the adult tissues of mice, and also from the E7 stage to the E17 stage of mouse embryos (fig. 6A). Higher expression of Spg4 was detected in the liver, skeletal muscle and testicles, and also at the E15 stage of embryos. The early expression of Spg4 during embryonic development was confirmed by the presence of ESTs originating from blastocyst, E8 embryo and embryonic carcinoma cDNA libraries in the public EST databanks. The human SPG4 gene is, itself, also expressed ubiquitously in adult (fig. 6B) and fetal (fig. 6C) tissues, with perhaps more marked expression in fetal brain.

Example 7: No oxidative phosphorylation impairment in SPG4 locus-linked AD-HSP

In order to determine whether spastin mutations induced an oxidative phosphorylation (OXPHOS) impairment in mitochondria, in the same way as had been observed for paraplegin, a muscle biopsy was performed on a patient from one of the SPG4 locus-linked AD-HSP families. The morphological and histo-enzymatic analyses of this muscle biopsy did not reveal any muscle fibers of the RRF (for "ragged red fiber") type, characteristic of OXPHOS impairments in mitochondria. The fact that all the muscle fibers appear to be normal, and also the prediction of a nuclear localization for spastin, seem to indicate that SPG4 locus-linked AD-HSP is not a mitochondrial disease of the OXPHOS type, unlike SPG7 locus-linked AR-HSP.

Using a positional cloning approach based on sequencing a 1.5 Mb region, we have identified the SPG4 (or SPAST) gene responsible for the most common form of AD-HSP, previously located on chromosomal bands 2p21-p22. Thirty nine mutations which modify or are likely to modify the gene product, named spastin, could be detected in the affected individuals from forty one families with AD-HSP showing a link to the SPG4 locus. Spastin is a novel member of the AAA protein family, which appears to have a nuclear localization and which shows strong homology with the subunits of the 26S proteasome of yeast. Despite great homology restricted to a domain of 230 to 250 aa, termed AAA cassette, the many members of this protein family can participate in very varied cellular mechanisms, such as the transport of proteins in vesicles, cell cycle

regulation, organelle biogenesis, i.e. control of transcription, etc. However, all these cellular mechanisms involve the assembly, the functioning or the degradation of protein complexes, which suggest that the members of the AAA family are so-called "chaperon" proteins.

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CLAIMS

- 1. Purified or isolated nucleic acid of the SPG4 gene, characterized in that it comprises a sequence chosen from the group comprising:
- 5 a) the sequence SEQ ID No. 1, the sequence SEQ ID No. 2, the sequence SEQ ID No. 72, the sequence SEQ ID No. 106 or the sequence of at least 15 consecutive nucleotides of one of these sequences;
 - b) the nucleic acid sequences which are homologs or variants of the sequences SEQ ID No. 1, SEQ ID No. 2, SEQ ID No. 72 or SEQ ID No. 106; and
- 10 c) the complementary sequence or the RNA sequence corresponding to the sequences as defined in a) and b).
 - 2. Purified or isolated nucleic acid according to claim 1, with the exception of the nucleic acid identified in the GenBank databank under the accession number AB029006.
 - 3. Purified or isolated nucleic acid according to claim 1 or 2, characterized in that it comprises at least one sequence of at least 15 consecutive nucleotides of the nt 714-809, ends inclusive, fragment of the sequence SEQ ID No. 2, of the sequence complementary thereto or of the sequence of the corresponding RNA thereof.
 - 4. Purified or isolated nucleic acid according to one of claims 1 to 3, characterized in that it comprises a mutation corresponding to a natural polymorphism in humans.
 - 5. Probe or primer, characterized in that it comprises a sequence of a nucleic acid according to one of claims 1 to 4.
 - 6. Probe or primer according to claim 5, characterized in that its sequence is chosen from the sequence SEQ ID No. 4 to SEQ ID No. 71.
 - 7. Splice acceptor or donor site, characterized in that it comprises a sequence of a nucleic acid according to claim 1 chosen from the sequences SEQ ID No. 74 to SEQ ID No. 105.
- 8. Method for screening cDNA or genomic DNA libraries, or for cloning isolated genomic or cDNA encoding spastin, characterized in that it uses a nucleic acid sequence according to one of claims 1 to 7.
 - 9. Method according to claim 8, for identifying the genomic or cDNA sequence of the SPG4 gene of mammals, in particular of mice.
 - 10. Method for identifying a mutation carried by the human SPG4 gene, characterized in that it uses a nucleic acid sequence according to one of claims 1 to 7.

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- 11. Method according to claim 10, for identifying a mutation responsible for autosomal dominant hereditary spastic paraplegia.
- 12. Method for identifying the nucleic acid sequences which promote and/or regulate the expression of the SPG4 gene, characterized in that it uses a nucleic acid sequence according to one of claims 1 to 7.
 - 13. Nucleic acid identified using a method according to one of claims 9 to 12.
- 14. Polypeptide encoded by a nucleic acid according to one of claims 1 to 4 and 13.
- 15. Polypeptide according to claim 14, preferably with the exception of the 584 amino acid peptide, the sequence of which is identified in the GenBank databank under the accession number AB029006.
- 16. Polypeptide according to claim 14 or 15, characterized in that it comprises an amino acid sequence chosen from the group comprising:
- a) the sequence SEQ ID No. 3, the sequence SEQ ID No. 73, the sequence SEQ ID No. 107 or the sequence of at least 10 consecutive amino acids of one of these sequences; and
- b) the sequences which are homologs or variants of the sequences SEQ ID No. 3, SEQ ID No. 73 or SEQ ID No. 107.
- 17. Polypeptide according to claim 14 or 15, characterized in that it comprises the sequence of at least 8 consecutive amino acids of the sequence of the aa 197-228, ends inclusive, fragment of the sequence SEQ ID No. 3.
 - 18. Polypeptide according to claim 14 or 15, characterized in that it comprises an amino acid sequence chosen from the group comprising the sequence SEQ ID No. 3, the sequence SEQ ID No. 73, the sequence SEQ ID No. 107, which sequences carrying at least one of the mutations corresponding to a natural polymorphism in humans, and the sequences of the fragments thereof of at least 10 consecutive amino acids.
 - 19. Cloning and/or expression vector containing a nucleic acid sequence according to one of claims 1 to 4, and 13.
- 20. Vector according to claim 19, characterized in that it includes the elements30 required for its expression in a host cell.
 - 21. Host cell transformed with a vector according to claim 19 or 20.
 - 22. Mammal, except a human, characterized in that it comprises a cell according to claim 21.
 - 23. Mammal, except a human, according to claim 22, comprising a transformed cell, characterized in that the sequence of at least one of the two alleles of the SPG4 gene

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contains at least one of the mutations corresponding to a natural polymorphism in humans or identified using a method according to claim 10 or 11.

- 24. Use of a nucleic acid sequence according to one of claims 5, 6 and 13, as a probe or primer, for detecting and/or amplifying nucleic acid sequences.
- 25. Use of a nucleic acid sequence according to one of claims 1 to 7, and 13, for screening a genomic or cDNA library.
- 26. Use of a nucleic acid sequence according to one of claims 1 to 4 and 13, for producing a recombinant or synthetic polypeptide.
- 27. Method for producing a recombinant polypeptide, characterized in that a transformed cell according to claim 21 is cultured under conditions which allow the expression of said recombinant polypeptide, and in that said recombinant polypeptide is recovered.
- 28. Polypeptide, characterized in that it is obtained using a method according to claim 27.
- 29. Mono- or polyclonal antibodies or their fragments, chimeric antibodies or immunoconjugates, characterized in that they are capable of specifically recognizing a polypeptide according to one of claims 14 to 18, and 28.
- 30. Method for detecting and/or purifying a polypeptide according to one of claims 14 to 18, and 28, characterized in that it uses an antibody according to claim 29.
- 31. Method for genotypic diagnosis of AD-HSP associated with the SPG4 gene, characterized in that a nucleic acid sequence according to one of claims 1 to 7 and 13 is used.
- 32. Method for genotypic diagnosis of AD-HSP associated with the presence of at least one mutation on a sequence of the SPG4 gene, using a biological sample from a patient, characterized in that it includes the following steps:
- a) where appropriate, isolation of the genomic DNA from the biological sample to be analyzed, or production of cDNA from the RNA of the biological sample;
- b) specific amplification of said DNA sequence of the SPG4 gene likely to contain a mutation, using primers according to either of claims 5 and 6 or a nucleic acid according to claim 13;
- c) analysis of the amplification products obtained and comparison of their sequence with the corresponding normal sequence of the SPG4 gene.
- 33. Method for diagnosing AD-HSP associated with abnormal expression of a polypeptide encoded by the SPG4 gene, characterized in that one or more antibodies according to claim 29 is (are) brought into contact with the biological material to be tested,

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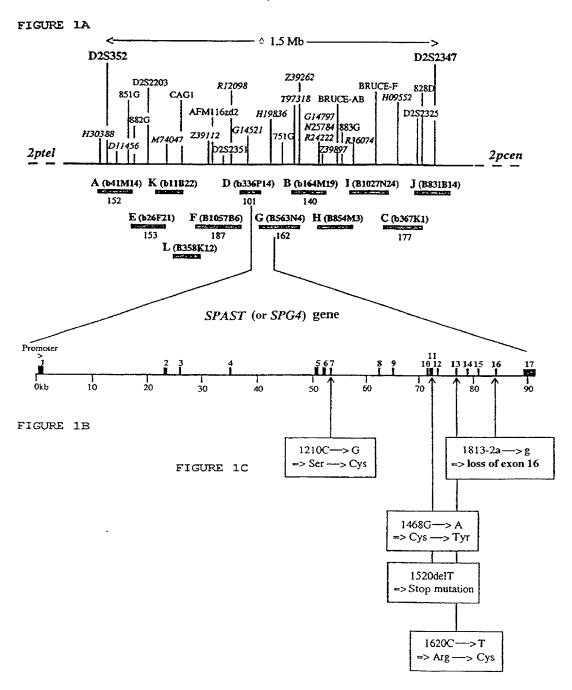
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under conditions which allow the possible formation of specific immunological complexes between said polypeptide and said antibody or antibodies, and in that the immunological complexes possibly formed are detected and/or quantified.

- 34. Method for selecting a chemical or biochemical compound which is capable of interacting directly or indirectly with a polypeptide according to one of claims 14 to 18, and 28, or with a nucleic acid according to one of claims 1 to 7, and 13, and/or which makes it possible to modulate the expression or the activity of these polypeptides, characterized in that it comprises bringing a nucleic acid sequence according to one of claims 1 to 7, and 13, a polypeptide according to one of claims 14 to 18, and 28, a vector according to either of claims 19 and 20, a cell according to claim 21, a mammal according to either of claims 22 and 23 or an antibody according to claim 29 into contact with a candidate compound, and detecting a modification of the activity of said polypeptide.
- 35. Use of a nucleic acid sequence according to one of claims 1 to 7, and 13, of a polypeptide according to one of claims 14 to 18, and 28, of a vector according to either of claims 19 and 20, of a cell according to claim 21, of a mammal according to either of claims 22 and 23 or of an antibody according to claim 29, for studying the expression or the activity of the SPG4 gene.
- 36. Kit or pack for diagnosis, characterized in that it comprises at least one compound chosen from the following group of compounds:
- a) a nucleic acid according to either of claims 5 and 6; and
 - b) an antibody according to claim 29.

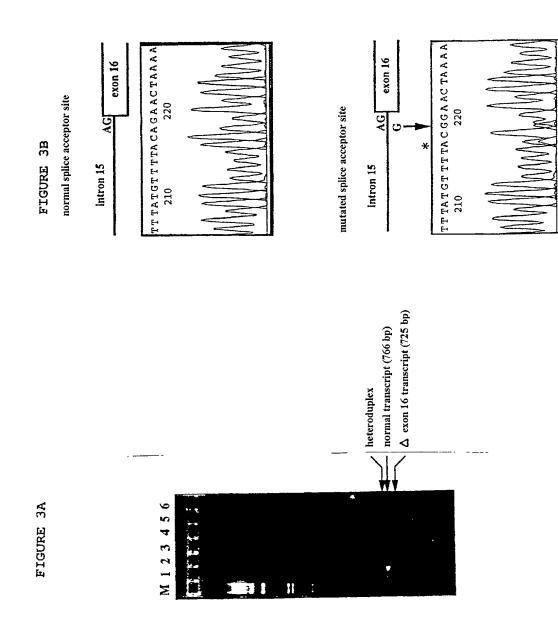




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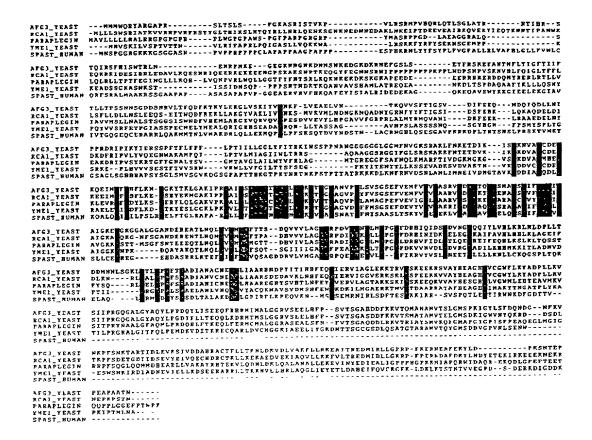
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P13R F 1 K P V Y V S L P N E E T14R L L L L K N L L C K Q G S P L
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FIGURE 4B

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HUMBD:
House:
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mouse:
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Huwan:
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                                            300
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mouse:
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Mouse:
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Mouse:
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Mouse.
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       Mouse
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Вывап
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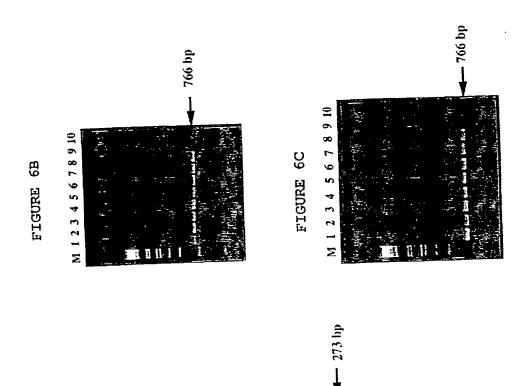


FIGURE 6A

				Attorney's Do
COMBINED DEC	LARATION AND	POWER OF	ATTORNEY	:

Attorney's Docket No.

As a below-named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name;

FOR UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION

I BELIEVE I AM THE ORIGINAL, FIRST AND SOLE INVENTOR (if only one name is listed below) OR AN ORIGINAL, FIRST AND JOINT INVENTOR (if more than one name is listed below) OF THE SUBJECT MATTER WHICH IS CLAIMED AND FOR WHICH A PATENT IS SOUGHT ON THE INVENTION ENTITLED:

CLONI	NG, E	XPRE	SSION	AND	CHARA	CTERIZATI	ON OF	THE	SPG4	GENE	RESPONSIBLE	E FOR	THE	
MOST	COMMO	N FO	RM OF	AUTO	SOMAL	DOMINANT	SPAST	CIC	PARAPI	LEGIA				
he spec	ificatio	n of w	hich									······································	·	<u>_</u>
						(check one)			attached		; PTEMBER 4,	2000		_ as
							Inte	ernati	onal Ap	plicatio	on No. PCT/FR	00/02	433	
							and	was	amende	d on _	(if appli			;

I HAVE REVIEWED AND UNDERSTAND, THE CONTENTS OF THE ABOVE-IDENTIFIED SPECIFICATION, INCLUDING THE CLAIMS, AS AMENDED BY ANY AMENDMENT REFERRED TO ABOVE;

I ACKNOWLEDGE THE DUTY TO DISCLOSE TO THE OFFICE ALL INFORMATION KNOWN TO ME TO BE MATERIAL TO PATENTABILITY AS DEFINED IN TITLE 37, CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS, Sec. 1.56 (as amended effective March 16, 1992);

I do not know and do not believe the said invention was ever known or used in the United States of America before my or our invention thereof, or patented or described in any printed publication in any country before my or our invention thereof or more than one year prior to said application; that said invention was not in public use or on sale in the United States of America more than one year prior to said application; that said invention has not been patented or made the subject of an inventor's certificate issued before the date of said application in any country foreign to the United States of America on any application filed by me or my legal representatives or assigns more than twelve months prior to said application;

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code Sec. 119 and/or Sec. 365 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate as indicated below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate on this invention having a filing date before that of the application(s) on which priority is claimed:

COMBINED DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY

Attorney's Docket No.

COUNTRY/INTERNATIONAL	APPLICATION NUMBER	DATE OF FILING (day, month, year)	PRIORITY CLAIMED
FRANCE	99/11097	03 SEPTEMBER 1999	YES <u>X</u> NO_
			YES_ NO_

I hereby appoint the following attorneys and agent(s) to prosecute said application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith and to file, prosecute and to transact all business in connection with international applications directed to said invention:

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Peter H. Smolka	15,913
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I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.



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Citizenship French
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Full name of third joint inventor, if any
Second inventor's signature
Date
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SEQUENCE LISTING

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Ser Ser Phe Ser Ser Pro Leu Val Val Gly Phe Ala Leu Leu Arg Leu 50 55 60

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Ala Lys Met Met Thr Asn Leu Val Met Ala Lys Asp Arg Leu Gln Leu 180 185 190

Leu Glu Lys Leu Gln Pro Val Leu Gln Phe Ser Lys Ser Gln Thr Asp

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Gln Lys Glu Leu Ala Gln Leu Ala Arg Met Thr Asp Gly Tyr Ser Gly 530 540

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Glu Leu Lys Pro Glu Gln Val Lys Asn Met Ser Ala Ser Glu Met Arg 565 570 575

Asn Ile Arg Leu Ser Asp Phe Thr Glu Ser Leu Lys Lys Ile Lys Arg 580 585 590

Ser Val Ser Pro Gln Thr Leu Glu Ala Tyr Ile Arg Trp Asn Lys Asp $595 \hspace{1.5cm} 600 \hspace{1.5cm} 605 \hspace{1.5cm}$

Phe Gly Asp Thr Thr Val 610